

Converting Colors

HunterLab(12.4458, 0.5371,
-2.2285)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(12.4458, 0.5371, -2.2285)
contains.

HunterLab(12.5345, 0.4409, -2.1916)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(12.5345, 0.4409,
-2.1916)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	212129
RGB	33, 33, 41
RGB Percent	13%, 13%, 16%
CMY	0.8706, 0.8706, 0.8392
CMYK	0.20, 0.20, 0.00, 0.84
HSL	240°, 11%, 15%
HSV	240°, 20%, 16%
XYZ	1.5713, 1.5711, 2.3183
YIQ	33.9120, -2.5680, 2.4880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

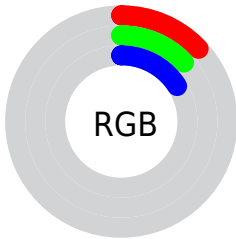
Format	Color
R_{YB}	33, 33, 41
Decimal	2171177
CIE _{Lab}	13.05, 2.14, -5.34
CIE _{LCh}	13, 5.754, 291.859
Yxy	1.5712, 0.2877, 0.2877
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280361257 (0xFF212129)
YUV	33.9120, 3.4944, -0.7998
Hunter-Lab	12.5345, 0.4409, -2.1916

Details

The HunterLab color **12.5345, 0.4409, -2.1916** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **14.7211, -1.7302, 3.2456**, and the grayscale version is **12.6100, -0.6728, 0.6851**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.4908, -0.0979, -2.0500**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.3743, 1.1408, -3.9065**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.7284, -0.2109, -0.6045**.

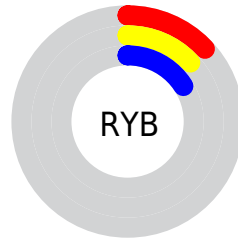
Distribution



Red (13%)

Green (13%)

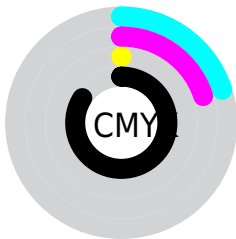
Blue (16%)



Red (13%)

Yellow (13%)

Blue (16%)

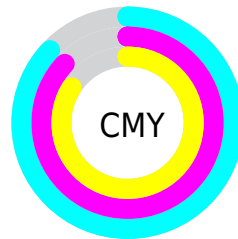


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (84%)



Cyan (87%)

Magenta (87%)

Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 12.5345, 0.4409, -2.1916 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 12.5345, 0.4409, -2.1916 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.5345, 0.4409,
-2.1916

■ 12.5345, 0.4409,
-2.1916

103.9747, -3.3349,
0.2834

■ 5.8144, 1.2950,
-3.4906

■ 27.4993, -0.0362,
-2.0827

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 36.3232, -0.3710,
-1.9093

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 45.9297, -0.7585,
-1.6713

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.2596, -1.1933,
-1.3760

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.2653, -1.6713,
-1.0289

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.9077, -2.1892,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-0.6343

■ 91.1536, -2.7445,
-0.1959

■ 12.5345, 0.4409,
-2.1916

■ 12.5345, 0.4409,
-2.1916

■ 11.3743, 1.1408,
-3.9065

■ 13.7284, -0.2109,
-0.6045

■ 10.2520, 1.9015,
-5.7818

■ 14.9513, -0.8237,
0.8794

■ 9.1744, 2.7377,
-7.8562

■ 16.2006, -1.4053,
2.2805

■ 8.1503, 3.6664,
-10.1746

■ 17.4737, -1.9618,
3.6147

■ 7.1916, 4.7044,
-12.7815

■ 18.7687, -2.4980,
4.8944

■ 6.2984, 5.8854,
-15.7639

■ 20.0838, -3.0177,
6.1296

■ 5.3033, 7.5745,
-20.0533

■ 21.4178, -3.5239,
7.3285

■ 4.0717, 10.6270,
-27.8526

■ 22.7694, -4.0191,
8.4973

■ 4.0019, 10.8502,
-28.4246

■ 24.1375, -4.5053,
9.6415

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.5348, -1.0819, -2.4038



12.5345, 0.4409, -2.1916



12.5348, 1.7203, -1.1649

Triad

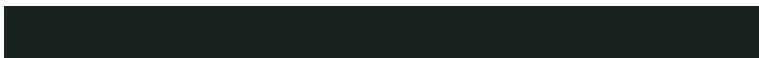
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.5348, 0.4407, -2.1914



12.5348, 1.1927, 2.6832



12.5348, -3.4413, 1.0708

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.5345, 0.4409, -2.1916



14.7211, -1.7302, 3.2456

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.5348, -2.8926, 2.2852



12.5345, 0.4409, -2.1916



12.5348, -0.2517, 3.1407

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.5348, 0.4407, -2.1914



12.5348, 2.1687, 1.6767



12.5348, -1.7423, 3.0042



12.5348, -3.2757, -0.4009

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.5345, 0.4409, -2.1916



12.5348, 2.2395, -0.2173



12.5348, -1.7423, 3.0042



12.5348, -3.3352, 1.5198

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.5348, 0.4407, -2.1914



18.0527, -0.5202, -0.1662



14.3820, -2.6035, 0.2183



10.2346, -0.2999, -0.0813



57.4755, -3.0668, 3.1228



10.7914, -0.5758, 0.5863

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.5348, 0.4407, -2.1914



15.2987, 0.9986, -3.8674



12.8011, 1.3350, -1.8051



7.9273, -0.1759, -0.2090



8.0160, 21.7383, -56.9460



21.7626, 59.0263, -154.6223

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.9189, 1.3349, 1.3802



15.9238, 2.4290, 1.9638



14.4620, -2.6569, 2.9660



8.0137, 0.0321, 0.5894



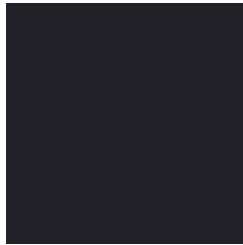
13.7541, 23.5544, 8.8869



37.3432, 63.9514, 24.1297

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.5345, 0.4409, -2.1916 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

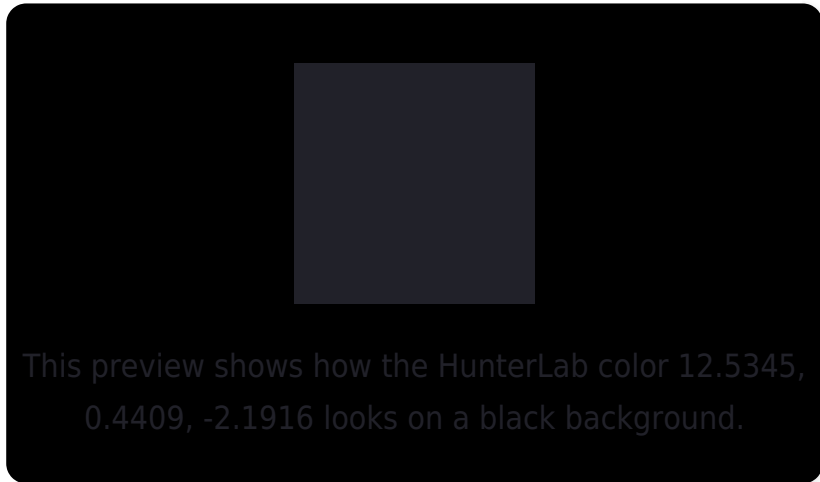
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

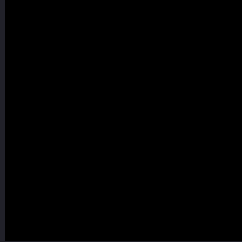
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

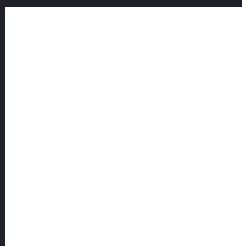
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 12.5345, 0.4409, -2.1916 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.5345, 0.4409, -2.1916.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.5345, 0.4409, -2.1916.

-2.1916.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.5345, 0.4409, -2.1916

Protanopia

12.4695, 0.2199, -2.2872

Deuteranopia

12.5345, 0.4409, -2.1916



Tritanopia

12.5639, -0.8727, -0.1500

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.5345, 0.4409, -2.1916

Protanomaly

12.4695, 0.2199, -2.2872

Deuteranomaly

12.5345, 0.4409, -2.1916

Tritanomaly

12.6138, -0.5990, -0.8572

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.5345, 0.4409, -2.1916

Achromatopsia

12.6476, -0.6748, 0.6872

Achromatomaly

12.7189, -0.2855, -0.3266

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 12.5345, 0.4409, -2.1916 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(33, 33, 41)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(33, 33, 41)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(33, 33, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(33, 33, 41) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 12.5345, 0.4409, -2.1916 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(33, 33, 41) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(33, 33, 41) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(33, 33, 41)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(33, 33, 41); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 33, 41);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 33, 41)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 12.5345, 0.4409, -2.1916 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(33, 33, 41) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(33, 33,  
41) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor