

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(11.9251, 12.5391,  
-37.1795)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(11.9251, 12.5391,  
-37.1795) contains.

<b>HunterLab(12.0123, 12.3230, -36.8875)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(12.0123, 12.3230,  
-36.8875)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0F1857
RGB	15, 24, 87
RGB Percent	6%, 9%, 34%
CMY	0.9412, 0.9059, 0.6588
CMYK	0.83, 0.72, 0.00, 0.66
HSL	233°, 71%, 20%
HSV	233°, 83%, 34%
XYZ	2.2439, 1.4430, 9.1771
YIQ	28.4910, -25.5870, 17.6850

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

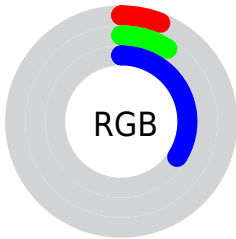
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	15, 23, 87
Decimal	989271
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	12.24, 21.71, -39.00
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	12, 44.634, 299.106
Yxy	1.4430, 0.1744, 0.1122
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279179351 (0xFF0F1857)
YUV	28.4910, 28.8449, -11.8316
Hunter-Lab	12.0123, 12.3230, -36.8875

# Details

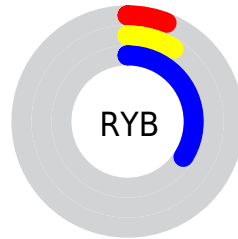
The HunterLab color **12.0123, 12.3230, -36.8875** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000033**. A complement of this color would be **27.4052, -4.0485, 15.8379**, and the grayscale version is **10.8473, -0.5788, 0.5894**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.8831, 14.4868, -36.2113**, and **4.6725, 7.6985, -22.4591** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.5401, 15.2611, -43.9595**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.7514, 9.6348, -30.2346**.

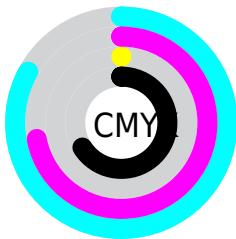
# Distribution



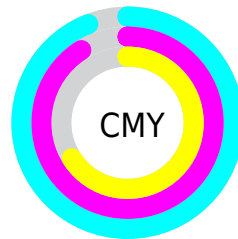
- Red (6%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (6%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (66%)



- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (66%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 12.0123, 12.3230, -36.8875 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 12.0123, 12.3230, -36.8875 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



12.0123, 12.3230,  
-36.8875

12.0123, 12.3230,  
-36.8875

102.9116, 17.7806,  
-40.2835

4.9808, 18.7281,  
-53.1579

26.8186, 14.3598,  
-36.0963

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

35.5758, 15.1533,  
-36.5593

0.0000, NaN, NaN

45.1211, 15.8232,  
-37.1698

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

55.3941, 16.3857,  
-37.8291

0.0000, NaN, NaN

66.3465, 16.8534,  
-38.4894

0.0000, NaN, NaN

77.9384, 17.2366,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-39.1261

90.1364, 17.5434,  
-39.7264

12.0123, 12.3230,  
-36.8875

12.0123, 12.3230,  
-36.8875

10.5401, 15.2611,  
-43.9595

13.7514, 9.6348,  
-30.2346

9.6149, 17.3053,  
-49.3749

15.7088, 7.2990,  
-24.2252

17.8379, 5.2992,  
-18.8861

20.1046, 3.5850,  
-14.1404

22.4840, 2.1024,  
-9.8862

■ 24.9578, 0.8047,  
-6.0276

■ 27.5127, -0.3462,  
-2.4844

■ 30.1382, -1.3801,  
0.8081

■ 32.8263, -2.3199,  
3.9008

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.0124, -0.9896, -46.1851



12.0123, 12.3230, -36.8875



12.0124, 25.2839, -16.2587

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.0124, 12.3238, -36.8872



12.0124, 13.1725, 8.4087



12.0124, -18.0712, 0.9820

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.0123, 12.3230, -36.8875



27.4052, -4.0485, 15.8379

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.0124, -15.7759, 8.4087



12.0123, 12.3230, -36.8875



12.0124, -0.2896, 8.4087

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.0124, 12.3238, -36.8872



12.0124, 25.8913, 8.4087



12.0124, -9.7578, 8.4087



12.0124, -16.0287, -15.0324



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.0123, 12.3230, -36.8875



12.0124, 30.2507, -4.1154



12.0124, -9.7578, 8.4087



12.0124, -17.7814, 4.0369

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.0124, 12.3238, -36.8872



31.6052, 1.5463, -9.3647



27.3122, -15.3860, 1.1569



15.2804, 0.9344, -5.1349



69.0652, -3.6851, 3.7524



19.9203, -1.0629, 1.0823



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.0124, 12.3238, -36.8872



12.3416, 23.5366, -65.9067



12.2870, 19.4926, -35.5981



14.4792, -0.3906, -0.5820



11.6674, 22.5406, -63.2419



26.2086, 58.9152, -159.9395



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.6013, 21.5097, 6.7060



18.7529, 31.9650, 10.6864



27.9830, -14.5590, 16.0301



14.5719, 0.3765, 0.9777



17.7822, 30.6214, 10.1806

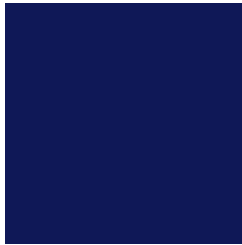


42.0528, 72.2313, 25.5102



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.0123, 12.3230, -36.8875 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.0123, 12.3230, -36.8875 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

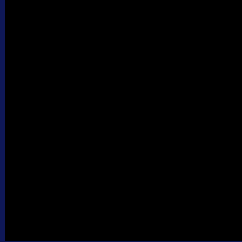
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 12.0123, 12.3230, -36.8875 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.0123, 12.3230, -36.8875.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.0123, 12.3230, -36.8875.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

12.0123, 12.3230, -36.8875

### Protanopia

11.9928, 1.7795, -18.8315

### Deuteranopia

11.9978, -1.4981, -11.7623



**Tritanopia**

12.1228, -6.0815, -2.0241

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

12.0123, 12.3230, -36.8875

## Protanomaly

11.8550, 5.4225, -25.0011

## Deuteranomaly

11.7395, 3.3315, -20.3280

## Tritanomaly

11.6224, -0.4825, -11.9328

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

12.0123, 12.3230, -36.8875

## Achromatopsia

10.7760, -0.5750, 0.5855

## Achromatomaly

10.8985, 2.2139, -9.0534

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 12.0123, 12.3230, -36.8875 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(15, 24, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(15, 24, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(15, 24, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(15, 24, 87) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 12.0123, 12.3230, -36.8875 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(15, 24, 87) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(15, 24, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(15, 24, 87)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(15, 24, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 24, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 24, 87)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 12.0123, 12.3230, -36.8875 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(15, 24, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(15, 24,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

# Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor