

Converting Colors

HunterLab(12.0237, 23.6189,
-15.7022)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(12.0237, 23.6189,
-15.7022) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(12.0369, 23.5950,
-15.3335)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	40003F
RGB	64, 0, 63
RGB Percent	25%, 0%, 25%
CMY	0.7490, 1.0000, 0.7529
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.02, 0.75
HSL	301°, 100%, 13%
HSV	301°, 100%, 25%
XYZ	3.0116, 1.4489, 4.8236
YIQ	26.3180, 17.9210, 33.1610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	64, 0, 63
Decimal	4194367
CIELab	12.28, 36.32, -22.01
CIElCh	12, 42.471, 328.787
Yxy	1.4489, 0.3244, 0.1561
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282384447 (0xFF40003F)
YUV	26.3180, 18.0842, 33.0471
Hunter-Lab	12.0369, 23.5950, -15.3335

Details

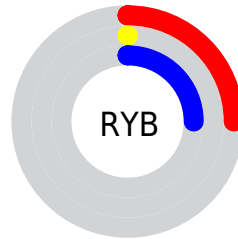
The HunterLab color **12.0369, 23.5950, -15.3335** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **19.1548, -16.3841, 11.4271**, and the grayscale version is **10.2037, -0.5444, 0.5544**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.9231, 26.9249, -16.0575**, and **2.1683, 5.8816, -15.4070** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.0370, 23.5951, -15.3334**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.6055, 21.6095, -14.0421**.

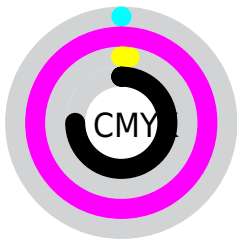
Distribution



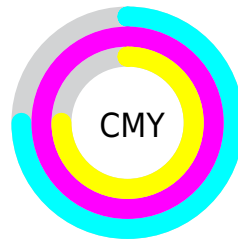
- Red (25%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (75%)



- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 12.0369, 23.5950, -15.3335 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 12.0369, 23.5950, -15.3335 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

12.0369, 23.5950,
-15.3335

12.0369, 23.5950,
-15.3335

102.9623, 34.5609,
-18.3229

5.0237, 32.4220,
-21.1168

26.8509, 26.8260,
-16.2440

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

35.6114, 28.2787,
-16.7188

0.0000, NaN, NaN

45.1596, 29.6012,
-17.1408

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

55.4353, 30.8008,
-17.5007

0.0000, NaN, NaN

66.3902, 31.8874,
-17.7970

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

77.9846, 32.8706,

-18.0309

90.1848, 33.7592,
-18.2053

12.0369, 23.5950,
-15.3335

12.0369, 23.5950,
-15.3335

12.0370, 23.5951,
-15.3334

12.6055, 21.6095,
-14.0421

13.1680, 19.7730,
-12.8461

13.8740, 17.6156,
-11.4275

14.7468, 15.1477,
-9.7916

15.7723, 12.4867,
-8.0171

■ 16.9344, 9.7290,
-6.1690

■ 18.2168, 6.9445,
-4.2951

■ 19.6044, 4.1782,
-2.4263

■ 21.0838, 1.4561,
-0.5812

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.0372, 11.4579, -34.1852



12.0369, 23.5950, -15.3335



12.0372, 28.9964, 0.2174

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.0372, 23.5943, -15.3329



12.0372, -0.1877, 8.4260



12.0372, -15.3789, -13.7988

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.0369, 23.5950, -15.3335



19.1548, -16.3841, 11.4271

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.0372, -17.2756, 1.0772



12.0369, 23.5950, -15.3335



12.0372, -9.3081, 8.4260

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.0372, 23.5943, -15.3329



12.0372, 12.5369, 8.4260



12.0372, -15.0535, 8.4260



12.0372, -9.8718, -32.8625

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.0369, 23.5950, -15.3335



12.0372, 26.9656, 5.8454



12.0372, -15.0535, 8.4260



12.0372, -16.4599, -7.8906

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.0372, 23.5943, -15.3329



23.7617, 9.6446, -5.9926



6.0847, 16.5016, -43.2261



12.3077, 5.4111, -3.3804



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.0372, 23.5943, -15.3329



15.8547, 31.0746, -20.1646



10.9286, 19.6687, -0.3356



11.6464, 0.5858, -0.1750



18.3552, 35.9733, -23.3282



45.9630, 90.0582, -58.2453

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.0372, 23.5943, -15.3329



15.8547, 31.0746, -20.1646



19.4195, -14.7347, 7.5358



11.6464, 0.5858, -0.1750



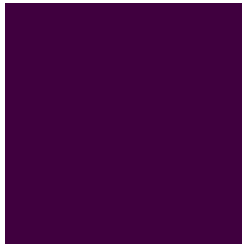
18.3552, 35.9733, -23.3282



45.9630, 90.0582, -58.2453

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.0369, 23.5950, -15.3335 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

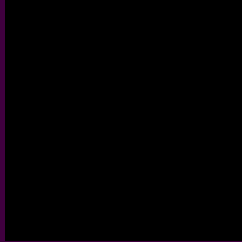
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 12.0369, 23.5950, -15.3335 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.0369, 23.5950, -15.3335.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.0369, 23.5950,

-15.3335.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.0369, 23.5950, -15.3335

Protanopia

13.0769, 2.6549, -22.0762

Deuteranopia

13.4947, 0.2511, -9.8595



Tritanopia

13.1549, 9.5119, 3.8678

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.0369, 23.5950, -15.3335

Protanomaly

11.0041, 9.5774, -25.1706

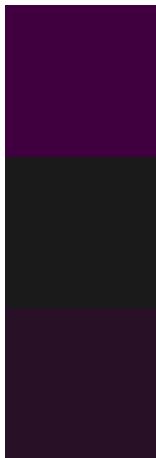
Deuteranomaly

11.7965, 8.7351, -14.0643

Tritanomaly

12.2848, 14.4777, -1.4405

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.0369, 23.5950, -15.3335

Achromatopsia

10.1636, -0.5423, 0.5522

Achromatomaly

9.9925, 8.2674, -5.0870

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 12.0369, 23.5950, -15.3335 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 0, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 0, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 0, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 0, 63) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 12.0369, 23.5950, -15.3335 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 0, 63) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 0, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(64, 0, 63)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 0, 63); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 0, 63); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 0, 63) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 12.0369, 23.5950, -15.3335 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 0, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 0,  
63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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