

Converting Colors

HunterLab(12.3321, 2.4511,
-7.4160)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(12.3321, 2.4511, -7.4160)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(12.2894, 2.4971,
-7.4937)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1F1F33
RGB	31, 31, 51
RGB Percent	12%, 12%, 20%
CMY	0.8784, 0.8784, 0.8000
CMYK	0.39, 0.39, 0.00, 0.80
HSL	240°, 24%, 16%
HSV	240°, 39%, 20%
XYZ	1.6526, 1.5103, 3.3364
YIQ	33.2800, -6.4200, 6.2200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

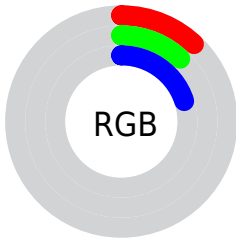
Format	Color
RYB	31, 31, 51
Decimal	2039603
CIELab	12.67, 5.94, -13.15
CIELCh	13, 14.427, 294.316
Yxy	1.5104, 0.2543, 0.2324
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280229683 (0xFF1F1F33)
YUV	33.2800, 8.7360, -1.9996
Hunter-Lab	12.2894, 2.4971, -7.4937




Details

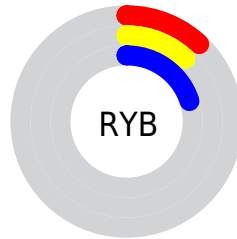
The HunterLab color **12.2894, 2.4971, -7.4937** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **17.8056, -3.1261, 6.6003**, and the grayscale version is **12.3955, -0.6614, 0.6735**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.2612, 2.4111, -7.7559**, and **0.4681, 1.2698, -3.3263** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.9166, 3.5950, -10.2206**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.7250, 1.5051, -5.0460**.

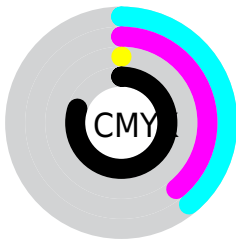
Distribution







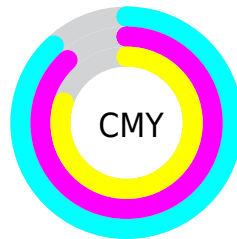
-  Red (12%)
-  Green (12%)
-  Blue (20%)






-  Red (12%)
-  Yellow (12%)
-  Blue (20%)



-  Cyan (39%)
-  Magenta (39%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (80%)



-  Cyan (88%)
-  Magenta (88%)
-  Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 12.2894, 2.4971, -7.4937 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 12.2894, 2.4971, -7.4937 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.2894, 2.4971,
-7.4937

■ 12.2894, 2.4971,
-7.4937

103.4772, 0.6610,
-8.0899

■ 5.4406, 4.4674,
-10.0195

■ 27.1803, 2.5774,
-8.1270

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 35.9731, 2.4813,
-8.3242

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 45.5511, 2.3140,
-8.4444

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.8544, 2.0847,
-8.4936

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.8352, 1.8001,
-8.4779

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.4540, 1.4653,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-8.4025

90.6776, 1.0845,
-8.2719

12.2894, 2.4971,
-7.4937

12.2894, 2.4971,
-7.4937

10.9166, 3.5950,
-10.2206

13.7250, 1.5051,
-5.0460

9.6193, 4.8237,
-13.2925

15.2131, 0.5976,
-2.8216

8.4163, 6.2056,
-16.7691

16.7465, -0.2431,
-0.7738

7.3332, 7.7470,
-20.6684

18.3197, -1.0311,
1.1341

6.2764, 9.6670,
-25.5498

19.9284, -1.7772,
2.9305

■ 5.0030, 12.8984,
-33.8079

■ 21.5692, -2.4899,
4.6379

■ 4.8890, 13.2613,
-34.7377

■ 23.2392, -3.1758,
6.2736

■ 24.9361, -3.8403,
7.8515

■ 26.6581, -4.4874,
9.3823

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.2896, -1.3713, -8.4443



12.2894, 2.4971, -7.4937



12.2896, 5.8545, -4.1116

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.2896, 2.4970, -7.4934



12.2896, 3.8995, 5.1851



12.2896, -7.1109, 1.3373

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.2894, 2.4971, -7.4937



17.8056, -3.1261, 6.6003

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.2896, -6.0426, 4.0711



12.2894, 2.4971, -7.4937



12.2896, 0.0752, 6.0748

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



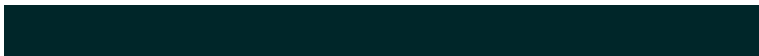
12.2896, 2.4970, -7.4934



12.2896, 6.7305, 3.1991



12.2896, -3.5208, 5.6671



12.2896, -6.6277, -2.5486

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.2894, 2.4971, -7.4937



12.2896, 7.1931, -1.3608



12.2896, -3.5208, 5.6671



12.2896, -6.9258, 2.4025

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.2896, 2.4970, -7.4934



20.8990, 0.0481, -1.8757



17.0235, -5.1872, -0.5092



11.0436, 0.0206, -0.9786



59.5560, -3.1778, 3.2358



12.3795, -0.6605, 0.6726

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.2896, 2.4970, -7.4934



14.0247, 4.6696, -13.2627



13.0018, 4.7325, -6.1879



9.2991, -0.1778, -0.3188



8.5175, 23.1037, -60.5201



22.3535, 60.6337, -158.8302

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.8667, 7.3072, -4.7189



16.6609, 12.2455, -8.0267



17.1407, -5.5691, 5.9803



9.4671, 0.3954, -0.0981



16.9166, 33.2585, -22.3114



44.3960, 87.2839, -58.5542

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.2894, 2.4971, -7.4937 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

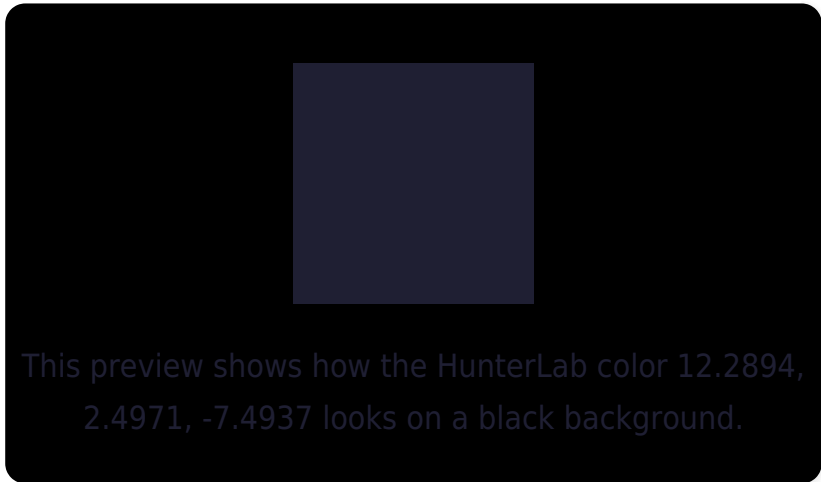
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

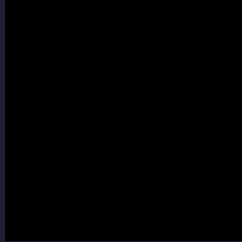
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 12.2894, 2.4971, -7.4937 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.2894, 2.4971, -7.4937.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.2894, 2.4971, -7.4937.

-7.4937.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.2894, 2.4971, -7.4937

Protanopia

12.1968, 1.1530, -8.2570

Deuteranopia

12.3326, 0.3906, -7.4511



Tritanopia

12.3471, -1.5869, -0.8242

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.2894, 2.4971, -7.4937

Protanomaly

12.3043, 1.5096, -8.0465

Deuteranomaly

12.2681, 1.3169, -7.5538

Tritanomaly

12.3130, -0.2594, -2.9651

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.2894, 2.4971, -7.4937

Achromatopsia

12.3323, -0.6580, 0.6700

Achromatomaly

12.2201, 0.4551, -2.2021

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 12.2894, 2.4971, -7.4937 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(31, 31, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(31, 31, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 31, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(31, 31, 51) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 12.2894, 2.4971, -7.4937 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(31, 31, 51) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(31, 31, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(31, 31, 51)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(31, 31, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 31, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 31, 51)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 12.2894, 2.4971, -7.4937 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(31, 31, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(31, 31,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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