

Converting Colors

HunterLab(11.7480, 2.7644,
8.2236)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(11.7480, 2.7644, 8.2236)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(11.7822, 3.0791,
7.3140)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2F1B00
RGB	47, 27, 0
RGB Percent	18%, 11%, 0%
CMY	0.8157, 0.8941, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 1.00, 0.82
HSL	34°, 100%, 9%
HSV	34°, 100%, 18%
XYZ	1.5642, 1.3882, 0.1855
YIQ	29.9020, 20.5870, -4.1570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

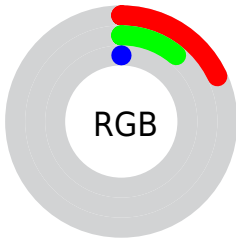
Format	Color
R_{YB}	35, 47, 0
Decimal	3087104
CIE _{Lab}	11.88, 7.01, 17.83
CIE _{LCh}	12, 19.157, 68.528
Yxy	1.3883, 0.4985, 0.4424
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281277184 (0xFF2F1B00)
YUV	29.9020, -14.7417, 14.9949
Hunter-Lab	11.7822, 3.0791, 7.3140

Details

The HunterLab color **11.7822, 3.0791, 7.3140** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **8.3995, 1.5206, -13.7808**, and the grayscale version is **11.4039, -0.6085, 0.6196**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.3917, 3.3187, 10.2789**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.7824, 3.0785, 7.3142**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.2206, 2.5310, 6.9197**.

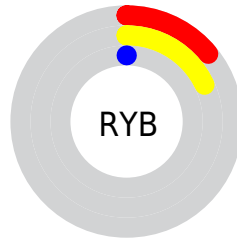
Distribution



Red (18%)

Green (11%)

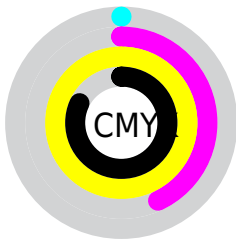
Blue (0%)



Red (14%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (0%)

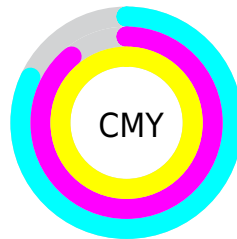


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (82%)



Cyan (82%)

Magenta (89%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 11.7822, 3.0791, 7.3140 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 11.7822, 3.0791, 7.3140 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.7822, 3.0791,
7.3140

■ 11.7822, 3.0791,
7.3140

■ 102.4400, 1.8243,
21.4971

■ 4.5613, 6.4555,
3.1929

■ 26.5177, 3.3274,
10.3117

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 35.2451, 3.3029,
12.0642

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 44.7631, 3.2017,
13.7330

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.0106, 3.0339,
15.3447

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.9392, 2.8070,
16.9167

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.5086, 2.5269,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


18.4607


 89.6852, 2.1981,
19.9854


 11.7822, 3.0791,
7.3140


 11.7822, 3.0791,
7.3140


 11.7824, 3.0785,
7.3142

 12.2206, 2.5310,
6.9197

 12.6688, 1.9768,
6.5777

 13.1305, 1.4388,
6.2239

 13.6117, 0.9537,
5.7593

 14.1117, 0.5216,
5.1874

■ 14.6295, 0.1413,
4.5135

■ 15.1641, -0.1889,
3.7435

■ 15.7146, -0.4709,
2.8833

■ 16.2802, -0.7071,
1.9389

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.7825, 7.8214, 5.2403



11.7822, 3.0791, 7.3140



11.7825, -2.0138, 7.7073

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.7825, 3.0784, 7.3141



11.7825, -8.6893, -0.7886



11.7825, 5.9368, -8.9222

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.7822, 3.0791, 7.3140



8.3995, 1.5206, -13.7808

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.7825, 0.8222, -12.3633



11.7822, 3.0791, 7.3140



11.7825, -7.2145, -6.5464

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.7825, 3.0784, 7.3141



11.7825, -8.2759, 3.5092



11.7825, -3.9286, -11.3491



11.7825, 9.6528, -3.1969

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.7822, 3.0791, 7.3140



11.7825, -4.8565, 6.9636



11.7825, -3.9286, -11.3491



11.7825, 4.2931, -10.4734

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.7825, 3.0784, 7.3141



19.3737, -0.1754, 4.9875



8.1005, 14.5115, 0.2751



10.3397, -0.0859, 2.6852



58.5142, -3.1222, 3.1792



11.5809, -0.6179, 0.6292

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.7825, 3.0784, 7.3141



14.8658, 4.5142, 9.2393



16.0173, -5.1903, 9.7788



8.9847, -0.4099, 0.9573



20.6803, 7.2686, 12.8703



53.3914, 23.1772, 33.3053

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.3995, 1.5206, -13.7808



10.3907, 2.7399, -18.9022



4.7484, 12.4530, -30.4354



8.8158, -0.5239, -0.0110



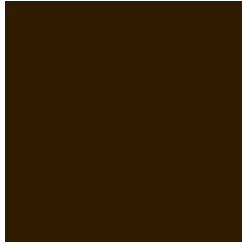
14.1407, 5.1233, -28.7343



35.1736, 19.2194, -85.4531

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.7822, 3.0791, 7.3140 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

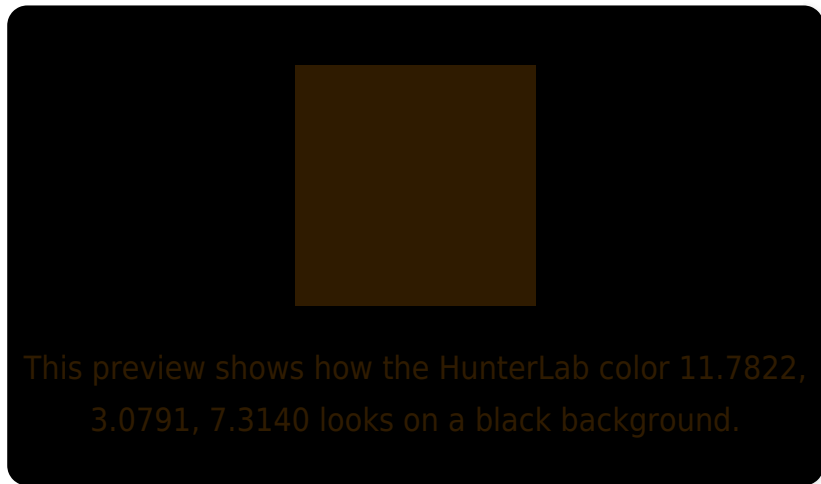
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

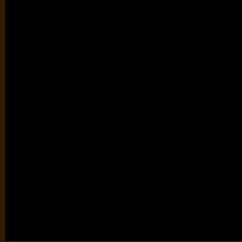
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 11.7822, 3.0791, 7.3140 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.7822, 3.0791, 7.3140.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.7822, 3.0791,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.7822, 3.0791, 7.3140

Protanopia

11.9032, -1.8459, 6.7302

Deuteranopia

11.7459, -0.2016, 7.2342



Tritanopia

11.8439, 5.8644, 2.2101

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.7822, 3.0791, 7.3140

Protanomaly

11.7739, -0.0496, 6.8203

Deuteranomaly

11.7997, 1.0681, 7.2896

Tritanomaly

11.8644, 4.6558, 4.7422

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.7822, 3.0791, 7.3140

Achromatopsia

11.3943, -0.6080, 0.6191

Achromatomaly

11.4053, 0.1433, 3.8277

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 11.7822, 3.0791, 7.3140 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(47, 27, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(47, 27, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(47, 27, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(47, 27, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 11.7822, 3.0791, 7.3140 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(47, 27, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(47, 27, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(47, 27, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(47, 27, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 27, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 27, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 11.7822, 3.0791, 7.3140 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(47, 27, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(47, 27,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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