

Converting Colors

HunterLab(12.1406, -9.5149,
6.7710)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(12.1406, -9.5149, 6.7710)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(12.2150, -9.5393,
6.8023)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	052704
RGB	5, 39, 4
RGB Percent	2%, 15%, 2%
CMY	0.9804, 0.8471, 0.9843
CMYK	0.87, 0.00, 0.90, 0.85
HSL	118°, 81%, 8%
HSV	118°, 90%, 15%
XYZ	0.8100, 1.4921, 0.3602
YIQ	24.8440, -9.0290, -18.0930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

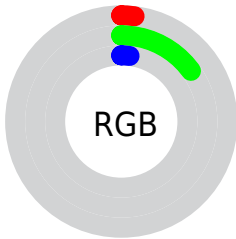
Format	Color
RYB	4, 39, 38
Decimal	337668
CIELab	12.56, -20.95, 16.50
CIELCh	13, 26.664, 141.772
Yxy	1.4921, 0.3043, 0.5604
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278527748 (0xFF052704)
YUV	24.8440, -10.2761, -17.4032
Hunter-Lab	12.2150, -9.5393, 6.8023

Details

The HunterLab color **12.2150, -9.5393, 6.8023** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **8.0339, 12.8033, -8.9915**, and the grayscale version is **9.8447, -0.5253, 0.5349**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.1666, -14.0919, 9.9074**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.0794, -10.1853, 7.2508**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.3496, -8.9090, 6.3645**.

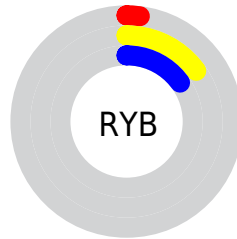
Distribution



Red (2%)

Green (15%)

Blue (2%)



Red (2%)

Yellow (15%)

Blue (15%)

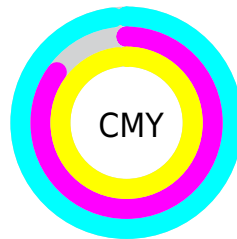


Cyan (87%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (90%)

Black (85%)



Cyan (98%)

Magenta (85%)

Yellow (98%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 12.2150, -9.5393, 6.8023 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 12.2150, -9.5393, 6.8023 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

12.2150, -9.5393,
6.8023

12.2150, -9.5393,
6.8023

103.3258,
-26.2030, 20.5081

5.3214, -9.3125,
3.7250

27.0834, -13.9072,
9.9080

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

35.8667, -15.8425,
11.5501

0.0000, NaN, NaN

45.4359, -17.6842,
13.1214

0.0000, NaN, NaN

55.7311, -19.4602,
14.6452

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

66.7043, -21.1891,
16.1368

0.0000, NaN, NaN

78.3159, -22.8835,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

17.6064

■ 90.5326, -24.5525,
19.0617

■ 12.2150, -9.5393,
6.8023

■ 12.2150, -9.5393,
6.8023

■ 12.0794, -10.1853,
7.2508

■ 12.3496, -8.9090,
6.3645

■ 12.0759, -10.2021,
7.2625

■ 12.4882, -8.2680,
5.9292

■ 12.6532, -7.5161,
5.4227

■ 12.8473, -6.6446,
4.8311

■ 13.0709, -5.6586,
4.1576

■ 13.3237, -4.5651,
3.4068

■ 13.6054, -3.3721,
2.5843

■ 13.9155, -2.0886,
1.6961

■ 14.2531, -0.7239,
0.7488

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.2153, -5.2571, 8.5507



12.2150, -9.5393, 6.8023



12.2153, -11.4813, 2.3600

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.2153, -9.5395, 6.8024



12.2153, -2.5207, -20.0241



12.2153, 14.5390, 4.5595

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.2150, -9.5393, 6.8023



8.0339, 12.8033, -8.9915

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.2153, 15.7381, -1.3143



12.2150, -9.5393, 6.8023



12.2153, 4.7549, -18.2187

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.2153, -9.5395, 6.8024



12.2153, -7.9189, -14.2873



12.2153, 11.8293, -10.2158



12.2153, 8.8481, 8.3112

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.2150, -9.5393, 6.8023



12.2153, -11.3792, -2.2482



12.2153, 11.8293, -10.2158



12.2153, 15.5252, 3.0005

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.2153, -9.5395, 6.8024



17.0517, -5.6917, 4.2557



13.4750, -3.0956, 7.7436



9.3963, -3.0730, 2.3012



56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665



10.0114, -0.5342, 0.5439

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.2153, -9.5395, 6.8024



15.4177, -13.0640, 9.2716



12.3637, -8.5722, 4.2193



8.3191, -1.1100, 0.9173



25.2576, -21.5006, 15.1872



68.5209, -58.6104, 41.1962

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.0339, 12.8033, -8.9915



9.5162, 18.8084, -13.3203



7.6075, 10.8897, -1.3040



8.0539, 0.2573, -0.0434



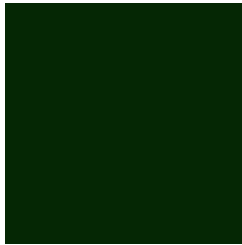
15.5723, 30.7935, -21.9174



42.1916, 83.4786, -59.7450

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.2150, -9.5393, 6.8023 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

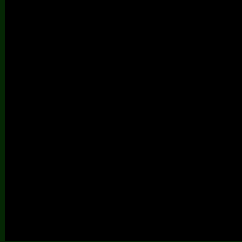
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 12.2150, -9.5393, 6.8023 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.2150, -9.5393, 6.8023.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.2150, -9.5393,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.2150, -9.5393, 6.8023

Protanopia

12.2555, -1.8040, 7.3813

Deuteranopia

12.4298, 0.0857, 6.4279



Tritanopia

12.3588, -3.8882, -1.6610

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.2150, -9.5393, 6.8023

Protanomaly

11.9418, -5.3827, 6.9791

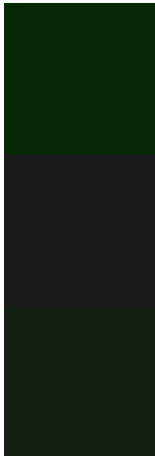
Deuteranomaly

12.1598, -4.4559, 6.4347

Tritanomaly

12.1790, -6.4517, 2.6341

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.2150, -9.5393, 6.8023

Achromatopsia

9.8596, -0.5261, 0.5357

Achromatomaly

10.4767, -4.4501, 3.3766

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 12.2150, -9.5393, 6.8023 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(5, 39, 4)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(5, 39, 4)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(5, 39, 4) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(5, 39, 4) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 12.2150, -9.5393, 6.8023 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(5, 39, 4) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(5, 39, 4) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(5, 39, 4) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(5, 39, 4); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(5, 39, 4); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(5, 39, 4) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 12.2150, -9.5393, 6.8023 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(5, 39, 4) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(5, 39,  
4) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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