

Converting Colors

HunterLab(11.6650, 5.2896,
-8.3120)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(11.6650, 5.2896, -8.3120)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(11.5937, 5.4638,
-8.1923)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	241A32
RGB	36, 26, 50
RGB Percent	14%, 10%, 20%
CMY	0.8588, 0.8980, 0.8039
CMYK	0.28, 0.48, 0.00, 0.80
HSL	265°, 32%, 15%
HSV	265°, 48%, 20%
XYZ	1.6727, 1.3441, 3.1889
YIQ	31.7260, -1.7440, 9.5840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

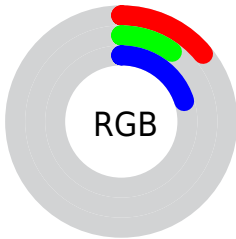
Format	Color
RYB	36, 26, 50
Decimal	2366002
CIELab	11.58, 11.17, -14.10
CIELCh	12, 17.986, 308.401
Yxy	1.3442, 0.2695, 0.2166
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280556082 (0xFF241A32)
YUV	31.7260, 9.0091, 3.7483
Hunter-Lab	11.5937, 5.4638, -8.1923

Details

The HunterLab color **11.5937, 5.4638, -8.1923** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000033**. A complement of this color would be **16.7539, -5.8569, 6.7625**, and the grayscale version is **11.9057, -0.6353, 0.6469**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.1727, 6.2540, -8.8320**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.4469, 6.8999, -10.5681**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.8063, 4.0621, -6.0084**.

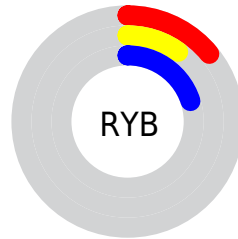
Distribution



Red (14%)

Green (10%)

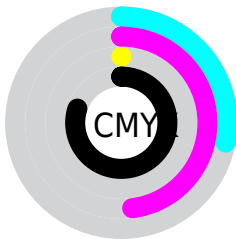
Blue (20%)



Red (14%)

Yellow (10%)

Blue (20%)

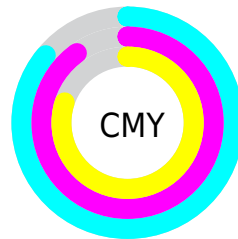


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (80%)



Cyan (86%)

Magenta (90%)

Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 11.5937, 5.4638, -8.1923 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 11.5937, 5.4638, -8.1923 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.5937, 5.4638,
-8.1923

■ 11.5937, 5.4638,
-8.1923

■ 102.0515, 6.2534,
-9.1643

■ 4.1838, 11.4124,
-13.9621

■ 26.2703, 6.2844,
-8.8995

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 34.9730, 6.5107,
-9.1426

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 44.4684, 6.6425,
-9.3085

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.6949, 6.6934,
-9.4025

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.6038, 6.6731,
-9.4303

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.1546, 6.5893,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-9.3969

■ 89.3135, 6.4477,
-9.3069

■ 11.5937, 5.4638,
-8.1923

■ 11.5937, 5.4638,
-8.1923

■ 10.4469, 6.8999,
-10.5681

■ 12.8063, 4.0621,
-6.0084

■ 9.3778, 8.3588,
-13.1536

■ 14.0742, 2.6975,
-3.9925

■ 8.4029, 9.8099,
-15.9423

■ 15.3898, 1.3675,
-2.1184

■ 7.4757, 11.4044,
-19.1266

■ 16.7471, 0.0679,
-0.3626

■ 6.4501, 13.7506,
-23.5229

■ 18.1413, -1.2061,
1.2952

■ 6.2282, 14.3634,
-24.6373

■ 19.5684, -2.4589,
2.8719

■ 21.0254, -3.6947,
4.3817

■ 22.5097, -4.9168,
5.8360

■ 24.0190, -6.1284,
7.2442

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.5939, 0.7141, -11.3058



11.5937, 5.4638, -8.1923



11.5939, 8.9038, -2.9505

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.5939, 5.4636, -8.1920



11.5939, 2.8535, 6.9557



11.5939, -8.2151, -0.6795

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.5937, 5.4638, -8.1923



16.7539, -5.8569, 6.7625

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.5939, -7.8130, 3.3439



11.5937, 5.4638, -8.1923



11.5939, -1.8949, 7.3382

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



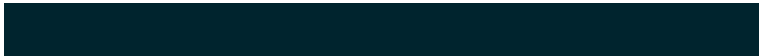
11.5939, 5.4636, -8.1920



11.5939, 7.2394, 4.9711



11.5939, -5.6599, 6.0162



11.5939, -6.8189, -5.9805

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.5937, 5.4638, -8.1923



11.5939, 9.7224, 0.3916



11.5939, -5.6599, 6.0162



11.5939, -8.2850, 0.8656

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.5939, 5.4636, -8.1920



19.9976, 1.1808, -1.9276



14.1231, -2.2928, -4.0057



10.9191, 0.7026, -1.1321



59.5560, -3.1778, 3.2358



12.3795, -0.6605, 0.6726

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.5939, 5.4636, -8.1920



12.7945, 9.2427, -14.2592



12.6009, 8.3380, -6.2881



9.3676, 0.0570, -0.2284



10.5937, 24.9900, -46.2389



26.8069, 64.5469, -127.1661

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.5305, 7.5281, -1.6458



14.3926, 12.3365, -2.5885



16.1504, -8.1812, 6.2207



9.4429, 0.2649, 0.2464



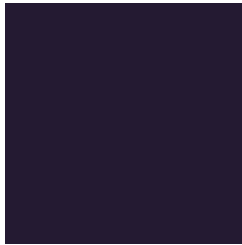
15.4426, 28.0550, -2.4950



40.2879, 72.7611, -3.1679

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.5937, 5.4638, -8.1923 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

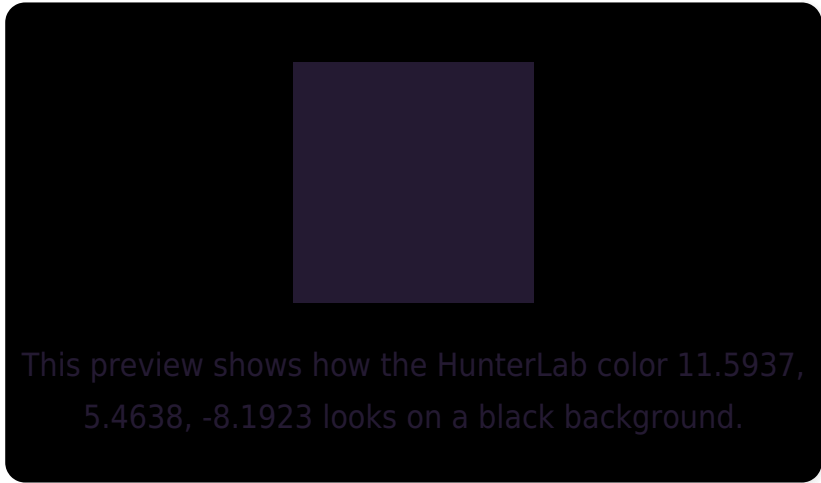
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 11.5937, 5.4638, -8.1923 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.5937, 5.4638, -8.1923.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.5937, 5.4638, -8.1923.

-8.1923.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.5937, 5.4638, -8.1923

Protanopia

11.5914, 1.5608, -10.6815

Deuteranopia

11.6668, 0.2931, -7.5725



Tritanopia

11.6454, 0.3466, 0.2247

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.5937, 5.4638, -8.1923

Protanomaly

11.6421, 2.7470, -9.9312

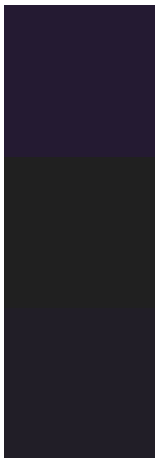
Deuteranomaly

11.4895, 1.9503, -7.8806

Tritanomaly

11.6846, 1.9361, -2.5058

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.5937, 5.4638, -8.1923

Achromatopsia

12.0183, -0.6413, 0.6530

Achromatomaly

11.8252, 1.3093, -2.3143

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 11.5937, 5.4638, -8.1923 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(36, 26, 50)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(36, 26, 50)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(36, 26, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(36, 26, 50) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 11.5937, 5.4638, -8.1923 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(36, 26, 50) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(36, 26, 50) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(36, 26, 50)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(36, 26, 50); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 26, 50);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 26, 50)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 11.5937, 5.4638, -8.1923 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(36, 26, 50) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(36, 26,  
50) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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