

Converting Colors

HunterLab(12.1369, -1.7529,
2.2288)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(12.1369, -1.7529, 2.2288)
contains.

HunterLab(12.0949, -1.7067, 2.0375)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(12.0949, -1.7067,
2.0375)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1F211C
RGB	31, 33, 28
RGB Percent	12%, 13%, 11%
CMY	0.8784, 0.8706, 0.8902
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.15, 0.87
HSL	84°, 8%, 12%
HSV	84°, 15%, 13%
XYZ	1.3185, 1.4629, 1.3115
YIQ	31.8320, 0.4130, -1.9790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

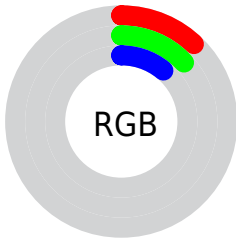
Format	Color
RYB	28, 33, 30
Decimal	2040092
CIELab	12.37, -2.14, 3.07
CIELCh	12, 3.744, 124.953
Yxy	1.4629, 0.3222, 0.3574
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280230172 (0xFF1F211C)
YUV	31.8320, -1.8892, -0.7297
Hunter-Lab	12.0949, -1.7067, 2.0375

Details

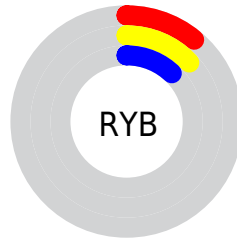
The HunterLab color **12.0949, -1.7067, 2.0375** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **11.0289, 0.5296, -0.9302**, and the grayscale version is **11.9715, -0.6388, 0.6504**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.9417, -2.8049, 3.4335**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.9495, -2.3548, 2.8424**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.2496, -1.0236, 1.1549**.

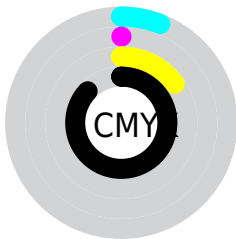
Distribution



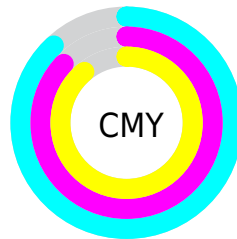
- Red (12%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (87%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (89%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 12.0949, -1.7067, 2.0375 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 12.0949, -1.7067, 2.0375 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.0949, -1.7067,
2.0375

■ 12.0949, -1.7067,
2.0375

103.0808, -7.7020,
8.5678

■ 5.1227, -2.0981,
2.7619

■ 26.9267, -2.8337,
3.3148

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 35.6946, -3.4422,
3.9872

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 45.2497, -4.0809,
4.6855

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.5317, -4.7493,
5.4102

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.4926, -5.4465,
6.1611

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.0926, -6.1715,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

6.9380

■ 90.2982, -6.9237,
7.7404

■ 12.0949, -1.7067,
2.0375

■ 12.0949, -1.7067,
2.0375

■ 11.9495, -2.3548,
2.8424

■ 12.2496, -1.0236,
1.1549

■ 11.8127, -2.9656,
3.5677

■ 12.4128, -0.3061,
0.1958

■ 11.6847, -3.5384,
4.2126

■ 12.5846, 0.4438,
-0.8373

■ 11.5656, -4.0721,
4.7767

■ 12.7649, 1.2247,
-1.9423

■ 11.4552, -4.5660,
5.2604

■ 12.9536, 2.0347,
-3.1164

■ 11.3527, -5.0251,
5.6778

■ 13.1505, 2.8722,
-4.3569

■ 11.2532, -5.4759,
6.0970

■ 13.3554, 3.7354,
-5.6610

■ 11.1563, -5.9215,
6.5267

■ 13.5682, 4.6228,
-7.0257

■ 11.1103, -6.1356,
6.7387

■ 13.7888, 5.5325,
-8.4481

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.0952, -0.8083, 2.3119



12.0949, -1.7067, 2.0375



12.0952, -2.3066, 1.3931

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.0952, -1.7070, 2.0377



12.0952, -1.4337, -1.0812



12.0952, 1.2896, 0.8121

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.0949, -1.7067, 2.0375



11.0289, 0.5296, -0.9302

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.0952, 1.1093, -0.1256



12.0949, -1.7067, 2.0375



12.0952, -0.4829, -1.2676

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.0952, -1.7070, 2.0377



12.0952, -2.1524, -0.4145



12.0952, 0.4528, -0.9053



12.0952, 0.9379, 1.6412

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.0949, -1.7067, 2.0375



12.0952, -2.4668, 0.8151



12.0952, 0.4528, -0.9053



12.0952, 1.2893, 0.4996

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.0952, -1.7070, 2.0377



15.5473, -1.3200, 1.4931



11.5576, -0.1305, 1.4835



9.1774, -0.7751, 0.8760



55.4075, -2.9564, 3.0104



9.2414, -0.4931, 0.5021

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.0952, -1.7070, 2.0377



15.2763, -2.5204, 3.0310



11.9399, -2.2645, 1.8622



6.9298, -0.6710, 0.7734



24.9272, -15.0398, 15.0967



69.7758, -44.0731, 42.2239

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.0289, 0.5296, -0.9302



13.5514, 1.1008, -1.7779



11.2049, 1.1193, -0.6900



6.6312, -0.0451, -0.0565



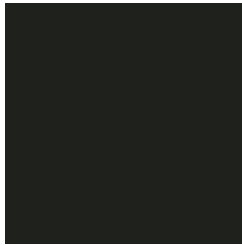
9.3079, 22.0125, -41.0589



25.1107, 60.8553, -122.1632

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.0949, -1.7067, 2.0375 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

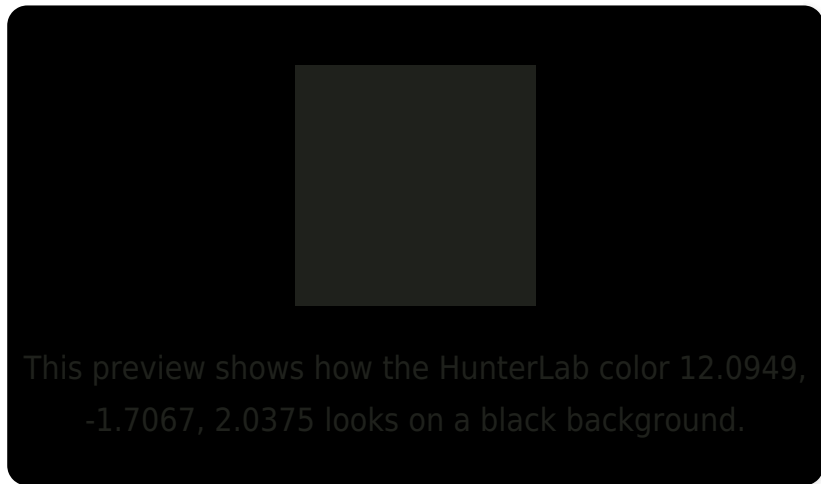
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

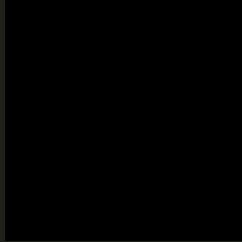
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 12.0949, -1.7067, 2.0375 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.0949, -1.7067, 2.0375.

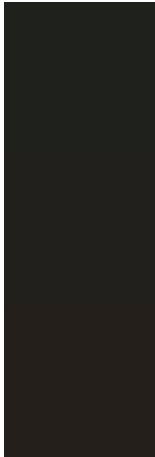


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.0949, -1.7067,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.0949, -1.7067, 2.0375

Protanopia

12.0704, -0.6296, 2.0303

Deuteranopia

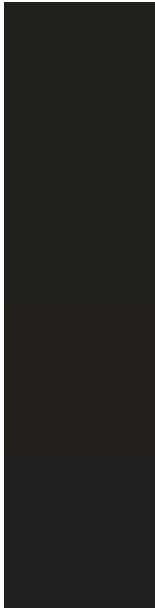
12.0712, 0.5025, 2.0509



Tritanopia

12.0890, -0.2546, -0.3538

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.0949, -1.7067, 2.0375

Protanomaly

12.0008, -0.8723, 1.9519

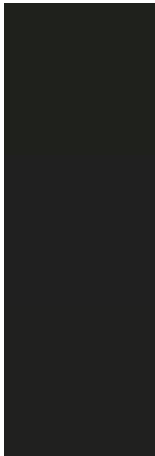
Deuteranomaly

12.1416, -0.3827, 2.1102

Tritanomaly

12.0183, -0.6413, 0.6530

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.0949, -1.7067, 2.0375

Achromatopsia

12.0183, -0.6413, 0.6530

Achromatomaly

11.9960, -0.7636, 0.9714

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 12.0949, -1.7067, 2.0375 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(31, 33, 28)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(31, 33, 28)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 33, 28) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(31, 33, 28) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 12.0949, -1.7067, 2.0375 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(31, 33, 28) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(31, 33, 28) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 33, 28) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(31, 33, 28); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 33, 28);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 33, 28)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 12.0949, -1.7067, 2.0375 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(31, 33, 28) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(31, 33,  
28) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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