

Converting Colors

HunterLab(12.4917, -10.6377,
8.7442)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(12.4917, -10.6377,
8.7442) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(12.4493,
-10.0092, 7.4960)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	052800
RGB	5, 40, 0
RGB Percent	2%, 16%, 0%
CMY	0.9804, 0.8431, 1.0000
CMYK	0.88, 0.00, 1.00, 0.84
HSL	113°, 100%, 8%
HSV	113°, 100%, 16%
XYZ	0.8214, 1.5499, 0.2559
YIQ	24.9750, -8.0200, -19.8600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

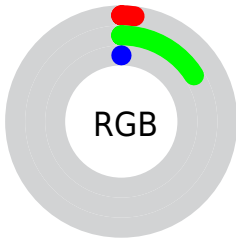
Format	Color
RYB	0, 40, 35
Decimal	337920
CIELab	12.92, -22.05, 18.62
CIELCh	13, 28.859, 139.822
Yxy	1.5499, 0.3127, 0.5899
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278528000 (0xFF052800)
YUV	24.9750, -12.3127, -17.5181
Hunter-Lab	12.4493, -10.0092, 7.4960

Details

The HunterLab color **12.4493, -10.0092, 7.4960** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **7.1454, 14.3804, -12.0033**, and the grayscale version is **9.8901, -0.5277, 0.5374**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.4571, -14.5287, 10.8573**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.4495, -10.0095, 7.4961**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.5748, -9.4130, 7.0421**.

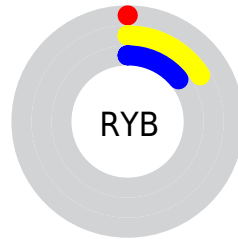
Distribution



Red (2%)

Green (16%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (14%)

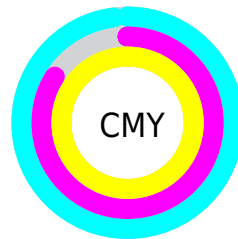


Cyan (88%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (84%)



Cyan (98%)

Magenta (84%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 12.4493, -10.0092, 7.4960 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 12.4493, -10.0092, 7.4960 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

12.4493, -10.0092,
7.4960

12.4493, -10.0092,
7.4960

103.8021,
-27.3070, 22.2982

5.6875, -9.9531,
3.9812

27.3885, -14.5682,
10.8052

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

36.2017, -16.5819,
12.6093

0.0000, NaN, NaN

45.7983, -18.4950,
14.3267

0.0000, NaN, NaN

56.1190, -20.3372,
15.9843

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

67.1160, -22.1277,
17.5996

0.0000, NaN, NaN

78.7502, -23.8802,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

19.1849

■ 90.9884, -25.6042,
20.7489

■ 12.4493, -10.0092,
7.4960

■ 12.4493, -10.0092,
7.4960

■ 12.4495, -10.0095,
7.4961

■ 12.5748, -9.4130,
7.0421

■ 12.7018, -8.8174,
6.6000

■ 12.8453, -8.1600,
6.1667

■ 13.0135, -7.3984,
5.6557

■ 13.2079, -6.5296,
5.0532

■ 13.4284, -5.5582,
4.3615

■ 13.6750, -4.4900,
3.5844

■ 13.9474, -3.3321,
2.7266

■ 14.2450, -2.0918,
1.7936

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.4496, -5.2588, 8.7147



12.4493, -10.0092, 7.4960



12.4496, -12.2339, 2.9000

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.4496, -10.0094, 7.4960



12.4496, -3.1526, -22.3660



12.4496, 16.3584, 4.5550

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.4493, -10.0092, 7.4960



7.1454, 14.3804, -12.0033

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.4496, 17.3127, -2.0490



12.4493, -10.0092, 7.4960



12.4496, 4.7098, -20.8941

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.4496, -10.0094, 7.4960



12.4496, -8.7858, -15.3930



12.4496, 12.6418, -12.1050



12.4496, 10.2828, 8.6382

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.4493, -10.0092, 7.4960



12.4496, -12.2448, -1.9454



12.4496, 12.6418, -12.1050



12.4496, 17.3366, 2.8307

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.4496, -10.0094, 7.4960



17.0233, -5.8542, 4.6574



12.7818, -1.8893, 7.8429



9.3741, -3.1902, 2.5400



56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665



10.0114, -0.5342, 0.5439

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.4496, -10.0094, 7.4960



15.5203, -12.6275, 9.3424



12.4547, -9.7182, 5.4117



8.3307, -1.0686, 0.9311



25.3611, -21.0591, 15.2587



68.6570, -58.0288, 41.2902

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.1454, 14.3804, -12.0033



8.8795, 17.8981, -15.1279



7.2304, 13.3726, -3.0081



8.0409, 0.2133, -0.0602



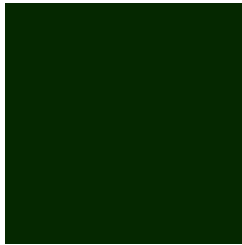
14.4352, 29.1711, -25.1712



38.8261, 78.6880, -69.4618

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.4493, -10.0092, 7.4960 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 12.4493, -10.0092, 7.4960 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.4493, -10.0092, 7.4960.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.4493,

-10.0092, 7.4960.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.4493, -10.0092, 7.4960

Protanopia

12.5515, -1.9309, 7.7003

Deuteranopia

12.5153, 0.3773, 6.4942



Tritanopia

12.6313, -4.0767, -1.7109

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.4493, -10.0092, 7.4960

Protanomaly

12.2261, -5.5857, 7.4359

Deuteranomaly

12.1508, -4.5081, 6.5676

Tritanomaly

12.4176, -6.8594, 3.1403

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.4493, -10.0092, 7.4960

Achromatopsia

9.8596, -0.5261, 0.5357

Achromatomaly

10.4621, -4.5356, 3.5892

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 12.4493, -10.0092, 7.4960 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(5, 40, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(5, 40, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(5, 40, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(5, 40, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 12.4493, -10.0092, 7.4960 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(5, 40, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(5, 40, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(5, 40, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(5, 40, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(5, 40, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(5, 40, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 12.4493, -10.0092, 7.4960 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(5, 40, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(5, 40,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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