

Converting Colors

HunterLab(12.2411, -9.2199,
5.1925)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(12.2411, -9.2199, 5.1925)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(12.2411, -9.2199,
5.1925)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	02270F
RGB	2, 39, 15
RGB Percent	1%, 15%, 6%
CMY	0.9922, 0.8471, 0.9412
CMYK	0.95, 0.00, 0.62, 0.85
HSL	141°, 90%, 8%
HSV	141°, 95%, 15%
XYZ	0.8368, 1.4984, 0.6971
YIQ	25.2010, -14.3480, -15.3080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

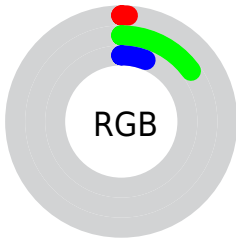
Format	Color
R_YB	2, 29, 39
Decimal	141071
CIE _{Lab}	12.60, -20.02, 11.75
CIE _{LCh}	13, 23.218, 149.595
Yxy	1.4985, 0.2760, 0.4942
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278331151 (0xFF02270F)
YUV	25.2010, -5.0291, -20.3473
Hunter-Lab	12.2411, -9.2199, 5.1925

Details

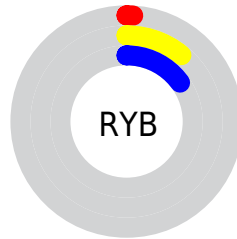
The HunterLab color **12.2411, -9.2199, 5.1925** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **7.4119, 12.1936, -3.0372**, and the grayscale version is **9.9388, -0.5303, 0.5400**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.2596, -13.4500, 7.8552**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.1738, -9.5327, 5.3621**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.3747, -8.6045, 4.8282**.

Distribution



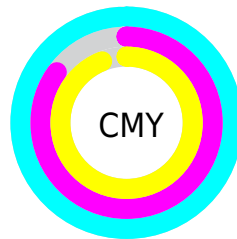
- Red (1%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (6%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (15%)



- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Black (85%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (94%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 12.2411, -9.2199, 5.1925 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 12.2411, -9.2199, 5.1925 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.2411, -9.2199,
5.1925

■ 12.2411, -9.2199,
5.1925

■ 103.3790,
-25.3359, 16.4842

■ 5.3635, -9.3862,
3.7545

■ 27.1174, -13.4212,
7.8566

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 35.9040, -15.2873,
9.1376

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 45.4763, -17.0668,
10.3852

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.7744, -18.7859,
11.6137

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 66.7503, -20.4620,
12.8325


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 78.3644, -22.1070,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


14.0478


 90.5835, -23.7295,
15.2640


 12.2411, -9.2199,
5.1925


 12.2411, -9.2199,
5.1925


 12.1738, -9.5327,
5.3621

 12.3747, -8.6045,
4.8282

 12.5103, -7.9809,
4.4191

 12.6583, -7.3085,
3.9753

 12.8320, -6.5371,
3.5117

 13.0316, -5.6703,
3.0318

■ 13.2573, -4.7132,
2.5395

■ 13.5089, -3.6716,
2.0381

■ 13.7860, -2.5524,
1.5313

■ 14.0881, -1.3628,
1.0220

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.2413, -5.9271, 8.0498



12.2411, -9.2199, 5.1925



12.2413, -10.3565, 0.7450

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.2413, -9.2200, 5.1926



12.2413, -0.7367, -16.5780



12.2413, 11.3128, 5.0963

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.2411, -9.2199, 5.1925



7.4119, 12.1936, -3.0372

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.2413, 13.4300, 0.5872



12.2411, -9.2199, 5.1925



12.2413, 5.6976, -13.5575

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.2413, -9.2200, 5.1926



12.2413, -6.0449, -13.4011



12.2413, 11.2006, -6.4369



12.2413, 5.8696, 7.9943

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.2411, -9.2199, 5.1925



12.2413, -9.8780, -3.6999



12.2413, 11.2006, -6.4369



12.2413, 12.4795, 3.8501

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.2413, -9.2200, 5.1926



17.0912, -5.3664, 2.9239



12.9452, -6.6063, 7.5980



9.4048, -2.9503, 1.6076



56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665



10.0114, -0.5342, 0.5439

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.2413, -9.2200, 5.1926



15.5276, -12.3169, 7.1805



12.5553, -7.3074, 0.6565



8.3302, -1.0415, 0.7052



25.4077, -20.5009, 12.4981



68.8560, -56.4551, 35.8063

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.4119, 12.1936, -3.0372



9.0226, 16.6734, -3.6426



7.0095, 10.6478, 2.6716



8.0419, 0.1846, 0.1875



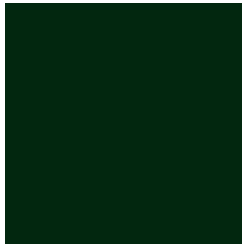
14.7092, 27.0381, -4.8218



39.6981, 72.5545, -9.7755

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.2411, -9.2199, 5.1925 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 12.2411, -9.2199, 5.1925 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.2411, -9.2199, 5.1925.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.2411, -9.2199, 5.1925.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.2411, -9.2199, 5.1925

Protanopia

12.5157, -1.8268, 5.8763

Deuteranopia

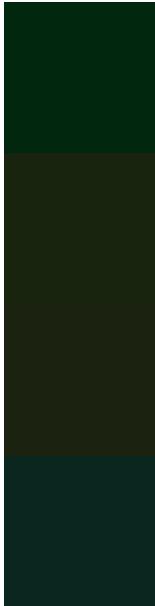
12.4294, 0.2516, 5.1337



Tritanopia

12.5956, -4.2108, -1.7620

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.2411, -9.2199, 5.1925

Protanomaly

12.1969, -5.4390, 5.4009

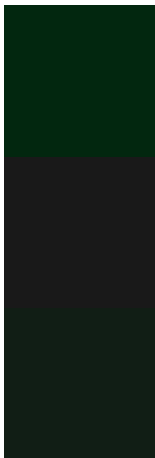
Deuteranomaly

12.1346, -4.3698, 5.0056

Tritanomaly

12.4752, -6.4007, 1.4141

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.2411, -9.2199, 5.1925

Achromatopsia

9.8596, -0.5261, 0.5357

Achromatomaly

10.4970, -4.2420, 2.3866

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 12.2411, -9.2199, 5.1925 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 39, 15)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 39, 15)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 39, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 39, 15) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 12.2411, -9.2199, 5.1925 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 39, 15) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 39, 15) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(2, 39, 15)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 39, 15); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 39, 15); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 39, 15) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 12.2411, -9.2199, 5.1925 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 39, 15) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 39,  
15) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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