

Converting Colors

HunterLab(12.1184, -8.4386,
3.0696)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(12.1184, -8.4386, 3.0696)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(12.0506, -8.3797,
3.0271)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	002618
RGB	0, 38, 24
RGB Percent	0%, 15%, 9%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8510, 0.9059
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.37, 0.85
HSL	158°, 100%, 7%
HSV	158°, 100%, 15%
XYZ	0.8580, 1.4522, 1.0992
YIQ	25.0420, -18.1540, -12.4100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

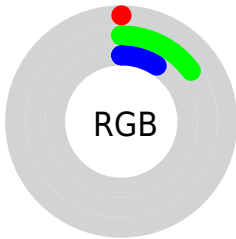
Format	Color
RYB	0, 23, 38
Decimal	9752
CIELab	12.30, -17.88, 5.57
CIELCh	12, 18.725, 162.698
Yxy	1.4522, 0.2517, 0.4259
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278199832 (0xFF002618)
YUV	25.0420, -0.5137, -21.9618
Hunter-Lab	12.0506, -8.3797, 3.0271

Details

The HunterLab color **12.0506, -8.3797, 3.0271** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **6.6618, 11.8842, 0.6152**, and the grayscale version is **9.8780, -0.5271, 0.5367**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.7817, -11.9895, 4.5370**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.0508, -8.3799, 3.0272**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.1767, -7.8151, 2.7772**.

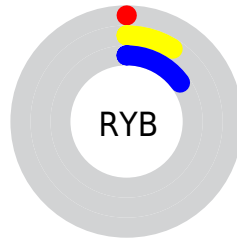
Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (15%)

Blue (9%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (9%)

Blue (15%)

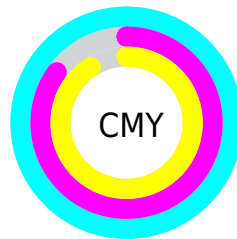


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (37%)

Black (85%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (85%)

Yellow (91%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 12.0506, -8.3797, 3.0271 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 12.0506, -8.3797, 3.0271 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.0506, -8.3797,
3.0271

■ 12.0506, -8.3797,
3.0271

■ 102.9902,
-23.2427, 10.9047

■ 5.0472, -8.8326,
3.5330

■ 26.8688, -12.1990,
4.7149

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 35.6310, -13.9090,
5.5547

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 45.1808, -15.5471,
6.4048

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.4580, -17.1362,
7.2691

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 66.4144, -18.6914,
8.1502


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 78.0100, -20.2229,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


9.0493


 90.2115, -21.7382,
9.9673

 12.0506, -8.3797,
3.0271


 12.0506, -8.3797,
3.0271


 12.0508, -8.3799,
3.0272

 12.1767, -7.8151,
2.7772

 12.3026, -7.2553,
2.5147

 12.4298, -6.6946,
2.2414

 12.5747, -6.0689,
1.9761

 12.7423, -5.3622,
1.7258

■ 12.9328, -4.5773,
1.4926

■ 13.1462, -3.7180,
1.2779

■ 13.3825, -2.7890,
1.0831

■ 13.6413, -1.7954,
0.9091

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.0508, -6.3869, 5.8741



12.0506, -8.3797, 3.0271



12.0508, -8.5218, -1.4836

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.0508, -8.3798, 3.0272



12.0508, 1.4966, -11.7607



12.0508, 7.0859, 5.5083

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.0506, -8.3797, 3.0271



6.6618, 11.8842, 0.6152

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.0508, 9.9854, 2.4633



12.0506, -8.3797, 3.0271



12.0508, 6.4289, -7.9575

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.0508, -8.3798, 3.0272



12.0508, -3.3179, -11.4110



12.0508, 9.7274, -2.3233



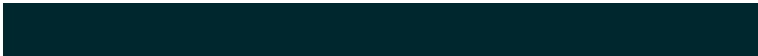
12.0508, 2.2863, 7.2899

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.0506, -8.3797, 3.0271



12.0508, -7.5874, -5.2548



12.0508, 9.7274, -2.3233



12.0508, 8.3471, 4.6199

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.0508, -8.3798, 3.0272



16.3238, -4.8363, 1.6395



12.1829, -8.3803, 7.3603



9.4245, -2.7885, 0.9457



56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665



10.0114, -0.5342, 0.5439

Same Dimension

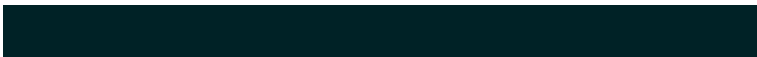
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.0508, -8.3798, 3.0272



14.9924, -10.5503, 4.0357



11.2224, -5.1713, -2.8635



7.6130, -0.8638, 0.4841



24.9363, -17.8929, 7.4573



68.7878, -50.3307, 22.6706

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.6618, 11.8842, 0.6152



8.2617, 14.6711, 1.2868



7.1298, 8.7404, 4.5462



7.3435, 0.0786, 0.3361



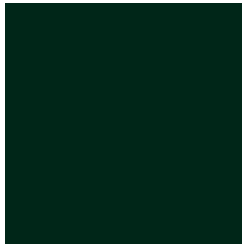
13.6749, 24.1064, 3.5045



37.5583, 65.7477, 13.1996

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.0506, -8.3797, 3.0271 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

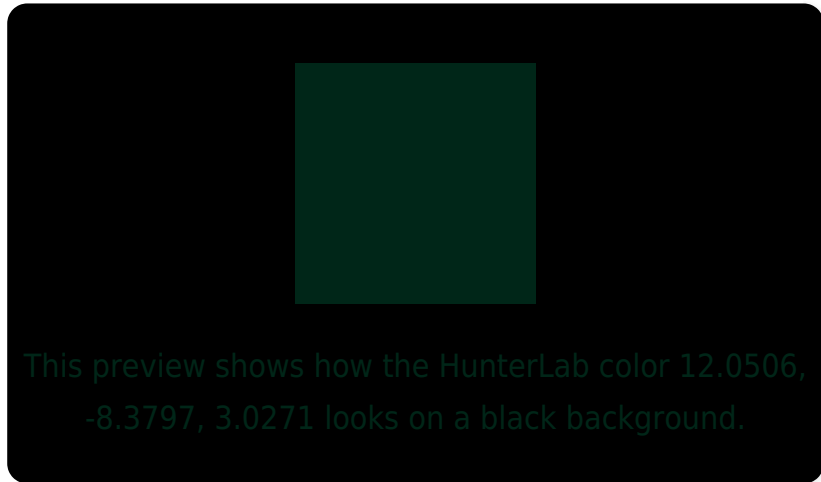
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

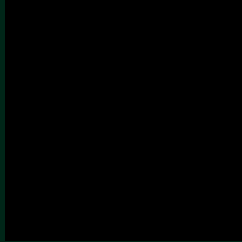
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 12.0506, -8.3797, 3.0271 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.0506, -8.3797, 3.0271.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.0506, -8.3797, 3.0271.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.0506, -8.3797, 3.0271

Protanopia

12.3317, -1.0807, 3.9303

Deuteranopia

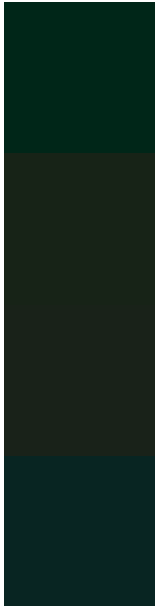
12.3877, 0.3490, 3.2375



Tritanopia

12.2221, -4.4025, -1.8572

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.0506, -8.3797, 3.0271

Protanomaly

12.0253, -4.5821, 3.3331

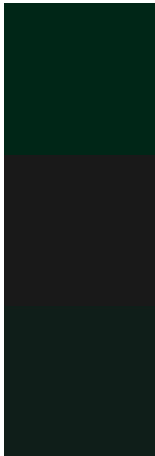
Deuteranomaly

11.9202, -3.6636, 2.7065

Tritanomaly

12.2076, -6.0037, 0.0670

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.0506, -8.3797, 3.0271

Achromatopsia

9.8596, -0.5261, 0.5357

Achromatomaly

10.5304, -3.9618, 1.2412

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 12.0506, -8.3797, 3.0271 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 38, 24)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 38, 24)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 38, 24) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 38, 24) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 12.0506, -8.3797, 3.0271 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 38, 24) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 38, 24) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 38, 24)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 38, 24); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 38, 24); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 38, 24) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 12.0506, -8.3797, 3.0271 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 38, 24) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 38,  
24) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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