

Converting Colors

HunterLab(12.0932, -15.1067,
8.4652)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(12.0932, -15.1067,
8.4652) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(12.8683,
-11.0346, 7.7362)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	002A00
RGB	0, 42, 0
RGB Percent	0%, 16%, 0%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8353, 1.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.84
HSL	120°, 100%, 8%
HSV	120°, 100%, 16%
XYZ	0.8280, 1.6559, 0.2760
YIQ	24.6540, -11.5500, -21.9660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 42, 42
Decimal	10752
CIELab	13.57, -24.56, 19.44
CIELCh	14, 31.326, 141.633
Yxy	1.6560, 0.3000, 0.6000
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278200832 (0xFF002A00)
YUV	24.6540, -12.1544, -21.6216
Hunter-Lab	12.8683, -11.0346, 7.7362

Details

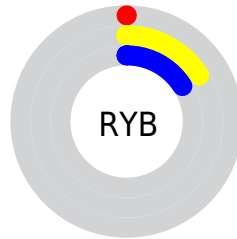
The HunterLab color **12.8683, -11.0346, 7.7362** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **8.1205, 15.9652, -10.7100**, and the grayscale version is **9.7932, -0.5225, 0.5321**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.8667, -15.9095, 11.1709**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.8686, -11.0347, 7.7362**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.0089, -10.3670, 7.2847**.

Distribution



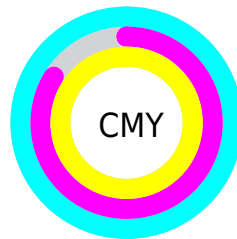
- Red (0%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (84%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 12.8683, -11.0346, 7.7362 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 12.8683, -11.0346, 7.7362 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.8683, -11.0346,
7.7362

■ 12.8683, -11.0346,
7.7362

■ 104.6482,
-29.7827, 23.0657

■ 6.2843, -10.9975,
4.3990

■ 27.9322, -16.0287,
11.2404

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 36.7981, -18.2228,
13.1022

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 46.4430, -20.3001,
14.8730

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.8087, -22.2937,
16.5803

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 67.8480, -24.2256,
18.2421


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 79.5221, -26.1108,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


19.8713


 91.7983, -27.9604,
21.4769


 12.8683, -11.0346,
7.7362


 12.8683, -11.0346,
7.7362


 12.8686, -11.0347,
7.7362

 13.0089, -10.3670,
7.2847

 13.1477, -9.7146,
6.8436

 13.2913, -9.0478,
6.3927

 13.4655, -8.2506,
5.8537

 13.6733, -7.3143,
5.2208

■ 13.9151, -6.2447,
4.4977

■ 14.1908, -5.0496,
3.6900

■ 14.5001, -3.7386,
2.8041

■ 14.8424, -2.3223,
1.8471

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.8686, -6.1011, 9.0080



12.8683, -11.0346, 7.7362



12.8686, -13.2125, 2.7356

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.8686, -11.0347, 7.7362



12.8686, -2.9471, -25.5300



12.8686, 17.9579, 5.1932

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.8683, -11.0346, 7.7362



8.1205, 15.9652, -10.7100

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.8686, 19.4282, -1.7331



12.8683, -11.0346, 7.7362



12.8686, 5.8021, -23.2160

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.8686, -11.0347, 7.7362



12.8686, -9.2330, -18.0218



12.8686, 14.5245, -12.8920



12.8686, 10.9075, 9.0080

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.8683, -11.0346, 7.7362



12.8686, -13.1075, -2.7863



12.8686, 14.5245, -12.8920



12.8686, 19.1823, 3.4219

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.8686, -11.0347, 7.7362



17.7077, -6.5901, 4.8010



14.6569, -3.9367, 8.9626



10.0226, -3.7587, 2.7369



57.4755, -3.0668, 3.1228



10.7914, -0.5758, 0.5863

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.8686, -11.0347, 7.7362



16.1141, -13.8178, 9.6874



13.0773, -9.7356, 4.6710



8.3156, -1.1222, 0.9132



25.2269, -21.6320, 15.1659



68.4925, -58.7322, 41.1764

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.1205, 15.9652, -10.7100



10.1686, 19.9917, -13.4111



7.3919, 13.3914, -0.9014



8.0577, 0.2703, -0.0384



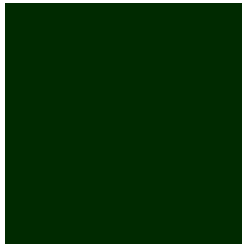
15.9191, 31.2973, -20.9952



43.2211, 84.9738, -57.0029

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.8683, -11.0346, 7.7362 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 12.8683, -11.0346, 7.7362 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.8683, -11.0346, 7.7362.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.8683,

-11.0346, 7.7362.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.8683, -11.0346, 7.7362

Protanopia

13.0877, -2.3641, 8.0232

Deuteranopia

13.1212, 0.2124, 6.9211



Tritanopia

13.2167, -4.3172, -1.7581

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.8683, -11.0346, 7.7362

Protanomaly

12.6210, -6.6140, 7.6612

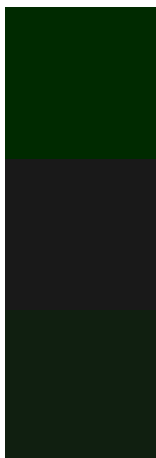
Deuteranomaly

12.6392, -5.1553, 6.8897

Tritanomaly

12.9146, -7.4709, 3.0667

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.8683, -11.0346, 7.7362

Achromatopsia

9.8596, -0.5261, 0.5357

Achromatomaly

10.6186, -5.1815, 3.7153

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 12.8683, -11.0346, 7.7362 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 42, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 42, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 42, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 42, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 12.8683, -11.0346, 7.7362 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 42, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 42, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 42, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 42, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 42, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 42, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 12.8683, -11.0346, 7.7362 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 42, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 42,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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