

Converting Colors

HunterLab(11.8925, 23.1635,
-13.9996)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(11.8925, 23.1635,
-13.9996) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(11.9453, 23.2772,
-14.1448)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	40003D
RGB	64, 0, 61
RGB Percent	25%, 0%, 24%
CMY	0.7490, 1.0000, 0.7608
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.05, 0.75
HSL	303°, 100%, 13%
HSV	303°, 100%, 25%
XYZ	2.9566, 1.4269, 4.5344
YIQ	26.0900, 18.5630, 32.5390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	64, 0, 61
Decimal	4194365
CIELab	12.14, 35.97, -20.81
CIELCh	12, 41.562, 329.948
Yxy	1.4270, 0.3315, 0.1600
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282384445 (0xFF40003D)
YUV	26.0900, 17.2106, 33.2471
Hunter-Lab	11.9453, 23.2772, -14.1448

Details

The HunterLab color **11.9453, 23.2772, -14.1448** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **19.1662, -16.3122, 11.2578**, and the grayscale version is **10.1366, -0.5409, 0.5507**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.7161, 26.2589, -15.1862**, and **1.9342, 5.2465, -13.7432** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.9454, 23.2772, -14.1446**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.5266, 21.3161, -13.0054**.

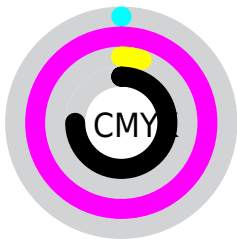
Distribution



- Red (25%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (75%)



- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 11.9453, 23.2772, -14.1448 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 11.9453, 23.2772, -14.1448 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.9453, 23.2772,
-14.1448

■ 11.9453, 23.2772,
-14.1448

■ 102.7748, 34.1394,
-16.8948

■ 4.8628, 33.0021,
-20.0408

■ 26.7312, 26.4892,
-15.0568

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 35.4798, 27.9301,
-15.5053

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 45.0172, 29.2402,
-15.8951

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.2828, 30.4274,
-16.2199

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.2283, 31.5017,
-16.4797

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.8137, 32.4728,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-16.6767

90.0054, 33.3495,
-16.8140

11.9453, 23.2772,
-14.1448

11.9453, 23.2772,
-14.1448

11.9454, 23.2772,
-14.1446

12.5266, 21.3161,
-13.0054

13.1006, 19.5082,
-11.9523

13.8178, 17.3820,
-10.6747

14.7014, 14.9478,
-9.1757

15.7368, 12.3221,
-7.5303

■ 16.9079, 9.6002,
-5.8014

■ 18.1982, 6.8508,
-4.0356

■ 19.5928, 4.1180,
-2.2638

■ 21.0783, 1.4273,
-0.5049

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.9456, 11.6449, -32.4298



11.9453, 23.2772, -14.1448



11.9456, 28.1552, 0.6321

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.9456, 23.2765, -14.1442



11.9456, -0.6190, 8.3619



11.9456, -14.9597, -14.0803

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.9453, 23.2772, -14.1448



19.1662, -16.3122, 11.2578

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.9456, -16.9840, 0.6683



11.9453, 23.2772, -14.1448



11.9456, -9.3915, 8.3619

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.9456, 23.2765, -14.1442



11.9456, 11.6901, 8.3619



11.9456, -14.9459, 8.3236



11.9456, -9.4155, -32.3749

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.9453, 23.2772, -14.1448



11.9456, 25.9358, 6.0214



11.9456, -14.9459, 8.3236



11.9456, -16.0744, -8.2812

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.9456, 23.2765, -14.1442



23.7359, 9.5151, -5.6324



6.1968, 16.5835, -42.3006



12.2932, 5.3387, -3.1782



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.9456, 23.2765, -14.1442



15.7289, 30.6376, -18.5298



10.8771, 19.4818, 0.3962



11.6439, 0.5724, -0.1395



18.2068, 35.4580, -21.4001



45.5633, 88.6704, -53.0513

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.9456, 23.2765, -14.1442



15.7289, 30.6376, -18.5298



19.4502, -14.5443, 7.0862



11.6439, 0.5724, -0.1395



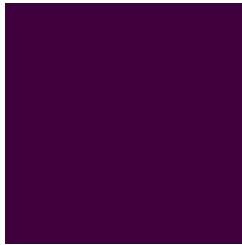
18.2068, 35.4580, -21.4001



45.5633, 88.6704, -53.0513

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.9453, 23.2772, -14.1448 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 11.9453, 23.2772, -14.1448 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.9453, 23.2772, -14.1448.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.9453, 23.2772, -14.1448.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.9453, 23.2772, -14.1448

Protanopia

13.0249, 2.3825, -21.4232

Deuteranopia

13.2809, 0.5517, -9.0875



Tritanopia

12.9773, 9.8276, 3.9668

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.9453, 23.2772, -14.1448

Protanomaly

10.8887, 9.0496, -23.7889

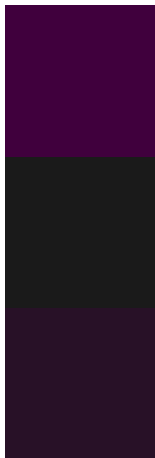
Deuteranomaly

11.6173, 8.9680, -13.1141

Tritanomaly

12.1396, 14.7092, -1.2181

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.9453, 23.2772, -14.1448

Achromatopsia

10.1636, -0.5423, 0.5522

Achromatomaly

9.9925, 8.2674, -5.0870

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 11.9453, 23.2772, -14.1448 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 0, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 0, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 0, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 0, 61) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 11.9453, 23.2772, -14.1448 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 0, 61) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 0, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 0, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 0, 61); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 0, 61); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 0, 61) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 11.9453, 23.2772, -14.1448 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 0, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 0,  
61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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