

Converting Colors

HunterLab(12.4128, -2.9898,
1.9486)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(12.4128, -2.9898, 1.9486)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(12.4002, -2.9626,
2.0312)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1C231D
RGB	28, 35, 29
RGB Percent	11%, 14%, 11%
CMY	0.8902, 0.8627, 0.8863
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.17, 0.86
HSL	129°, 11%, 12%
HSV	129°, 20%, 14%
XYZ	1.3017, 1.5376, 1.3906
YIQ	32.2230, -2.2460, -3.3500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

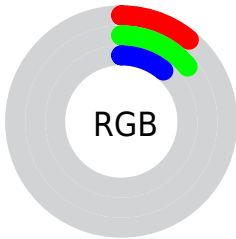
Format	Color
RYB	28, 34, 35
Decimal	1843997
CIELab	12.85, -4.71, 2.98
CIELCh	13, 5.574, 147.630
Yxy	1.5377, 0.3077, 0.3635
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280034077 (0xFF1C231D)
YUV	32.2230, -1.5889, -3.7036
Hunter-Lab	12.4002, -2.9626, 2.0312

Details

The HunterLab color **12.4002, -2.9626, 2.0312** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **11.4165, 1.8664, -0.7924**, and the grayscale version is **12.0937, -0.6453, 0.6571**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.2019, -4.5287, 3.3194**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.1535, -3.9936, 2.6513**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.6710, -1.8599, 1.3810**.

Distribution



Red (11%)

Green (14%)

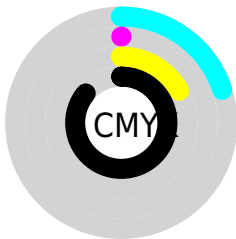
Blue (11%)



Red (11%)

Yellow (13%)

Blue (14%)

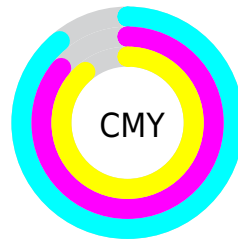


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (86%)



Cyan (89%)

Magenta (86%)

Yellow (89%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 12.4002, -2.9626, 2.0312 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 12.4002, -2.9626, 2.0312 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.4002, -2.9626,
2.0312

■ 12.4002, -2.9626,
2.0312

103.7025,
-10.3454, 8.5276

■ 5.6130, -3.9547,
2.5095

■ 27.3246, -4.5003,
3.2970

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 36.1316, -5.2803,
3.9651

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 45.7225, -6.0759,
4.6597

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.0378, -6.8897,
5.3809

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.0299, -7.7230,
6.1288

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.6594, -8.5766,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

6.9029

■ 90.8931, -9.4506,
7.7027

■ 12.4002, -2.9626,
2.0312

■ 12.4002, -2.9626,
2.0312

■ 12.1535, -3.9936,
2.6513

■ 12.6710, -1.8599,
1.3810

■ 11.9307, -4.9451,
3.2366

■ 12.9646, -0.6920,
0.7045

■ 11.7323, -5.8109,
3.7830

■ 13.2805, 0.5336,
0.0060

■ 11.5584, -6.5854,
4.2865

■ 13.6179, 1.8097,
-0.7108

■ 11.4088, -7.2640,
4.7437

■ 13.9760, 3.1298,
-1.4422

■ 11.2759, -7.8746,
5.1455

■ 14.3539, 4.4876,
-2.1853

■ 11.1456, -8.4751,
5.4974

■ 14.7508, 5.8776,
-2.9372

■ 11.0140, -9.0893,
5.8546

■ 15.1656, 7.2947,
-3.6954

■ 15.5976, 8.7344,
-4.4581

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.4005, -1.9475, 2.8308



12.4002, -2.9626, 2.0312



12.4005, -3.3647, 0.7858

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.4005, -2.9629, 2.0314



12.4005, -0.7791, -2.3268



12.4005, 1.9455, 1.8595

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.4002, -2.9626, 2.0312



11.4165, 1.8664, -0.7924

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.4005, 2.2934, 0.5631



12.4002, -2.9626, 2.0312



12.4005, 0.6774, -1.9544

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.4005, -2.9629, 2.0314



12.4005, -2.1412, -1.8204



12.4005, 1.8192, -0.8543



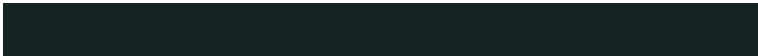
12.4005, 0.8893, 2.7400

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.4002, -2.9626, 2.0312



12.4005, -3.2454, -0.1682



12.4005, 1.8192, -0.8543



12.4005, 2.1512, 1.4628

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.4005, -2.9629, 2.0314



16.2522, -1.8458, 1.4539



12.7562, -1.7171, 2.7239



9.1121, -1.0050, 0.7976



55.4075, -2.9564, 3.0104



9.2414, -0.4931, 0.5021

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.4005, -2.9629, 2.0314



15.5938, -4.5355, 3.0431



12.4726, -2.5553, 0.9970



7.5952, -0.9623, 0.7380



24.4952, -20.6298, 13.9170



67.6337, -57.5044, 39.5993

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.4165, 1.8664, -0.7924



13.9931, 3.3285, -1.5523



11.3337, 1.4293, 0.3827



7.3622, 0.1797, 0.0698



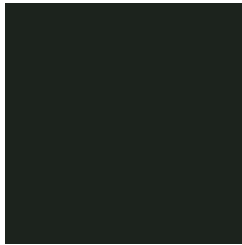
14.8910, 28.4657, -13.3580



41.0288, 78.2177, -35.1504

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.4002, -2.9626, 2.0312 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

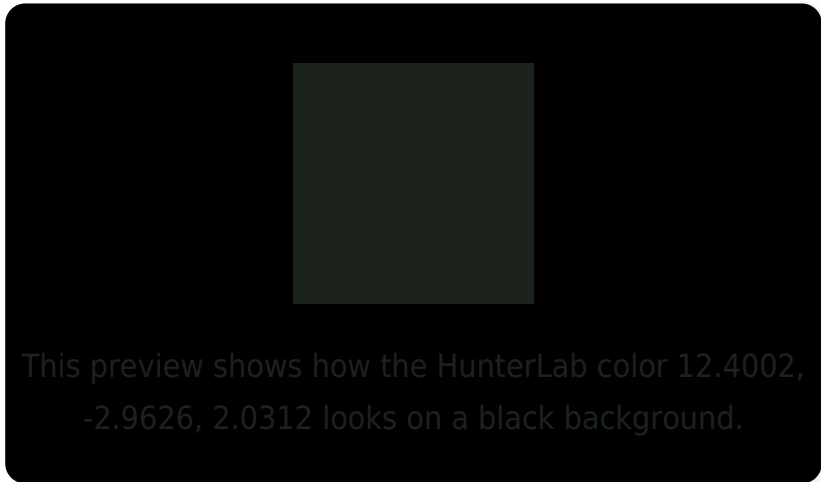
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

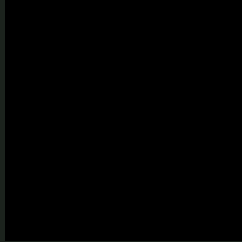
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

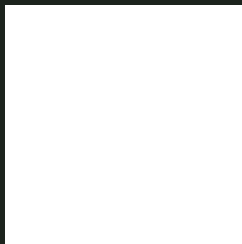
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 12.4002, -2.9626, 2.0312 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.4002, -2.9626, 2.0312.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.4002, -2.9626, 2.0312.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.4002, -2.9626, 2.0312

Protanopia

12.3648, -0.7551, 2.3380

Deuteranopia

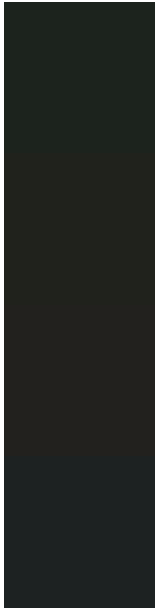
12.4050, 0.5976, 1.7837



Tritanopia

12.4050, -1.3816, -0.7457

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.4002, -2.9626, 2.0312

Protanomaly

12.3894, -1.8381, 2.3447

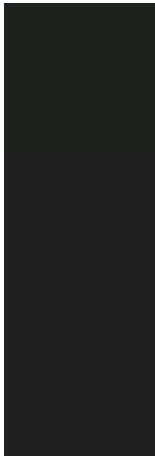
Deuteranomaly

12.3350, -0.7787, 1.6832

Tritanomaly

12.3319, -1.7874, 0.2915

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.4002, -2.9626, 2.0312

Achromatopsia

12.0183, -0.6413, 0.6530

Achromatomaly

12.1571, -1.3613, 1.1452

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 12.4002, -2.9626, 2.0312 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(28, 35, 29)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(28, 35, 29)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 35, 29) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(28, 35, 29) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 12.4002, -2.9626, 2.0312 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(28, 35, 29) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(28, 35, 29) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 35, 29) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(28, 35, 29); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 35, 29);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 35, 29)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 12.4002, -2.9626, 2.0312 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(28, 35, 29) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(28, 35,  
29) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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