

Converting Colors

HunterLab(12.1833, 17.6630,
-53.3574)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(12.1833, 17.6630,
-53.3574) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(12.2296, 17.5167,
-53.0994)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	001566
RGB	0, 21, 102
RGB Percent	0%, 8%, 40%
CMY	1.0000, 0.9177, 0.6000
CMYK	1.00, 0.79, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	228°, 100%, 20%
HSV	228°, 100%, 40%
XYZ	2.6664, 1.4956, 12.7185
YIQ	23.9550, -38.5170, 20.7390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

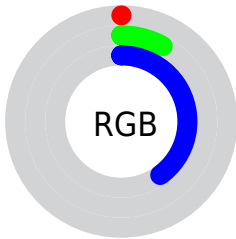
Format	Color
RYB	0, 17, 102
Decimal	5478
CIELab	12.58, 28.74, -48.49
CIELCh	13, 56.366, 300.653
Yxy	1.4956, 0.1580, 0.0886
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278195558 (0xFF001566)
YUV	23.9550, 38.4762, -21.0085
Hunter-Lab	12.2296, 17.5167, -53.0994

Details

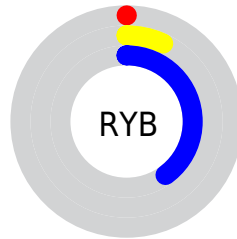
The HunterLab color **12.2296, 17.5167, -53.0994** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000066**. A complement of this color would be **29.5152, -0.7122, 18.1740**, and the grayscale version is **9.4404, -0.5037, 0.5129**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.0915, 20.2216, -49.8592**, and **6.1228, 10.2793, -29.8430** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.2282, 17.5213, -53.1077**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.8159, 14.1667, -45.1834**.

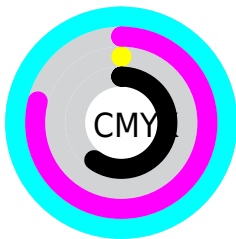
Distribution



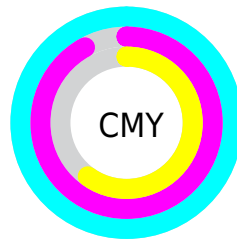
- Red (0%)
- Green (8%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 12.2296, 17.5167, -53.0994 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 12.2296, 17.5167, -53.0994 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.2296, 17.5167,
-53.0994

■ 12.2296, 17.5167,
-53.0994

■ 103.3552, 25.7508,
-53.9984

■ 5.3447, 23.3755,
-75.0931

■ 27.1022, 20.2006,
-49.8976

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 35.8873, 21.3275,
-49.9980

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 45.4582, 22.3226,
-50.4592

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.7550, 23.1998,
-51.0935

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.7297, 23.9715,
-51.8060

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.3427, 24.6483,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-52.5453

90.5607, 25.2389,
-53.2818

12.2296, 17.5167,
-53.0994

12.2296, 17.5167,
-53.0994

12.2282, 17.5213,
-53.1077

13.8159, 14.1667,
-45.1834

15.6461, 10.9864,
-37.8013

17.7326, 8.2423,
-30.9588

20.0247, 5.9318,
-24.7760

22.4830, 4.0017,
-19.2254

■ 25.0780, 2.3877,
-14.2244

■ 27.7875, 1.0306,
-9.6807

■ 30.5948, -0.1189,
-5.5100

■ 33.4870, -1.1005,
-1.6411

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.2297, -0.3268, -69.2259



12.2296, 17.5167, -53.0994



12.2297, 35.3899, -21.4471

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.2297, 17.5180, -53.0993



12.2297, 16.6689, 8.5608



12.2297, -21.4019, 0.3528

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.2296, 17.5167, -53.0994



29.5152, -0.7122, 18.1740

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.2297, -19.5871, 8.5608



12.2296, 17.5167, -53.0994



12.2297, -0.9762, 8.5608

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.2297, 17.5180, -53.0993



12.2297, 34.7570, 8.5608



12.2297, -12.3204, 8.5608



12.2297, -19.3582, -22.7688

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.2296, 17.5167, -53.0994



12.2297, 42.0460, -4.6025



12.2297, -12.3204, 8.5608



12.2297, -21.4019, 4.3118

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.2297, 17.5180, -53.0993



36.4812, 1.5096, -13.3232



31.7499, -20.7288, 5.0640



17.2015, 0.9782, -7.3093



73.3645, -3.9145, 3.9860



23.4461, -1.2510, 1.2739

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.2297, 17.5180, -53.0993



15.7465, 24.6407, -72.8740



11.0426, 27.5927, -60.2053



16.8717, -0.5974, -0.6205



13.6730, 20.4441, -61.2231



29.4862, 52.5155, -150.2210

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.9680, 29.3739, 8.4911



22.4377, 38.7839, 11.7188



33.0504, -17.2945, 20.0622



16.8962, 0.5447, 1.0026



19.2153, 33.2416, 9.8204



43.7613, 75.4659, 24.2210

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.2296, 17.5167, -53.0994 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.2296, 17.5167, -53.0994 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

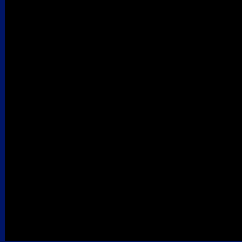
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 12.2296, 17.5167, -53.0994 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.2296, 17.5167, -53.0994.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.2296, 17.5167, -53.0994.

-53.0994.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.2296, 17.5167, -53.0994

Protanopia

12.6451, 2.0006, -20.1240

Deuteranopia

12.6016, -1.5634, -12.3759



Tritanopia

12.6930, -6.3815, -2.0894

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.2296, 17.5167, -53.0994

Protanomaly

12.1981, 7.3695, -31.1551

Deuteranomaly

12.1982, 4.4074, -24.7610

Tritanomaly

11.7979, 0.7429, -16.3501

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.2296, 17.5167, -53.0994

Achromatopsia

9.5572, -0.5099, 0.5193

Achromatomaly

9.8096, 3.2720, -13.5341

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 12.2296, 17.5167, -53.0994 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 21, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 21, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 21, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 21, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 12.2296, 17.5167, -53.0994 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 21, 102) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 21, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 21, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 21, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 21, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 21, 102)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 12.2296, 17.5167, -53.0994 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 21, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 21,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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