

Converting Colors

HunterLab(11.5624, 19.4837,
-13.5278)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(11.5624, 19.4837,
-13.5278) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(11.5998, 19.7013,
-13.6562)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3A063B
RGB	58, 6, 59
RGB Percent	23%, 2%, 23%
CMY	0.7725, 0.9765, 0.7686
CMYK	0.02, 0.90, 0.00, 0.77
HSL	299°, 82%, 13%
HSV	299°, 90%, 23%
XYZ	2.5995, 1.3456, 4.2604
YIQ	27.5900, 13.9790, 27.5070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

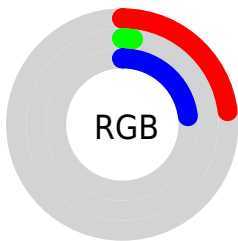
Format	Color
RYB	58, 6, 59
Decimal	3802683
CIELab	11.59, 31.72, -20.33
CIELCh	12, 37.674, 327.345
Yxy	1.3456, 0.3168, 0.1640
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281992763 (0xFF3A063B)
YUV	27.5900, 15.4851, 26.6696
Hunter-Lab	11.5998, 19.7013, -13.6562

Details

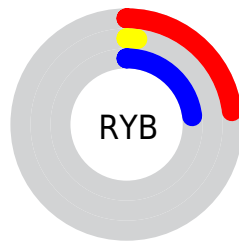
The HunterLab color **11.5998, 19.7013, -13.6562** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **17.8501, -14.3929, 10.1747**, and the grayscale version is **10.6013, -0.5657, 0.5760**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.3053, 22.3887, -14.7506**, and **2.3112, 2.9158, -9.1831** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.0191, 21.6844, -15.0940**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.1624, 17.9184, -12.3626**.

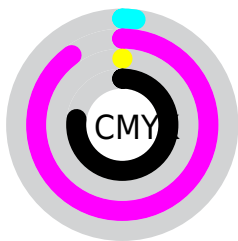
Distribution



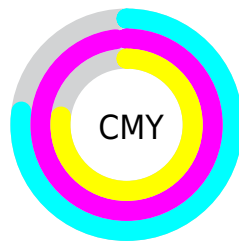
- Red (23%)
- Green (2%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (23%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Blue (23%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (77%)



- Cyan (77%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 11.5998, 19.7013, -13.6562 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 11.5998, 19.7013, -13.6562 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.5998, 19.7013,
-13.6562

■ 11.5998, 19.7013,
-13.6562

■ 102.0642, 29.1344,
-16.3172

■ 4.1966, 32.8808,
-22.0586

■ 26.2783, 22.6404,
-14.5597

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 34.9819, 23.9130,
-14.9992

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 44.4780, 25.0519,
-15.3785

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.7052, 26.0689,
-15.6918

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.6147, 26.9759,
-15.9395

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.1661, 27.7834,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-16.1241

■ 89.3256, 28.5003,
-16.2490

■ 11.5998, 19.7013,
-13.6562

■ 11.5998, 19.7013,
-13.6562

■ 11.0191, 21.6844,
-15.0940

■ 12.1624, 17.9184,
-12.3626

■ 11.0088, 21.7211,
-15.1206

■ 12.8383, 15.9132,
-10.9191

■ 13.6617, 13.6478,
-9.2999

■ 14.6194, 11.2242,
-7.5758

■ 15.6969, 8.7244,
-5.8037

■ 16.8799, 6.2066,
-4.0235

■ 18.1552, 3.7081,
-2.2605

■ 19.5113, 1.2501,
-0.5287

■ 20.9382, -1.1571,
1.1652

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.6001, 9.2825, -28.8969



11.5998, 19.7013, -13.6562



11.6001, 24.5996, -0.2234

Triad

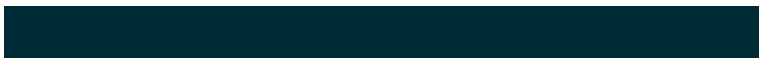
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.6001, 19.7008, -13.6557



11.6001, 0.2596, 8.1200



11.6001, -14.1033, -10.8749

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.5998, 19.7013, -13.6562



17.8501, -14.3929, 10.1747

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.6001, -15.6695, 1.4258



11.5998, 19.7013, -13.6562



11.6001, -8.0334, 8.1200

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.6001, 19.7008, -13.6557



11.6001, 11.2958, 8.1200



11.6001, -13.4477, 8.1200



11.6001, -9.1689, -26.5564

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.5998, 19.7013, -13.6562



11.6001, 23.1758, 4.9923



11.6001, -13.4477, 8.1200



11.6001, -15.0412, -6.0237

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.6001, 19.7008, -13.6557



22.0979, 7.5163, -4.8427



7.2329, 10.7597, -29.2726



11.3720, 4.0133, -2.5934



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.6001, 19.7008, -13.6557



14.2370, 28.0954, -19.5910



10.8497, 16.5727, -1.4056



10.9084, 0.5120, -0.1658



17.6614, 34.8570, -24.3340



44.8550, 88.5550, -62.0180

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.3704, 14.6785, 5.4976



12.4909, 21.4163, 7.8751



18.0671, -13.0143, 6.7109



10.8440, 0.1561, 0.8151



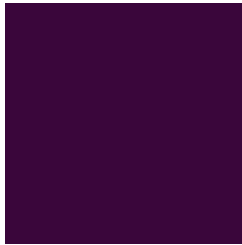
15.4988, 26.5673, 9.8199



39.3892, 67.4785, 25.2719

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.5998, 19.7013, -13.6562 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 11.5998, 19.7013, -13.6562 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.5998, 19.7013, -13.6562.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.5998, 19.7013, -13.6562.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.5998, 19.7013, -13.6562

Deuteranopia

12.5630, 0.3833, -9.9091

Tritanopia

12.2789, 7.9265, 3.2641

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.5998, 19.7013, -13.6562

Deuteranomaly

11.3523, 7.2541, -13.0943

Tritanomaly

11.6047, 12.1460, -1.5789

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.5998, 19.7013, -13.6562

Achromatopsia

10.7760, -0.5750, 0.5855

Achromatomaly

10.3833, 6.8089, -4.4430

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 11.5998, 19.7013, -13.6562 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(58, 6, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(58, 6, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(58, 6, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(58, 6, 59) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 11.5998, 19.7013, -13.6562 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(58, 6, 59) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(58, 6, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(58, 6, 59)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(58, 6, 59); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 6, 59); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 6, 59) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 11.5998, 19.7013, -13.6562 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(58, 6, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(58, 6,  
59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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