

Converting Colors

HunterLab(11.9756, -0.4764,
-0.2366)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(11.9756, -0.4764,
-0.2366) contains.

HunterLab(11.9993, -0.6140, -0.0946)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(11.9993, -0.6140,
-0.0946)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	1F2022
RGB	31, 32, 34
RGB Percent	12%, 13%, 13%
CMY	0.8784, 0.8745, 0.8667
CMYK	0.09, 0.06, 0.00, 0.87
HSL	220°, 5%, 13%
HSV	220°, 9%, 13%
XYZ	1.3703, 1.4398, 1.7191
YIQ	31.9290, -1.2380, 0.4100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

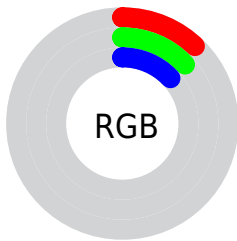
Format	Color
RYB	31, 32, 34
Decimal	2039842
CIELab	12.22, 0.05, -1.52
CIELCh	12, 1.518, 272.003
Yxy	1.4399, 0.3026, 0.3179
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280229922 (0xFF1F2022)
YUV	31.9290, 1.0210, -0.8147
Hunter-Lab	11.9993, -0.6140, -0.0946

Details

The HunterLab color **11.9993, -0.6140, -0.0946** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **12.3560, -0.6631, 1.3816**, and the grayscale version is **11.9935, -0.6399, 0.6516**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.8604, -1.4095, 0.6167**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.2782, -0.5170, -1.0155**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.7350, -0.6813, 0.7894**.

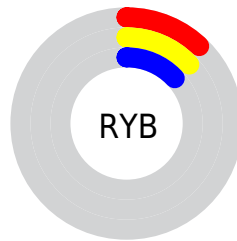
Distribution



Red (12%)

Green (13%)

Blue (13%)



Red (12%)

Yellow (13%)

Blue (13%)

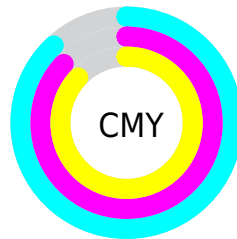


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (87%)



Cyan (88%)

Magenta (87%)

Yellow (87%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 11.9993, -0.6140, -0.0946 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 11.9993, -0.6140, -0.0946 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

11.9993, -0.6140,
-0.0946

11.9993, -0.6140,
-0.0946

102.8853, -5.4407,
4.1059

4.9583, -0.2182,
-0.9986

26.8018, -1.3967,
0.4941

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

35.5573, -1.8609,
0.8787

0.0000, NaN, NaN

45.1011, -2.3675,
1.3136

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

55.3727, -2.9132,
1.7939

0.0000, NaN, NaN

66.3237, -3.4953,
2.3160

0.0000, NaN, NaN

77.9144, -4.1118,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

2.8769

■ 90.1112, -4.7608,
3.4742

■ 11.9993, -0.6140,
-0.0946

■ 11.9993, -0.6140,
-0.0946

■ 11.2782, -0.5170,
-1.0155

■ 12.7350, -0.6813,
0.7894

■ 10.5722, -0.3851,
-1.9795

■ 13.4834, -0.7219,
1.6410

■ 9.8831, -0.2134,
-2.9929

■ 14.2439, -0.7391,
2.4646

■ 9.2126, 0.0042,
-4.0631

■ 15.0157, -0.7358,
3.2640

■ 8.5628, 0.2749,
-5.1978

■ 15.7980, -0.7141,
4.0423

■ 7.9363, 0.6067,
-6.4053

■ 16.5902, -0.6760,
4.8024

■ 7.3260, 0.9760,
-7.7166

■ 17.3918, -0.6232,
5.5465

■ 6.7136, 1.3233,
-9.2052

■ 18.2022, -0.5572,
6.2768

■ 6.0961, 1.6450,
-10.9338

■ 19.0211, -0.4792,
6.9950

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.9996, -0.9967, -0.0049



11.9993, -0.6140, -0.0946



11.9996, -0.2342, 0.0218

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.9996, -0.6143, -0.0944



11.9996, 0.0124, 1.0312



11.9996, -1.3066, 0.9886

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.9993, -0.6140, -0.0946



12.3560, -0.6631, 1.3816

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.9996, -1.0422, 1.2520



11.9993, -0.6140, -0.0946



11.9996, -0.2810, 1.2760

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.9996, -0.6143, -0.0944



11.9996, 0.1305, 0.6785



11.9996, -0.6675, 1.3555



11.9996, -1.3933, 0.6278

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.9993, -0.6140, -0.0946



11.9996, -0.0342, 0.1981



11.9996, -0.6675, 1.3555



11.9996, -1.2358, 1.0911

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.9996, -0.6143, -0.0944



15.3646, -0.8114, 0.5035



12.4295, -1.4889, 0.7868



9.0522, -0.4774, 0.2775



55.4075, -2.9564, 3.0104



9.2414, -0.4931, 0.5021

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.9996, -0.6143, -0.0944



14.5926, -0.7294, -0.4443



11.8061, -0.1367, -0.3278



7.3781, -0.3801, -0.0075



11.8200, 8.0804, -32.2173



29.9296, 29.3044, -100.6692

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.9347, 0.2091, 0.5688



14.4889, 0.6244, 0.6611



12.5519, -1.1416, 1.5910



7.3422, 0.0715, 0.3547



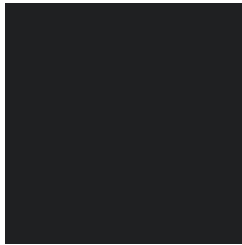
13.6239, 23.9197, 4.2428



37.4286, 65.2706, 15.0920

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.9993, -0.6140, -0.0946 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

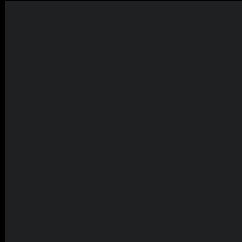
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.9993, -0.6140, -0.0946 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

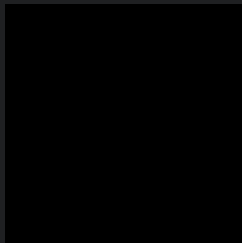
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 11.9993, -0.6140, -0.0946 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.9993, -0.6140, -0.0946.



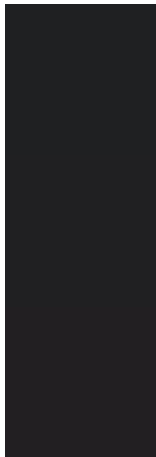
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.9993, -0.6140, -0.0946.

-0.0946.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.9993, -0.6140, -0.0946

Protanopia

12.0648, -0.3868, -0.0097

Deuteranopia

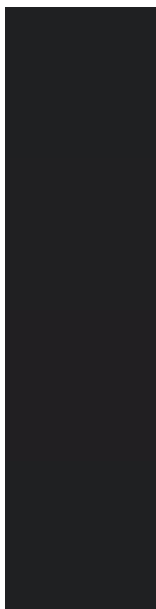
11.9814, 0.4619, -0.0979



Tritanopia

11.9993, -0.6140, -0.0946

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.9993, -0.6140, -0.0946

Protanomaly

12.0648, -0.3868, -0.0097

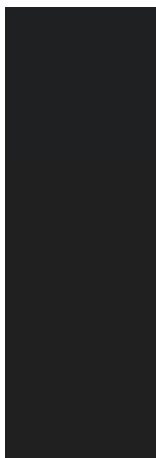
Deuteranomaly

11.9113, 0.2239, -0.1894

Tritanomaly

11.9993, -0.6140, -0.0946

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.9993, -0.6140, -0.0946

Achromatopsia

12.0183, -0.6413, 0.6530

Achromatomaly

12.0412, -0.5157, 0.3259

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 11.9993, -0.6140, -0.0946 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(31, 32, 34) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(31, 32, 34)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 32, 34) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(31, 32, 34) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 11.9993, -0.6140, -0.0946 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(31, 32, 34) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(31, 32, 34) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 32, 34) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(31, 32, 34); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 32, 34);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 32, 34)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 11.9993, -0.6140, -0.0946 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(31, 32, 34) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(31, 32,  
34) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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