

Converting Colors

HunterLab(12.1834, -1.5127,
-7.7607)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(12.1834, -1.5127,
-7.7607) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(12.1509, -1.4222,
-7.8200)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0E2233
RGB	14, 34, 51
RGB Percent	5%, 13%, 20%
CMY	0.9451, 0.8667, 0.8000
CMYK	0.73, 0.33, 0.00, 0.80
HSL	208°, 57%, 13%
HSV	208°, 73%, 20%
XYZ	1.3507, 1.4764, 3.3458
YIQ	29.9580, -17.3770, 1.0470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

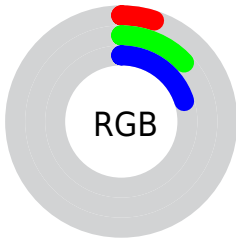
Format	Color
R_{YB}	14, 27, 51
Decimal	926259
CIE _{Lab}	12.46, -1.55, -13.58
CIE _{LCh}	12, 13.667, 263.475
Yxy	1.4765, 0.2188, 0.2392
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279116339 (0xFF0E2233)
YUV	29.9580, 10.3737, -13.9952
Hunter-Lab	12.1509, -1.4222, -7.8200

Details

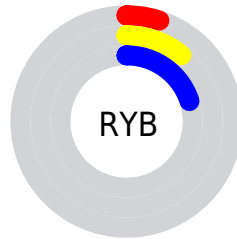
The HunterLab color **12.1509, -1.4222, -7.8200** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **13.0981, 3.4426, 6.2503**, and the grayscale version is **11.3543, -0.6058, 0.6169**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.9676, -2.5442, -8.2914**, and **0.4681, 1.2698, -3.3263** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.4505, -1.0773, -9.1806**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.8887, -1.6503, -6.4947**.

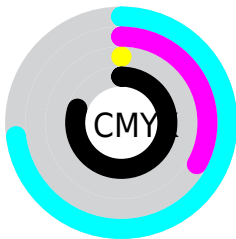
Distribution



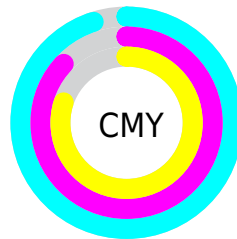
- Red (5%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (5%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (80%)



- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 12.1509, -1.4222, -7.8200 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 12.1509, -1.4222, -7.8200 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.1509, -1.4222,
-7.8200

■ 12.1509, -1.4222,
-7.8200

■ 103.1950, -7.1044,
-8.5730

■ 5.2163, -1.5759,
-10.8270

■ 26.9997, -2.4563,
-8.4847

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 35.7748, -3.0261,
-8.7008

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 45.3365, -3.6295,
-8.8398

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.6247, -4.2651,
-8.9076

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.5913, -4.9316,
-8.9099

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.1967, -5.6277,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-8.8521

■ 90.4075, -6.3523,
-8.7385

■ 12.1509, -1.4222,
-7.8200

■ 12.1509, -1.4222,
-7.8200

■ 11.4505, -1.0773,
-9.1806

■ 12.8887, -1.6503,
-6.4947

■ 10.7599, -0.7102,
-10.6404

■ 13.6612, -1.7683,
-5.2060

■ 10.2428, -0.4524,
-11.8259

■ 14.4660, -1.7867,
-3.9542

■ 15.3005, -1.7154,
-2.7386

■ 16.1623, -1.5638,
-1.5577

■ 17.0493, -1.3406,
-0.4095

■ 17.9597, -1.0533,
0.7085

■ 18.8916, -0.7088,
1.7988

■ 19.8435, -0.3130,
2.8639

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.1511, -4.4843, -5.8733



12.1509, -1.4222, -7.8200



12.1511, 2.2196, -7.0181

Triad

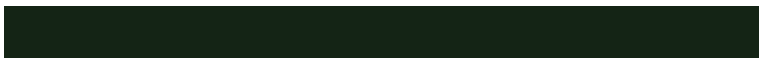
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.1511, -1.4221, -7.8197



12.1511, 6.3394, 2.9936



12.1511, -5.7055, 3.9534

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.1509, -1.4222, -7.8200



13.0981, 3.4426, 6.2503

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.1511, -3.2740, 5.4549



12.1509, -1.4222, -7.8200



12.1511, 3.7302, 4.9251

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.1511, -1.4221, -7.8197



12.1511, 6.9830, -0.1073



12.1511, 0.1440, 5.8106



12.1511, -6.7653, 1.3830

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.1509, -1.4222, -7.8200



12.1511, 4.4649, -5.1217



12.1511, 0.1440, 5.8106



12.1511, -5.0360, 4.5618

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.1511, -1.4221, -7.8197



20.7585, -2.0298, -2.0985



15.9943, -10.0473, 4.9631



10.9520, -1.0735, -1.1193



59.5560, -3.1778, 3.2358



12.3795, -0.6605, 0.6726

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.1511, -1.4221, -7.8197



13.9874, -0.8422, -13.4409



8.3583, 5.9130, -16.9632



9.5959, -0.6735, 0.0424



16.9093, 0.8170, -22.8989



42.1385, 6.1991, -66.0515

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.6464, 11.7338, -1.6627



12.2785, 18.3476, -1.7193



17.1603, -3.5144, 9.0769



9.4404, 0.2517, 0.2811



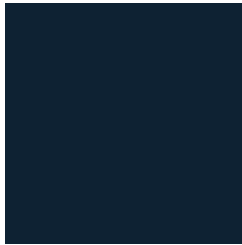
15.3351, 27.6664, -0.9792



40.0019, 71.7245, 0.8872

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.1509, -1.4222, -7.8200 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

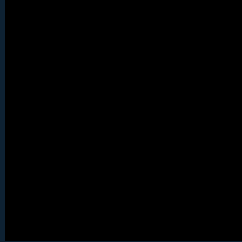
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 12.1509, -1.4222, -7.8200 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.1509, -1.4222, -7.8200.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.1509, -1.4222, -7.8200.

-7.8200.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.1509, -1.4222, -7.8200

Protanopia

12.1975, 0.9405, -6.5918

Deuteranopia

12.2837, 0.2244, -7.5441



Tritanopia

11.8669, -5.7691, -2.3787

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.1509, -1.4222, -7.8200

Protanomaly

12.2007, -0.1307, -7.1485

Deuteranomaly

12.1468, -0.2444, -7.8070

Tritanomaly

11.8691, -4.2329, -4.1773

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.1509, -1.4222, -7.8200

Achromatopsia

11.3943, -0.6080, 0.6191

Achromatomaly

11.4634, -1.1182, -2.4400

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 12.1509, -1.4222, -7.8200 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(14, 34, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(14, 34, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(14, 34, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(14, 34, 51) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 12.1509, -1.4222, -7.8200 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(14, 34, 51) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(14, 34, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(14, 34, 51)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(14, 34, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(14, 34, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(14, 34, 51)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 12.1509, -1.4222, -7.8200 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(14, 34, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(14, 34,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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