

Converting Colors

HunterLab(11.9062, 7.3869,
-32.7604)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(11.9062, 7.3869,
-32.7604) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(11.9988, 7.8365,
-31.9142)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	001C52
RGB	0, 28, 82
RGB Percent	0%, 11%, 32%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8902, 0.6784
CMYK	1.00, 0.66, 0.00, 0.68
HSL	220°, 100%, 16%
HSV	220°, 100%, 32%
XYZ	1.9383, 1.4397, 8.1584
YIQ	25.7840, -34.0220, 10.8580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

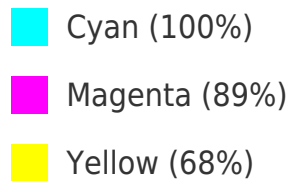
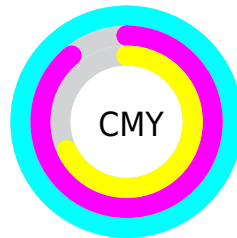
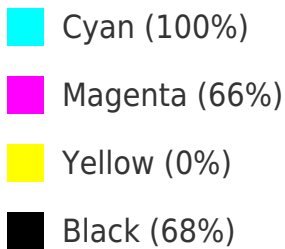
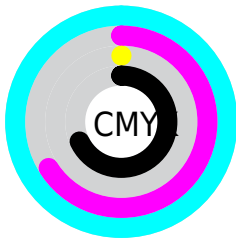
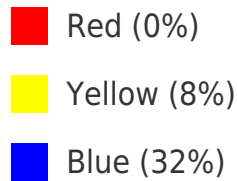
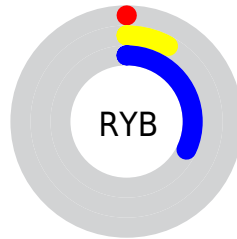
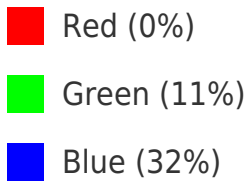
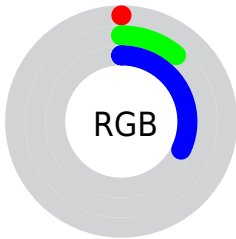
Format	Color
RYB	0, 21, 82
Decimal	7250
CIELab	12.22, 14.97, -35.66
CIELCh	12, 38.676, 292.769
Yxy	1.4397, 0.1680, 0.1248
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278197330 (0xFF001C52)
YUV	25.7840, 27.7145, -22.6126
Hunter-Lab	11.9988, 7.8365, -31.9142

Details

The HunterLab color **11.9988, 7.8365, -31.9142** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000033**. A complement of this color would be **21.0543, 3.8431, 13.0403**, and the grayscale version is **10.0241, -0.5349, 0.5446**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.8264, 8.9778, -31.5594**, and **4.1327, 7.4594, -21.2682** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.9979, 7.8387, -31.9178**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.3125, 5.9438, -27.2455**.

Distribution



Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 11.9988, 7.8365, -31.9142 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 11.9988, 7.8365, -31.9142 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

11.9988, 7.8365,
-31.9142

11.9988, 7.8365,
-31.9142

102.8840, 10.3432,
-35.7169

4.9572, 12.8927,
-45.6546

26.8010, 9.1169,
-31.7220

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

35.5564, 9.5521,
-32.2503

0.0000, NaN, NaN

45.1002, 9.8810,
-32.8686

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

55.3717, 10.1183,
-33.5028

0.0000, NaN, NaN

66.3226, 10.2754,
-34.1180

0.0000, NaN, NaN

77.9132, 10.3608,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-34.6969

90.1099, 10.3816,
-35.2312

11.9988, 7.8365,
-31.9142

11.9988, 7.8365,
-31.9142

11.9979, 7.8387,
-31.9178

13.3125, 5.9438,
-27.2455

14.7002, 4.1783,
-23.0651

16.2090, 2.7166,
-19.1641

17.8232, 1.5355,
-15.5456

19.5278, 0.5982,
-12.1936

■ 21.3105, -0.1314,
-9.0803

■ 23.1615, -0.6857,
-6.1746

■ 25.0724, -1.0923,
-3.4467

■ 27.0369, -1.3741,
-0.8696

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.9989, -2.9885, -35.9217



11.9988, 7.8365, -31.9142



11.9989, 19.0646, -16.7598

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.9989, 7.8372, -31.9139



11.9989, 13.5129, 8.3992



11.9989, -15.8038, 2.7533

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.9988, 7.8365, -31.9142



21.0543, 3.8431, 13.0403

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.9989, -13.0532, 8.3992



11.9988, 7.8365, -31.9142



11.9989, 1.9024, 8.3992

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



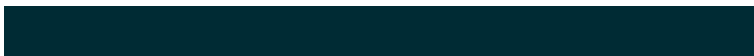
11.9989, 7.8372, -31.9139



11.9989, 23.0268, 6.2919



11.9989, -7.2693, 8.3992



11.9989, -14.8210, -8.9209

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.9988, 7.8365, -31.9142



11.9989, 24.1087, -6.2083



11.9989, -7.2693, 8.3992



11.9989, -15.2852, 5.0787

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.9989, 7.8372, -31.9139



30.3384, -0.8376, -8.5582



25.0889, -17.8160, 7.1016



14.7737, -0.3374, -4.6873



67.9972, -3.6282, 3.6944



19.0543, -1.0167, 1.0353

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.9989, 7.8372, -31.9139



15.3618, 11.5457, -44.1248



8.3050, 21.5533, -51.4946



13.9295, -0.7156, -0.2807



15.0134, 11.1591, -42.8546



33.8428, 32.4691, -112.3920

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.7034, 24.0767, 4.1122



18.0634, 31.6585, 6.0568



27.0660, -10.9502, 16.4858



13.8339, 0.4493, 0.6322



17.6113, 30.8726, 5.8556



42.1093, 73.4618, 16.7583

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.9988, 7.8365, -31.9142 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.9988, 7.8365, -31.9142 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

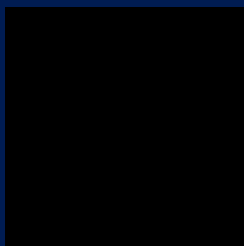
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 11.9988, 7.8365, -31.9142 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.9988, 7.8365, -31.9142.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.9988, 7.8365, -31.9142.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.9988, 7.8365, -31.9142

Protanopia

12.0432, 2.0448, -19.4670

Deuteranopia

12.0397, -1.2657, -12.3162



Tritanopia

12.1228, -6.0815, -2.0241

Trichromacy



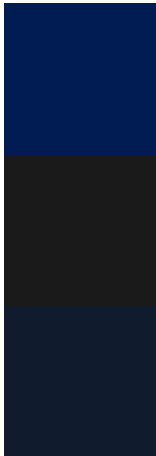
Original Color
11.9988, 7.8365, -31.9142

Protanomaly
12.0872, 3.8428, -23.4036

Deuteranomaly
11.9928, 1.7795, -18.8315

Tritanomaly
11.9159, -1.9539, -10.6760

Monochromacy



Original Color
11.9988, 7.8365, -31.9142

Achromatopsia
10.1636, -0.5423, 0.5522

Achromatomaly
10.4895, 0.6385, -8.1352

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 11.9988, 7.8365, -31.9142 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 28, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 28, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 28, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 28, 82) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 11.9988, 7.8365, -31.9142 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 28, 82) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 28, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 28, 82)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 28, 82); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 28, 82); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 28, 82) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 11.9988, 7.8365, -31.9142 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 28, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 28,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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