

Converting Colors

HunterLab(11.5891, -6.0701,
-1.3817)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(11.5891, -6.0701,
-1.3817) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(11.5301, -5.9433,
-1.5819)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	002324
RGB	0, 35, 36
RGB Percent	0%, 14%, 14%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8627, 0.8588
CMYK	1.00, 0.03, 0.00, 0.86
HSL	182°, 100%, 7%
HSV	182°, 100%, 14%
XYZ	0.9195, 1.3294, 1.8772
YIQ	24.6490, -21.1810, -7.1090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

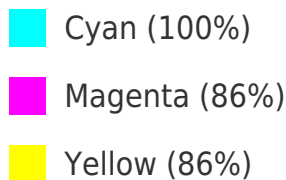
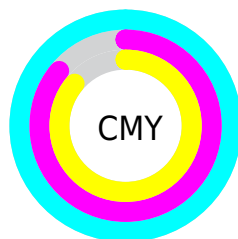
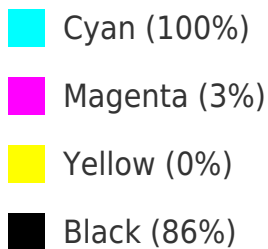
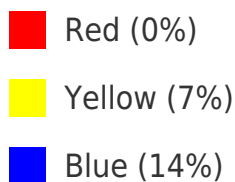
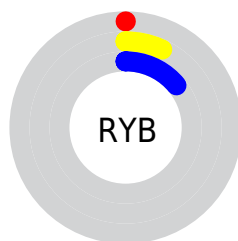
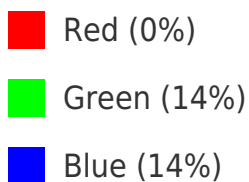
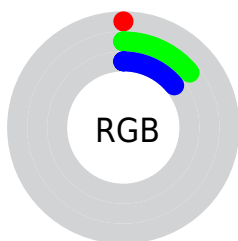
Format	Color
RYB	0, 18, 36
Decimal	8996
CIELab	11.48, -11.91, -4.29
CIELCh	11, 12.658, 199.800
Yxy	1.3295, 0.2228, 0.3222
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278199076 (0xFF002324)
YUV	24.6490, 5.5960, -21.6172
Hunter-Lab	11.5301, -5.9433, -1.5819

Details

The HunterLab color **11.5301, -5.9433, -1.5819** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **6.2992, 9.9014, 4.0546**, and the grayscale version is **9.7417, -0.5198, 0.5293**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.2628, -8.9632, -1.1075**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.5303, -5.9434, -1.5818**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.6559, -5.5813, -1.4055**.


Distribution





Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 11.5301, -5.9433, -1.5819 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 11.5301, -5.9433, -1.5819 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 11.5301, -5.9433,
-1.5819

 11.5301, -5.9433,
-1.5819


 101.9200,
-17.3598, 1.2801

 4.0480, -7.0839,
-4.1705


 26.1867, -8.7125,
-1.3726

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


 34.8811, -9.9937,
-1.1525

0.0000, NaN, NaN


 44.3687, -11.2432,
-0.8699

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

 54.5882, -12.4749,
-0.5322

0.0000, NaN, NaN


 65.4903, -13.6973,
-0.1445


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 77.0348, -14.9164,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.2890


 89.1878, -16.1362,
0.7648


 11.5301, -5.9433,
-1.5819


 11.5301, -5.9433,
-1.5819


 11.5303, -5.9434,
-1.5818

 11.6559, -5.5813,
-1.4055

 11.7802, -5.2277,
-1.2331

 11.9038, -4.8805,
-1.0637

 12.0405, -4.4861,
-0.8782

 12.1972, -4.0210,
-0.6679

■ 12.3740, -3.4864,
-0.4337

■ 12.5710, -2.8847,
-0.1764

■ 12.7883, -2.2186,
0.1029

■ 13.0255, -1.4919,
0.4027

Harmonies

Analogous

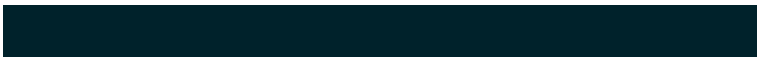
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.5303, -6.1620, 1.6349



11.5301, -5.9433, -1.5819



11.5303, -4.3911, -4.9224

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.5303, -5.9433, -1.5817



11.5303, 4.5761, -3.9254



11.5303, 0.5159, 5.4343

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.5301, -5.9433, -1.5819



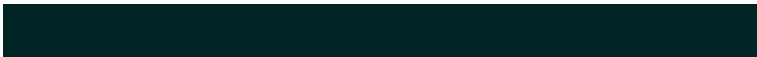
6.2992, 9.9014, 4.0546

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.5303, 3.7179, 4.4313



11.5301, -5.9433, -1.5819



11.5303, 6.2287, -0.4796

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.5303, -5.9433, -1.5817



11.5303, 1.5865, -6.5150



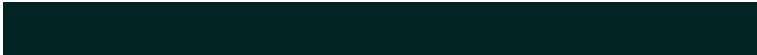
11.5303, 5.8983, 2.4712



11.5303, -2.6643, 5.2371

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.5301, -5.9433, -1.5819



11.5303, -2.7025, -6.4927



11.5303, 5.8983, 2.4712



11.5303, 1.6306, 5.2263

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.5303, -5.9433, -1.5817



15.5632, -3.7334, -0.2830



11.2387, -9.5953, 6.6663



8.7314, -2.0532, -0.1423



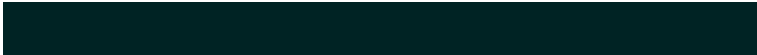
55.4075, -2.9564, 3.0104



9.2414, -0.4931, 0.5021

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.5303, -5.9433, -1.5817



14.2996, -7.3569, -1.9918



7.3540, -0.1224, -8.9273



7.6163, -0.7704, 0.2747



24.9868, -12.8090, -3.5803



68.8905, -35.1922, -10.1372

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.0459, 13.7879, -8.7979



8.7471, 17.1127, -10.8832



9.0962, 2.7973, 5.6539



7.3667, 0.2040, 0.0057



15.3145, 29.9445, -18.9244



42.3033, 82.6711, -51.9300

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.5301, -5.9433, -1.5819 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.5301, -5.9433, -1.5819 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

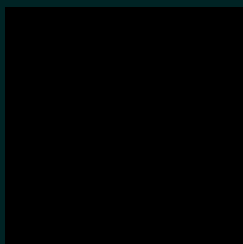
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

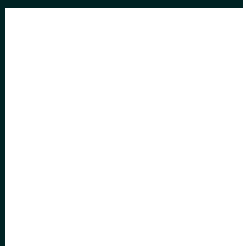
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 11.5301, -5.9433, -1.5819 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.5301, -5.9433, -1.5819.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.5301, -5.9433, -1.5819.

-1.5819.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.5301, -5.9433, -1.5819

Protanopia

11.7761, -0.2393, -0.3673

Deuteranopia

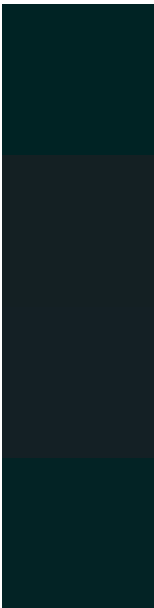
11.9190, 0.4016, -1.3551



Tritanopia

11.7229, -5.0834, -2.1396

Trichromacy



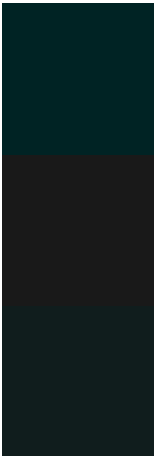
Original Color
11.5301, -5.9433, -1.5819

Protanomaly
11.4153, -2.6453, -1.2711

Deuteranomaly
11.4687, -2.3439, -2.0224

Tritanomaly
11.6404, -5.4577, -1.8377

Monochromacy



Original Color
11.5301, -5.9433, -1.5819

Achromatopsia
9.8596, -0.5261, 0.5357

Achromatomaly
10.3807, -3.1235, -0.2972

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 11.5301, -5.9433, -1.5819 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 35, 36)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 35, 36)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 35, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 35, 36) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 11.5301, -5.9433, -1.5819 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 35, 36) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 35, 36) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 35, 36)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 35, 36); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 35, 36); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 35, 36) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 11.5301, -5.9433, -1.5819 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 35, 36) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 35,  
36) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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