

Converting Colors

HunterLab(12.3256, -4.7546,
-0.9076)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(12.3256, -4.7546,
-0.9076) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(12.4502, -4.9187,
-0.7494)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0E2525
RGB	14, 37, 37
RGB Percent	5%, 15%, 15%
CMY	0.9451, 0.8549, 0.8549
CMYK	0.62, 0.00, 0.00, 0.85
HSL	180°, 45%, 10%
HSV	180°, 62%, 15%
XYZ	1.1766, 1.5501, 1.9874
YIQ	30.1230, -13.7080, -4.8760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	14, 26, 37
Decimal	927013
CIELab	12.92, -9.00, -2.79
CIELCh	13, 9.426, 197.228
Yxy	1.5501, 0.2496, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279117093 (0xFF0E2525)
YUV	30.1230, 3.3904, -14.1399
Hunter-Lab	12.4502, -4.9187, -0.7494

Details

The HunterLab color **12.4502, -4.9187, -0.7494** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **8.5974, 5.7023, 2.5319**, and the grayscale version is **11.4257, -0.6096, 0.6208**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.4651, -7.2154, -0.4349**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.3419, -5.3353, -0.8966**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.5798, -4.4276, -0.5753**.

Distribution



- Red (5%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (5%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (15%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (85%)



- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (85%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 12.4502, -4.9187, -0.7494 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 12.4502, -4.9187, -0.7494 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.4502, -4.9187,
-0.7494

■ 12.4502, -4.9187,
-0.7494

■ 103.8038,
-14.6618, 2.8756

■ 5.6888, -7.2000,
-1.7246

■ 27.3897, -7.1643,
-0.3236

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 36.2029, -8.2367,
-0.0096

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 45.7996, -9.2987,
0.3598

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.1204, -10.3587,
0.7788

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.1176, -11.4220,
1.2430

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.7519, -12.4921,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

1.7490

■ 90.9901, -13.5715,
2.2940

■ 12.4502, -4.9187,
-0.7494

■ 12.4502, -4.9187,
-0.7494

■ 12.3419, -5.3353,
-0.8966

■ 12.5798, -4.4276,
-0.5753

■ 12.2448, -5.7115,
-1.0297

■ 12.7303, -3.8625,
-0.3751

■ 12.1469, -6.0942,
-1.1650

■ 12.9024, -3.2254,
-0.1492

■ 12.0696, -6.3989,
-1.2726

■ 13.0962, -2.5191,
0.1015

■ 13.3114, -1.7471,
0.3758

■ 13.5480, -0.9134,
0.6722

■ 13.8055, -0.0226,
0.9894

■ 14.0836, 0.9209,
1.3256

■ 14.3816, 1.9121,
1.6793

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.4504, -5.0017, 1.6438



12.4502, -4.9187, -0.7494



12.4504, -3.7545, -3.1538

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.4504, -4.9188, -0.7492



12.4504, 3.0510, -2.8317



12.4504, 0.4120, 4.3577

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.4502, -4.9187, -0.7494



8.5974, 5.7023, 2.5319

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.4504, 2.7586, 3.5807



12.4502, -4.9187, -0.7494



12.4504, 4.3608, -0.3726

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.4504, -4.9188, -0.7492



12.4504, 0.7861, -4.5089



12.4504, 4.2498, 1.9535



12.4504, -2.0525, 4.2945

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.4502, -4.9187, -0.7494



12.4504, -2.4658, -4.2999



12.4504, 4.2498, 1.9535



12.4504, 1.2443, 4.1907

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.4504, -4.9188, -0.7492



16.7456, -3.0369, 0.1915



12.0473, -7.3329, 5.2502



9.6650, -1.7611, 0.1078



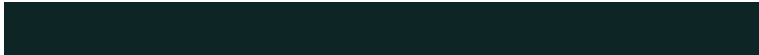
56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665



10.0114, -0.5342, 0.5439

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.4504, -4.9188, -0.7492



15.6429, -7.1610, -1.2700



9.8012, -1.0907, -4.5679



7.6268, -0.7873, 0.2869



25.6467, -13.5970, -2.7041



70.8930, -37.5852, -7.4745

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.5974, 5.7023, 2.5319



9.6534, 9.7363, 3.9601



10.6083, 1.4997, 4.2407



7.3299, 0.0046, 0.5309



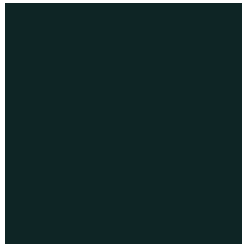
13.3265, 22.8221, 8.6110



36.8374, 63.0851, 23.8032

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.4502, -4.9187, -0.7494 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

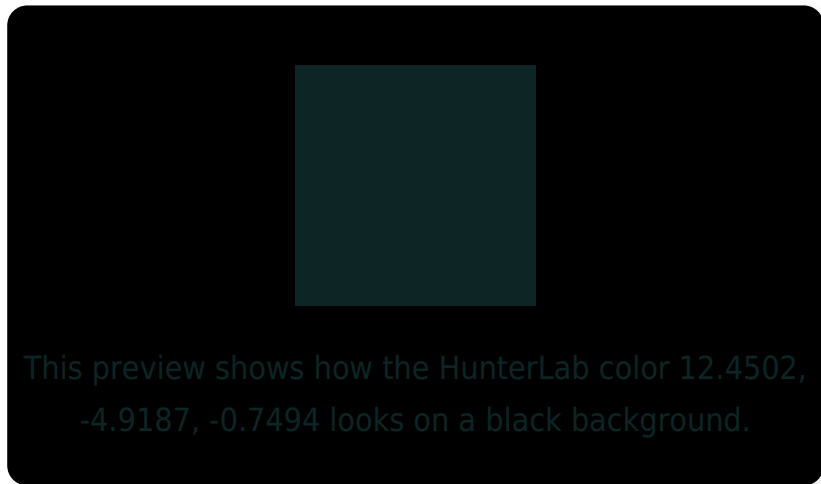
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

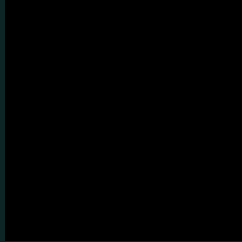
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

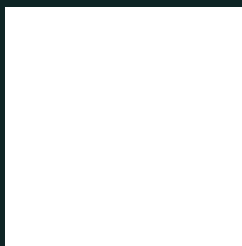
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 12.4502, -4.9187, -0.7494 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.4502, -4.9187, -0.7494.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.4502, -4.9187, -0.7494.

-0.7494.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.4502, -4.9187, -0.7494

Protanopia

12.4465, -0.1700, 0.0918

Deuteranopia

12.5896, 0.4671, -0.8700



Tritanopia

12.5614, -4.3395, -1.8110

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.4502, -4.9187, -0.7494

Protanomaly

12.2656, -1.9280, -0.5438

Deuteranomaly

12.3167, -1.6433, -1.2664

Tritanomaly

12.5347, -4.4942, -1.4341

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.4502, -4.9187, -0.7494

Achromatopsia

11.3943, -0.6080, 0.6191

Achromatomaly

11.7971, -2.5626, -0.0069

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 12.4502, -4.9187, -0.7494 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(14, 37, 37)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(14, 37, 37)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(14, 37, 37) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(14, 37, 37) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 12.4502, -4.9187, -0.7494 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(14, 37, 37) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(14, 37, 37) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(14, 37, 37)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(14, 37, 37); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(14, 37, 37);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(14, 37, 37)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 12.4502, -4.9187, -0.7494 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(14, 37, 37) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(14, 37,  
37) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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