

Converting Colors

HunterLab(12.3548, -0.2605,
1.6788)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(12.3548, -0.2605, 1.6788)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(12.4047, -0.5363,
1.7636)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	23211E
RGB	35, 33, 30
RGB Percent	14%, 13%, 12%
CMY	0.8627, 0.8706, 0.8824
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.14, 0.86
HSL	36°, 8%, 13%
HSV	36°, 14%, 14%
XYZ	1.4713, 1.5388, 1.4477
YIQ	33.2560, 2.1550, -0.5090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

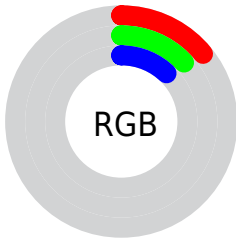
Format	Color
R_{YB}	33, 35, 30
Decimal	2302238
CIE Lab	12.85, 0.25, 2.36
CIE LCh	13, 2.378, 84.024
Yxy	1.5388, 0.3301, 0.3452
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280492318 (0xFF23211E)
YUV	33.2560, -1.6052, 1.5295
Hunter-Lab	12.4047, -0.5363, 1.7636

Details

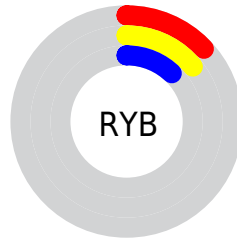
The HunterLab color **12.4047, -0.5363, 1.7636** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **11.9597, -0.7017, -0.5257**, and the grayscale version is **12.4175, -0.6626, 0.6747**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.3211, -1.3309, 2.7526**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.0244, -0.3924, 2.4380**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.7947, -0.6513, 1.0336**.

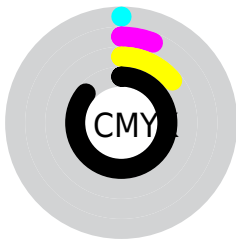
Distribution



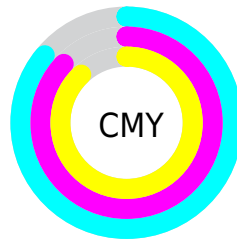
- Red (14%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (86%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 12.4047, -0.5363, 1.7636 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 12.4047, -0.5363, 1.7636 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.4047, -0.5363,
1.7636

■ 12.4047, -0.5363,
1.7636

103.7116, -5.2841,
7.9364

■ 5.6198, -0.1082,
2.0500

■ 27.3305, -1.2960,
2.9323

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 36.1380, -1.7505,
3.5603

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 45.7294, -2.2482,
4.2184

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.0453, -2.7855,
4.9059

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.0378, -3.3599,
5.6223

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.6677, -3.9690,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

6.3667

■ 90.9018, -4.6109,
7.1383

■ 12.4047, -0.5363,
1.7636

■ 12.4047, -0.5363,
1.7636

■ 12.0244, -0.3924,
2.4380

■ 12.7947, -0.6513,
1.0336

■ 11.6534, -0.2172,
3.0527

■ 13.1930, -0.7378,
0.2508

■ 11.2924, -0.0099,
3.6046

■ 13.5996, -0.7975,
-0.5816

■ 10.9419, 0.2308,
4.0901

■ 14.0142, -0.8317,
-1.4604

■ 10.6024, 0.5057,
4.5060

■ 14.4362, -0.8419,
-2.3829

■ 10.2740, 0.8138,
4.8536

■ 14.8654, -0.8293,
-3.3463

■ 9.9518, 1.1265,
5.2110

■ 15.3015, -0.7952,
-4.3482

■ 9.6341, 1.4333,
5.6081

■ 15.7441, -0.7407,
-5.3862

■ 9.4547, 1.6056,
5.8541

■ 16.1930, -0.6670,
-6.4583

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.4050, 0.0545, 1.5690



12.4047, -0.5363, 1.7636



12.4050, -1.1501, 1.6789

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.4050, -0.5366, 1.7638



12.4050, -1.7459, 0.1986



12.4050, 0.3294, -0.0184

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.4047, -0.5363, 1.7636



11.9597, -0.7017, -0.5257

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.4050, -0.1673, -0.4200



12.4047, -0.5363, 1.7636



12.4050, -1.3637, -0.2904

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.4050, -0.5366, 1.7638



12.4050, -1.8403, 0.7942



12.4050, -0.7880, -0.5219



12.4050, 0.5609, 0.5551

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.4047, -0.5363, 1.7636



12.4050, -1.4903, 1.4728



12.4050, -0.7880, -0.5219



12.4050, 0.1875, -0.1791

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.4050, -0.5366, 1.7638



16.2798, -0.8287, 1.3158



11.7905, 0.8360, 0.4083



9.1187, -0.4638, 0.7401



55.4075, -2.9564, 3.0104



9.2414, -0.4931, 0.5021

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.4050, -0.5366, 1.7638



15.5914, -0.6149, 2.5922



12.8236, -1.3994, 2.1983



7.5492, -0.3662, 0.7753



19.9264, 5.8187, 12.3804



53.2584, 19.8136, 33.1645

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.9597, -0.7017, -0.5257



14.8704, -0.8810, -1.1170



11.5477, 0.1611, -1.0457



7.4026, -0.4207, 0.0219



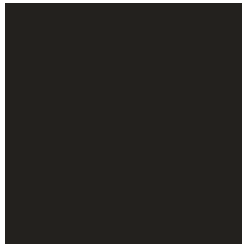
12.9231, 5.5798, -28.1978



32.9952, 21.5685, -87.8013

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.4047, -0.5363, 1.7636 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

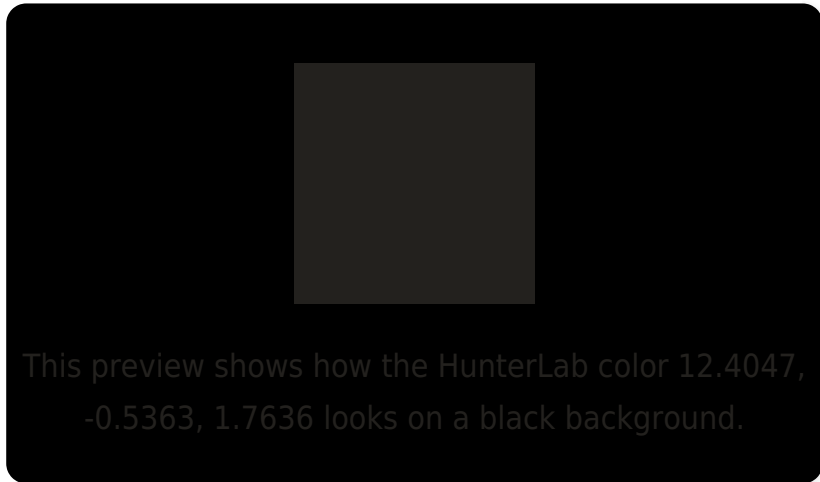
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

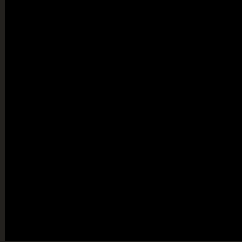
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 12.4047, -0.5363, 1.7636 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.4047, -0.5363, 1.7636.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.4047, -0.5363, 1.7636.

1.7636.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.4047, -0.5363, 1.7636

Protanopia

12.4047, -0.5363, 1.7636

Deuteranopia

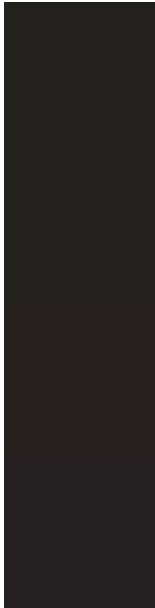
12.4050, 0.5976, 1.7837



Tritanopia

12.3671, 0.6926, 0.0094

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.4047, -0.5363, 1.7636

Protanomaly

12.4047, -0.5363, 1.7636

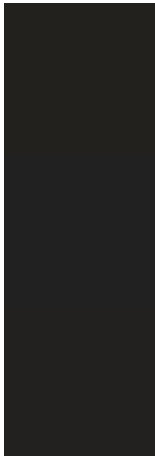
Deuteranomaly

12.3291, 0.3407, 1.6963

Tritanomaly

12.3203, 0.4411, 0.6752

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.4047, -0.5363, 1.7636

Achromatopsia

12.3323, -0.6580, 0.6700

Achromatomaly

12.3777, -0.5449, 1.0719

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 12.4047, -0.5363, 1.7636 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(35, 33, 30)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(35, 33, 30)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(35, 33, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(35, 33, 30) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 12.4047, -0.5363, 1.7636 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(35, 33, 30) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(35, 33, 30) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(35, 33, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(35, 33, 30); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 33, 30);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 33, 30)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 12.4047, -0.5363, 1.7636 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(35, 33, 30) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(35, 33,  
30) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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