

Converting Colors

HunterLab(12.0123, -0.3641,
-2.1865)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(12.0123, -0.3641,
-2.1865) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(12.0030, -0.3428,
-2.0912)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1D2027
RGB	29, 32, 39
RGB Percent	11%, 13%, 15%
CMY	0.8863, 0.8745, 0.8471
CMYK	0.26, 0.18, 0.00, 0.85
HSL	222°, 15%, 13%
HSV	222°, 26%, 15%
XYZ	1.3894, 1.4407, 2.1243
YIQ	31.9010, -4.0350, 1.5410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

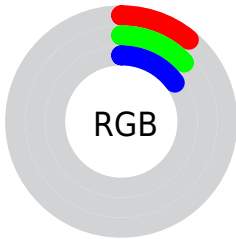
Format	Color
RYB	29, 31, 39
Decimal	1908775
CIELab	12.23, 0.59, -5.18
CIELCh	12, 5.209, 276.513
Yxy	1.4408, 0.2804, 0.2908
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280098855 (0xFF1D2027)
YUV	31.9010, 3.4998, -2.5442
Hunter-Lab	12.0030, -0.3428, -2.0912

Details

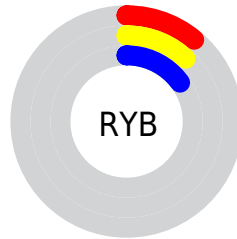
The HunterLab color **12.0030, -0.3428, -2.0912** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **13.3485, -0.7689, 3.0486**, and the grayscale version is **11.9778, -0.6391, 0.6508**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.8802, -1.0056, -1.9546**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.1647, -0.1028, -3.3155**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.8626, -0.5363, -0.9314**.

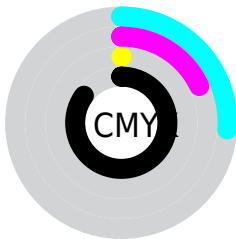
Distribution



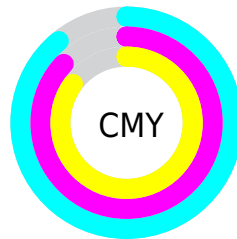
- Red (11%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (15%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (85%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (85%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 12.0030, -0.3428, -2.0912 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 12.0030, -0.3428, -2.0912 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.0030, -0.3428,
-2.0912

■ 12.0030, -0.3428,
-2.0912

102.8929, -4.8878,
0.4118

■ 4.9648, 0.2534,
-4.0507

■ 26.8066, -1.0429,
-1.9775

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 35.5626, -1.4723,
-1.8010

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 45.1069, -1.9470,
-1.5597

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.3788, -2.4631,
-1.2610

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.3302, -3.0175,
-0.9105

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.9213, -3.6077,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-0.5126

■ 90.1184, -4.2317,
-0.0708

■ 12.0030, -0.3428,
-2.0912

■ 12.0030, -0.3428,
-2.0912

■ 11.1647, -0.1028,
-3.3155

■ 12.8626, -0.5363,
-0.9314

■ 10.3494, 0.1920,
-4.6158

■ 13.7409, -0.6893,
0.1726

■ 9.5601, 0.5510,
-6.0038

■ 14.6364, -0.8076,
1.2291

■ 8.8003, 0.9848,
-7.4922

■ 15.5478, -0.8959,
2.2450

■ 8.0740, 1.5051,
-9.0940

■ 16.4739, -0.9578,
3.2261

■ 7.3627, 2.0507,
-10.8843

■ 17.4137, -0.9967,
4.1773

■ 6.6524, 2.5806,
-12.9632

■ 18.3663, -1.0153,
5.1030

■ 6.3423, 2.8069,
-13.9867

■ 19.3310, -1.0159,
6.0066

■ 20.3071, -1.0005,
6.8913

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.0032, -1.6659, -1.8600



12.0030, -0.3428, -2.0912



12.0032, 0.9552, -1.5234

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.0032, -0.3430, -2.0910



12.0032, 1.5343, 2.0416



12.0032, -2.9471, 1.6033

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.0030, -0.3428, -2.0912



13.3485, -0.7689, 3.0486

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.0032, -2.1581, 2.4861



12.0030, -0.3428, -2.0912



12.0032, 0.4192, 2.7187

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



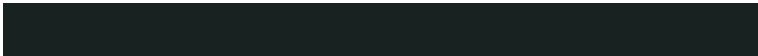
12.0032, -0.3430, -2.0910



12.0032, 2.0698, 0.9322



12.0032, -0.9363, 2.8719



12.0032, -3.1309, 0.3677

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.0030, -0.3428, -2.0912



12.0032, 1.6192, -0.8022



12.0032, -0.9363, 2.8719



12.0032, -2.7456, 1.9468

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.0032, -0.3430, -2.0910



17.2255, -0.8289, -0.1805



13.5597, -3.3495, 1.0568



9.4632, -0.4536, -0.1178



56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665



10.0114, -0.5342, 0.5439

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.0032, -0.3430, -2.0910



14.5354, -0.2169, -3.8224



11.4629, 1.2063, -2.8438



8.0551, -0.3905, -0.0533



11.6119, 9.7944, -35.6571



28.8908, 33.7460, -108.9590

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.8928, 2.2538, 0.5549



14.3869, 4.0262, 0.6870



13.9147, -2.3341, 3.5802



8.0265, 0.1017, 0.4060



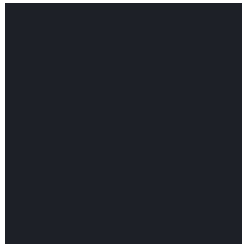
14.0107, 24.5024, 5.1107



37.8281, 65.7453, 16.9738

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.0030, -0.3428, -2.0912 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

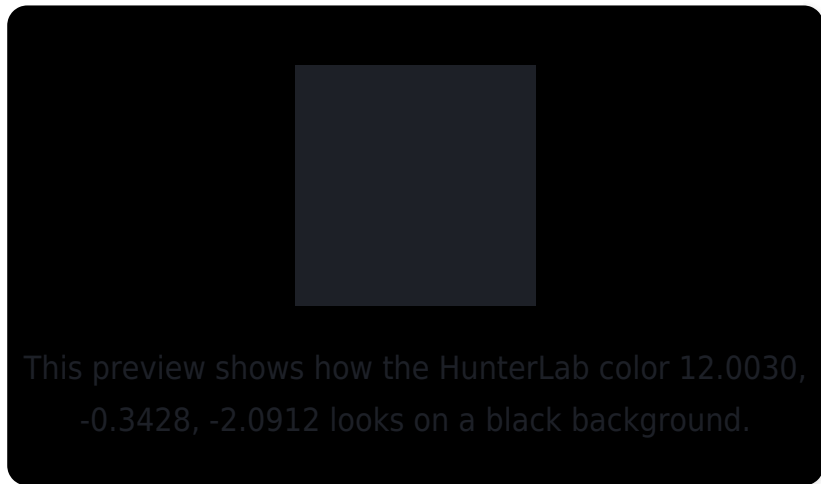
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

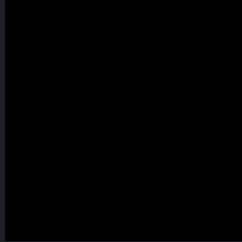
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

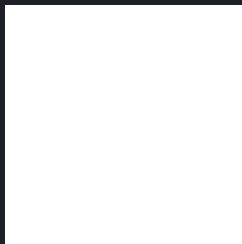
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 12.0030, -0.3428, -2.0912 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.0030, -0.3428, -2.0912.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.0030, -0.3428, -2.0912.

-2.0912.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.0030, -0.3428, -2.0912

Protanopia

12.0645, -0.1309, -2.0012

Deuteranopia

11.9070, 0.4693, -2.2125



Tritanopia

12.0662, -1.4982, -0.4044

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.0030, -0.3428, -2.0912

Protanomaly

12.0645, -0.1309, -2.0012

Deuteranomaly

11.8426, 0.2508, -2.3080

Tritanomaly

12.0912, -1.3599, -0.7577

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.0030, -0.3428, -2.0912

Achromatopsia

12.0183, -0.6413, 0.6530

Achromatomaly

12.0236, -0.4806, -0.4405

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 12.0030, -0.3428, -2.0912 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(29, 32, 39)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(29, 32, 39)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(29, 32, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(29, 32, 39) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 12.0030, -0.3428, -2.0912 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(29, 32, 39) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(29, 32, 39) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(29, 32, 39)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(29, 32, 39); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 32, 39);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 32, 39)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 12.0030, -0.3428, -2.0912 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(29, 32, 39) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(29, 32,  
39) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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