

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(12.2515, 11.2064,  
8.5761)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(12.2515, 11.2064,  
8.5761) contains.

<b>HunterLab(12.3390, 11.4301, 7.8033)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(12.3390, 11.4301,  
7.8033)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	3F1300
RGB	63, 19, 0
RGB Percent	25%, 7%, 0%
CMY	0.7529, 0.9255, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 1.00, 0.75
HSL	18°, 100%, 12%
HSV	18°, 100%, 25%
XYZ	2.2828, 1.5225, 0.1736
YIQ	29.9900, 32.3230, 3.4190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

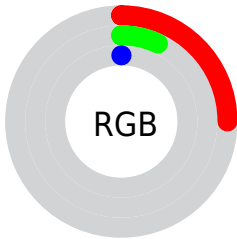
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">63, 27, 0</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">4133632</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">12.75, 20.33, 19.50</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">13, 28.174, 43.803</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">1.5226, 0.5737, 0.3827</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4282323712 (0xFF3F1300)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">29.9900, -14.7851, 28.9498</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">12.3390, 11.4301, 7.8033</a>

# Details

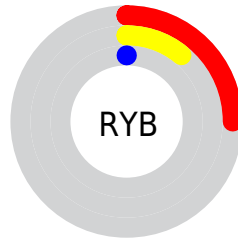
The HunterLab color **12.3390, 11.4301, 7.8033** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **14.6971, -3.8854, -9.9825**, and the grayscale version is **11.4290, -0.6098, 0.6210**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.2937, 12.9658, 11.2032**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.3393, 11.4291, 7.8035**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.0364, 10.0326, 7.3857**.

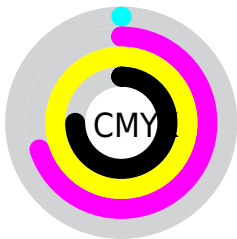
# Distribution



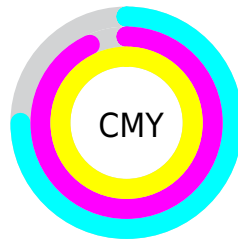
- Red (25%)
- Green (7%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (75%)




- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 12.3390, 11.4301, 7.8033 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 12.3390, 11.4301, 7.8033 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 12.3390, 11.4301,  
7.8033

 12.3390, 11.4301,  
7.8033


 103.5783, 16.2534,  
22.9829

 5.5186, 15.7606,  
3.8630


 27.2451, 13.3037,  
11.1046

0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN

 36.0442, 14.0199,  
12.9801

0.0000, NaN, NaN


 45.6280, 14.6164,  
14.7613

0.0000, NaN, NaN

 55.9367, 15.1090,  
16.4767

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


 66.9226, 15.5100,  
18.1451


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 78.5462, 15.8294,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


19.7798


 90.7743, 16.0750,  
21.3900


 12.3390, 11.4301,  
7.8033

 12.3390, 11.4301,  
7.8033


 12.3393, 11.4291,  
7.8035

 13.0364, 10.0326,  
7.3857

 13.8056, 8.5590,  
7.0790

 14.6539, 7.1050,  
6.6793

 15.5766, 5.7073,  
6.1541

 16.5660, 4.3783,  
5.5202

■ 17.6152, 3.1229,  
4.7937

■ 18.7179, 1.9418,  
3.9886

■ 19.8685, 0.8323,  
3.1168

■ 21.0623, -0.2098,  
2.1883

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.3394, 16.4933, 3.4927



12.3390, 11.4301, 7.8033



12.3394, 3.5815, 8.6375

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.3394, 11.4290, 7.8035



12.3394, -11.7394, 3.8914



12.3394, 2.9357, -21.1381

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.3390, 11.4301, 7.8033



14.6971, -3.8854, -9.9825

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.3394, -4.3945, -20.7859



12.3390, 11.4301, 7.8033



12.3394, -11.8469, -3.0283

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.3394, 11.4290, 7.8035



12.3394, -9.0685, 8.0830



12.3394, -9.3655, -12.9136



12.3394, 10.8609, -13.7018



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.3390, 11.4301, 7.8033



12.3394, -1.5920, 8.6375



12.3394, -9.3655, -12.9136



12.3394, 0.3024, -22.0194

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.3394, 11.4290, 7.8035



24.0758, 2.7110, 5.3115



11.1327, 20.7050, -5.5208



12.2419, 1.5029, 2.8047



62.6995, -3.3455, 3.4066



14.8260, -0.7911, 0.8055



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.3394, 11.4290, 7.8035



15.6677, 15.6965, 9.9292



18.3638, -0.9576, 11.2989



11.0428, -0.1933, 1.0563



18.0296, 18.7253, 11.4376



44.1704, 52.3441, 28.1340



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.6971, -3.8854, -9.9825



18.7833, -4.6435, -13.4534



7.9789, 9.2157, -29.8665



11.1783, -0.9649, 0.1411



21.6753, -5.1723, -15.9267

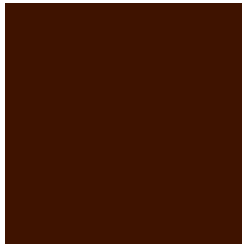


53.5598, -10.8281, -43.5704



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.3390, 11.4301, 7.8033 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

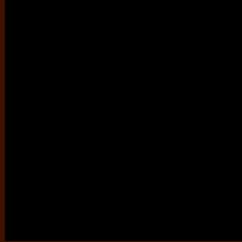
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 12.3390, 11.4301, 7.8033 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.3390, 11.4301, 7.8033.



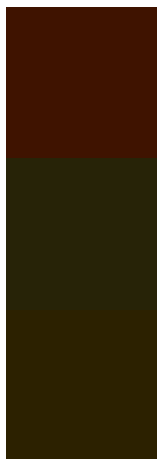
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.3390, 11.4301,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

12.3390, 11.4301, 7.8033

### Protanopia

12.8403, -1.9508, 6.9498

### Deuteranopia

12.7404, -0.1232, 7.8484



## Tritanopia

12.3816, 12.5770, 5.1094

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

12.3390, 11.4301, 7.8033

## Protanomaly

12.3121, 2.8134, 7.0828

## Deuteranomaly

12.3867, 3.9811, 7.7024

## Tritanomaly

12.3026, 12.2276, 6.2690

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

12.3390, 11.4301, 7.8033

## Achromatopsia

11.3943, -0.6080, 0.6191

## Achromatomaly

11.3051, 2.9810, 3.7872

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 12.3390, 11.4301, 7.8033 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(63, 19, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(63, 19, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 19, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(63, 19, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 12.3390, 11.4301, 7.8033 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(63, 19, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(63, 19, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(63, 19, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(63, 19, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 19, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 19, 0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 12.3390, 11.4301, 7.8033 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(63, 19, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(63, 19,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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