

Converting Colors

HunterLab(11.6481, -2.2505,
-21.8118)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(11.6481, -2.2505,
-21.8118) contains.

HunterLab(12.7739, 1.0546, -18.2429)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(12.7739, 1.0546,
-18.2429)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	002345
RGB	0, 35, 69
RGB Percent	0%, 14%, 27%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8627, 0.7294
CMYK	1.00, 0.49, 0.00, 0.73
HSL	210°, 100%, 14%
HSV	210°, 100%, 27%
XYZ	1.6752, 1.6317, 5.8569
YIQ	28.4110, -31.7740, 3.1540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

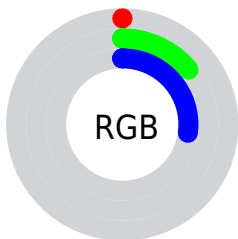
Format	Color
RYB	0, 23, 69
Decimal	9029
CIELab	13.42, 3.30, -24.77
CIELCh	13, 24.988, 277.593
Yxy	1.6318, 0.1828, 0.1781
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278199109 (0xFF002345)
YUV	28.4110, 20.0104, -24.9164
Hunter-Lab	12.7739, 1.0546, -18.2429

Details

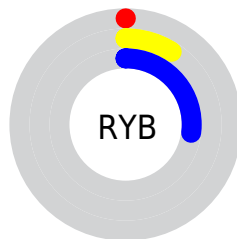
The HunterLab color **12.7739, 1.0546, -18.2429** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **15.5226, 7.6372, 9.6982**, and the grayscale version is **10.8503, -0.5789, 0.5895**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.8744, 0.8700, -19.2652**, and **3.0314, 5.6662, -16.0208** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.7735, 1.0555, -18.2442**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.7339, 0.2259, -15.8394**.

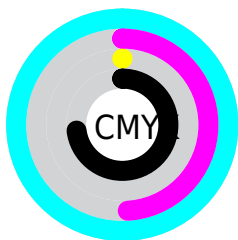
Distribution



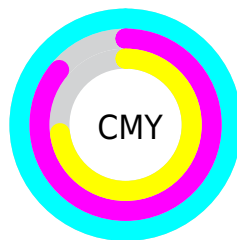
- Red (0%)
- Green (14%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (73%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (86%)
- Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 12.7739, 1.0546, -18.2429 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 12.7739, 1.0546, -18.2429 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.7739, 1.0546,
-18.2429

■ 12.7739, 1.0546,
-18.2429

■ 104.4580, -2.1469,
-21.6957

■ 6.1553, 2.0087,
-21.6108

■ 27.8098, 0.7427,
-19.1341

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 36.6639, 0.4785,
-19.6560

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 46.2980, 0.1562,
-20.1398

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.6536, -0.2178,
-20.5693

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.6834, -0.6386,
-20.9394

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 79.3486, -1.1023,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-21.2495

■ 91.6162, -1.6060,
-21.5009

■ 12.7739, 1.0546,
-18.2429

■ 12.7739, 1.0546,
-18.2429

■ 12.7735, 1.0555,
-18.2442

■ 13.7339, 0.2259,
-15.8394

■ 14.7081, -0.5789,
-13.6431

■ 15.7417, -1.2037,
-11.5270

■ 16.8357, -1.6413,
-9.4826

■ 17.9847, -1.9095,
-7.5126

■ 19.1836, -2.0264,
-5.6158

■ 20.4281, -2.0091,
-3.7886

■ 21.7139, -1.8735,
-2.0263

■ 23.0375, -1.6335,
-0.3231

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.7741, -5.2080, -16.4808



12.7739, 1.0546, -18.2429



12.7741, 8.1100, -13.2202

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.7741, 1.0549, -18.2426



12.7741, 11.1358, 6.3790



12.7741, -10.4994, 4.5232

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.7739, 1.0546, -18.2429



15.5226, 7.6372, 9.6982

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.7741, -7.5957, 7.8573



12.7739, 1.0546, -18.2429



12.7741, 4.5769, 8.9288

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.7741, 1.0549, -18.2426



12.7741, 14.6578, 2.2031



12.7741, -2.3314, 8.9419



12.7741, -11.0684, -1.0220

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.7739, 1.0546, -18.2429



12.7741, 12.0324, -7.7117



12.7741, -2.3314, 8.9419



12.7741, -9.7985, 5.7780

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.7741, 1.0549, -18.2426



26.3469, -2.6218, -5.2037



20.8999, -16.0118, 8.4426



13.5423, -1.3715, -2.9505



64.8100, -3.4581, 3.5212



16.4960, -0.8802, 0.8963

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.7741, 1.0549, -18.2426



16.1952, 2.1047, -24.7860



6.7436, 16.9650, -45.0492



12.5514, -0.8614, -0.0522



17.9687, 2.6615, -28.2046



42.2262, 10.6567, -75.7837

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.7756, 21.1946, -0.3791



15.2571, 27.3836, 0.1272



23.1978, -5.8749, 14.1912



12.3486, 0.4342, 0.3720



17.0652, 30.5965, 0.3921



41.9084, 74.7292, 4.1371

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.7739, 1.0546, -18.2429 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

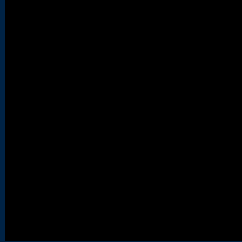
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 12.7739, 1.0546, -18.2429 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.7739, 1.0546, -18.2429.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.7739, 1.0546, -18.2429.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.7739, 1.0546, -18.2429

Protanopia

12.9289, 2.6274, -17.0665

Deuteranopia

12.7304, -0.8522, -14.0723



Tritanopia

12.7209, -6.2167, -2.4798

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.7739, 1.0546, -18.2429

Protanomaly

12.7512, 2.0512, -17.5356

Deuteranomaly

12.8195, -0.3644, -15.2366

Tritanomaly

12.7834, -4.0378, -7.2617

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.7739, 1.0546, -18.2429

Achromatopsia

10.7760, -0.5750, 0.5855

Achromatomaly

11.3269, -1.2977, -5.0064

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 12.7739, 1.0546, -18.2429 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 35, 69)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 35, 69)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 35, 69) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 35, 69) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 12.7739, 1.0546, -18.2429 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 35, 69) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 35, 69) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 35, 69) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 35, 69); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 35, 69); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 35, 69) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 12.7739, 1.0546, -18.2429 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 35, 69) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 35,  
69) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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