

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(114.7025, -57.2890,  
28.5052)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(114.7025, -57.2890,  
28.5052) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(93.5528,  
-29.7906, 6.8320)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B6FFEC
RGB	182, 255, 236
RGB Percent	71%, 100%, 93%
CMY	0.2863, 0.0000, 0.0745
CMYK	0.29, 0.00, 0.07, 0.00
HSL	164°, 100%, 86%
HSV	164°, 29%, 100%
XYZ	70.1917, 87.5213, 92.5508
YIQ	231.0070, -37.4090, -21.3850

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

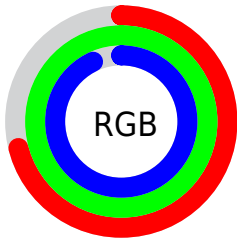
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	182, 224, 255
Decimal	11993068
CIELab	94.96, -26.33, 1.85
CIELCh	95, 26.390, 175.971
Yxy	87.5216, 0.2805, 0.3497
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290183148 (0xFFB6FFEC)
YUV	231.0070, 2.4615, -42.9791
Hunter-Lab	93.5528, -29.7906, 6.8320

# Details

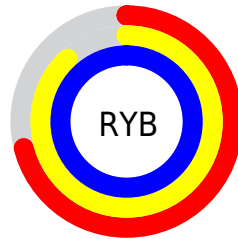
The HunterLab color **93.5528, -29.7906, 6.8320** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **76.7685, 24.9554, 5.0638**, and the grayscale version is **89.3974, -4.7700, 4.8571**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98.5346, -10.4714, 3.6061**, and **69.4230, -25.8811, 5.4475** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91.8236, -36.7421, 7.9006**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.5548, -21.9699, 6.0601**.

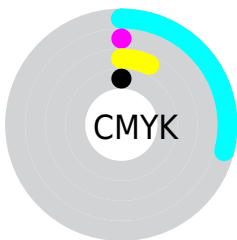
# Distribution



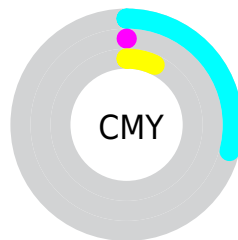
- Red (71%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 93.5528, -29.7906, 6.8320 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 93.5528, -29.7906, 6.8320 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 93.5528, -29.7906,  
6.8320

 93.5528, -29.7906,  
6.8320


228.0209,  
-46.3891, 14.7623

 81.1954, -27.8549,  
6.0769


 119.9546,  
-33.5728, 8.4215

 69.4357, -25.8806,  
5.3507


133.9532,  
-35.4334, 9.2555

 58.3058, -23.8550,  
4.6538


148.4575,  
-37.2793, 10.1146

 47.8438, -21.7623,  
3.9873

163.4506,  
-39.1139, 10.9979

 38.0953, -19.5796,  
3.3523

178.9170,  
-40.9400, 11.9049

 29.1170, -17.2730,  
2.7500

194.8426,

 20.9816, -14.7880,

-42.7600, 12.8350

2.1812

211.2145,  
-44.5758, 13.7876

■ 13.7879, -12.0290,  
1.6462

■ 7.4095, -12.9667,  
1.4406

■ 93.5528, -29.7906,  
6.8320

■ 93.5528, -29.7906,  
6.8320

■ 91.8236, -36.7421,  
7.9006

■ 95.5548, -21.9699,  
6.0601

■ 90.3652, -42.7740,  
9.2546

■ 97.8268, -13.3517,  
5.5926

■ 89.1720, -47.8533,  
10.8725

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 88.2336, -51.9749,  
12.7260

■ 87.5337, -55.1662,  
14.7788

■ 87.0489, -57.4937,  
16.9875

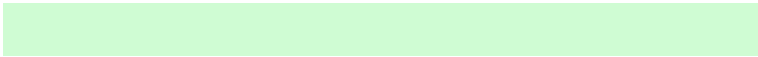
■ 86.7413, -59.0943,  
19.2943

■ 86.7054, -59.2873,  
19.6101

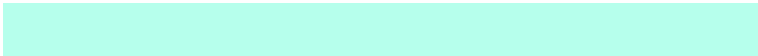
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93.5530, -25.7908, 18.0270



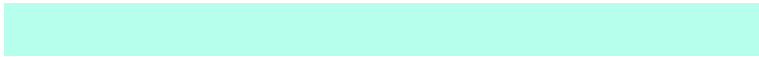
93.5528, -29.7906, 6.8320



93.5530, -27.4650, -6.5274

# Triad

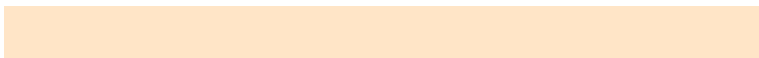
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



93.5530, -29.7896, 6.8314



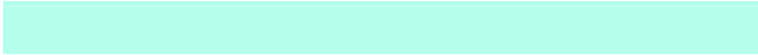
93.5530, 6.7893, -20.2790



93.5530, 10.1650, 23.5281

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



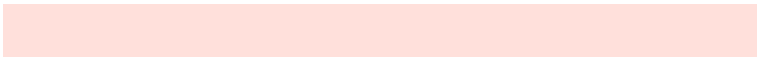
93.5528, -29.7906, 6.8320



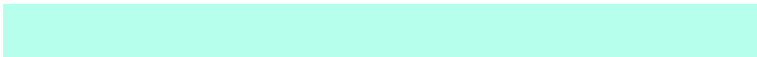
76.7685, 24.9554, 5.0638

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



93.5530, 19.8149, 15.3897



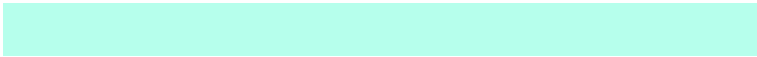
93.5528, -29.7906, 6.8320



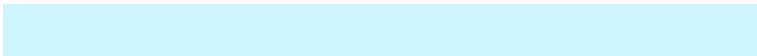
93.5530, 17.7888, -10.0018

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



93.5530, -29.7896, 6.8314



93.5530, -6.8355, -23.4276



93.5530, 22.6812, 3.3193

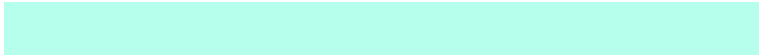


93.5530, -3.1437, 26.7508



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



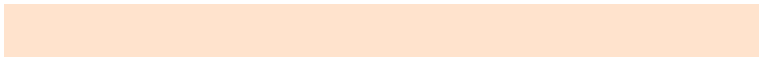
93.5528, -29.7906, 6.8320



93.5530, -22.5662, -14.7191



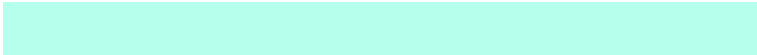
93.5530, 22.6812, 3.3193



93.5530, 13.9733, 21.3391

# Sweetspot

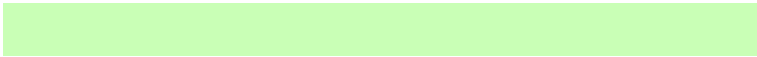
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93.5530, -29.7896, 6.8314



97.7371, -13.6871, 5.6046



93.4773, -32.9387, 28.9524



45.0577, -6.9322, 2.6164

0.0000, NaN, NaN

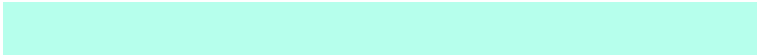


46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

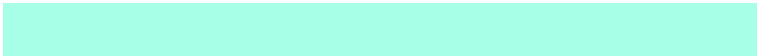


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93.5530, -29.7896, 6.8314



92.5898, -33.6372, 7.3695



88.4847, -17.8595, -9.1816



45.1619, -6.5411, 2.6007



62.6961, -42.7307, 13.8787



19.6091, -13.0550, 3.6722



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.7685, 24.9554, 5.0638



72.8915, 30.8484, 5.4265



80.9325, 13.0106, 17.6756



42.5026, 2.0702, 2.2872



33.6707, 58.3402, 16.5003

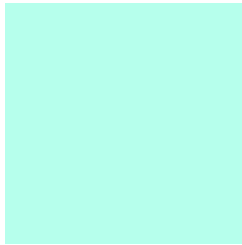


10.5869, 18.5007, 3.9706



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 93.5528, -29.7906, 6.8320 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

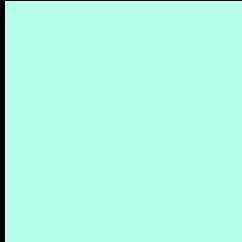
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 93.5528, -29.7906, 6.8320 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

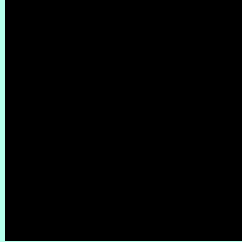
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

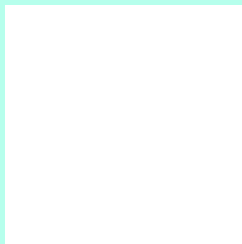
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 93.5528, -29.7906, 6.8320 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 93.5528, -29.7906, 6.8320.



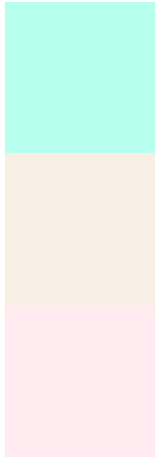
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 93.5528,

-29.7906, 6.8320.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

93.5528, -29.7906, 6.8320

### Protanopia

93.3023, -4.3177, 11.2360

### Deuteranopia

93.2566, 2.7062, 5.0998



## Tritanopia

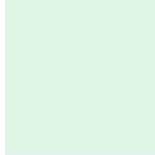
93.4219, -11.9371, -2.6854

# Trichromacy



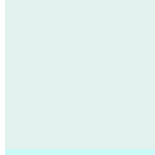
## Original Color

93.5528, -29.7906, 6.8320



## Protanomaly

93.1160, -14.6438, 9.4537



## Deuteranomaly

92.8602, -10.0195, 4.9050



## Tritanomaly

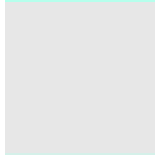
93.4698, -18.9676, 0.9314

# Monochromacy



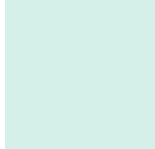
## Original Color

93.5528, -29.7906, 6.8320



## Achromatopsia

89.3925, -4.7698, 4.8569



## Achromatomaly

90.7466, -14.6074, 5.2941

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 93.5528, -29.7906, 6.8320 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(182, 255, 236)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(182, 255, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 255, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(182, 255, 236) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 93.5528, -29.7906, 6.8320 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(182, 255, 236) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(182, 255, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(182, 255, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(182, 255, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 255, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 255,  
236) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 93.5528, -29.7906, 6.8320 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(182, 255, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(182,  
255, 236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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