

Converting Colors

HunterLab(11.9365, -0.4267,
7.3477)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(11.9365, -0.4267, 7.3477)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(11.9628, -0.5666,
7.3615)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	281F00
RGB	40, 31, 0
RGB Percent	16%, 12%, 0%
CMY	0.8431, 0.8784, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 1.00, 0.84
HSL	47°, 100%, 8%
HSV	47°, 100%, 16%
XYZ	1.3651, 1.4311, 0.2043
YIQ	30.1570, 15.3150, -7.7330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

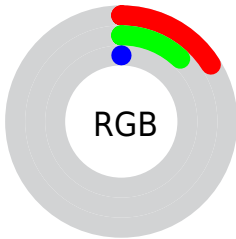
Format	Color
R_{YB}	12, 40, 0
Decimal	2629376
CIE Lab	12.16, 0.14, 18.05
CIE LCh	12, 18.050, 89.546
Yxy	1.4312, 0.4549, 0.4770
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280819456 (0xFF281F00)
YUV	30.1570, -14.8674, 8.6323
Hunter-Lab	11.9628, -0.5666, 7.3615

Details

The HunterLab color **11.9628, -0.5666, 7.3615** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **5.9038, 4.2014, -16.4486**, and the grayscale version is **11.4847, -0.6128, 0.6240**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.8623, -1.3783, 10.5925**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.9631, -0.5671, 7.3617**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.1967, -0.6964, 6.9449**.

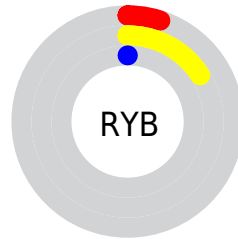
Distribution



Red (16%)

Green (12%)

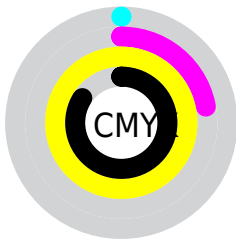
Blue (0%)



Red (5%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (0%)

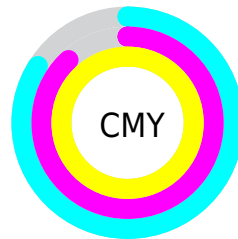


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (84%)



Cyan (84%)

Magenta (88%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 11.9628, -0.5666, 7.3615 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 11.9628, -0.5666, 7.3615 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.9628, -0.5666,
7.3615

■ 11.9628, -0.5666,
7.3615

■ 102.8107, -5.3442,
21.7199

■ 4.8940, -0.1340,
3.4258

■ 26.7541, -1.3351,
10.4479

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 35.5050, -1.7932,
12.2150

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 45.0444, -2.2942,
13.8975

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.3120, -2.8347,
15.5222

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.2592, -3.4120,
17.1063

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.8463, -4.0239,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

18.6619

■ 90.0397, -4.6685,
20.1977

■ 11.9628, -0.5666,
7.3615

■ 11.9628, -0.5666,
7.3615

■ 11.9631, -0.5671,
7.3617

■ 12.1967, -0.6964,
6.9449

■ 12.4312, -0.8300,
6.5498

■ 12.6676, -0.9622,
6.1608

■ 12.9121, -1.0588,
5.6868

■ 13.1657, -1.1140,
5.1126

■ 13.4283, -1.1277,
4.4391

■ 13.6998, -1.1002,
3.6679

■ 13.9802, -1.0320,
2.8010

■ 14.2692, -0.9240,
1.8412

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.9631, 4.3043, 6.4989



11.9628, -0.5666, 7.3615



11.9631, -4.7841, 6.5485

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.9631, -0.5671, 7.3616



11.9631, -7.5403, -4.4218



11.9631, 8.2085, -4.5880

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.9628, -0.5666, 7.3615



5.9038, 4.2014, -16.4486

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.9631, 4.1608, -9.5253



11.9628, -0.5666, 7.3615



11.9631, -4.8906, -9.4060

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.9631, -0.5671, 7.3616



11.9631, -8.4128, 0.7192



11.9631, -0.7106, -11.5587



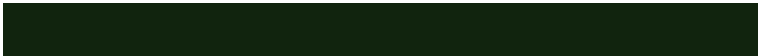
11.9631, 9.8270, 0.5827

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.9628, -0.5666, 7.3615



11.9631, -6.7780, 5.1656



11.9631, -0.7106, -11.5587



11.9631, 7.0589, -6.3929

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.9631, -0.5671, 7.3616



17.0508, -1.3840, 4.7618



6.8671, 12.0576, 2.1285



9.3897, -0.7604, 2.5974



56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665



10.0114, -0.5342, 0.5439

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.9631, -0.5671, 7.3616



14.7976, -0.4653, 9.1101



13.3554, -6.3316, 8.1186



8.3429, -0.5228, 0.9543



23.8696, -0.0998, 14.7066



63.6468, 1.7325, 39.2492

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.9038, 4.2014, -16.4486



6.9955, 6.1992, -22.1259



4.7128, 11.3208, -22.1526



8.0230, -0.3369, -0.0922



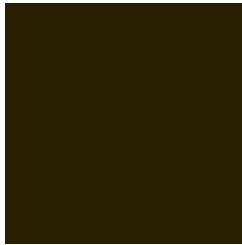
10.5159, 12.7927, -40.7598



26.1117, 42.3574, -124.0748

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.9628, -0.5666, 7.3615 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

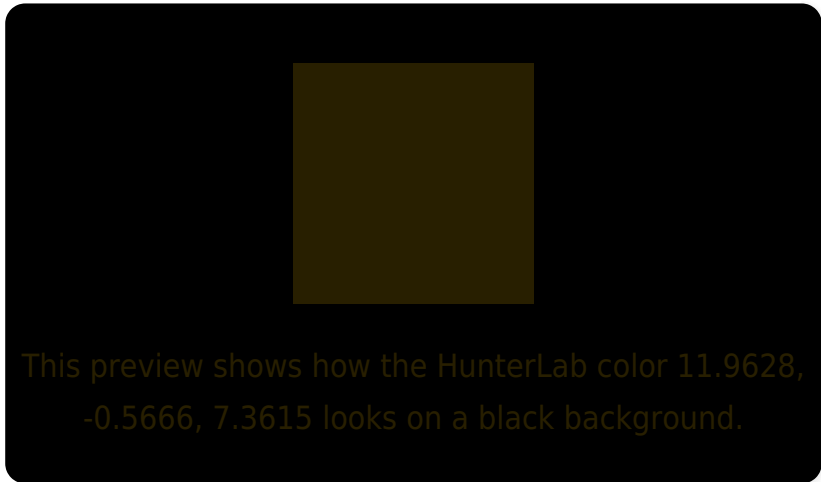
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

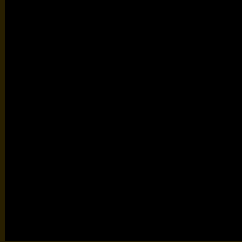
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 11.9628, -0.5666, 7.3615 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.9628, -0.5666, 7.3615.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.9628, -0.5666, 7.3615.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.9628, -0.5666, 7.3615

Protanopia

11.8848, -1.9488, 7.0027

Deuteranopia

12.0655, -0.1751, 7.1494



Tritanopia

12.1239, 2.9513, 1.1829

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.9628, -0.5666, 7.3615

Protanomaly

11.9521, -1.7261, 7.1922

Deuteranomaly

12.0565, -0.2245, 7.2840

Tritanomaly

12.0435, 1.2296, 4.1846

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.9628, -0.5666, 7.3615

Achromatopsia

11.3943, -0.6080, 0.6191

Achromatomaly

11.4702, -0.7523, 3.8701

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 11.9628, -0.5666, 7.3615 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(40, 31, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(40, 31, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(40, 31, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(40, 31, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 11.9628, -0.5666, 7.3615 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(40, 31, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(40, 31, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(40, 31, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(40, 31, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 31, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 31, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 11.9628, -0.5666, 7.3615 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(40, 31, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(40, 31,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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