

Converting Colors

HunterLab(12.5000, 7.3430,
6.7707)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(12.5000, 7.3430, 6.7707)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(12.4641, 7.1500,
6.7127)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	381908
RGB	56, 25, 8
RGB Percent	22%, 10%, 3%
CMY	0.7804, 0.9020, 0.9686
CMYK	0.00, 0.55, 0.86, 0.78
HSL	21°, 75%, 13%
HSV	21°, 86%, 22%
XYZ	2.0223, 1.5535, 0.4230
YIQ	32.3310, 23.9330, 1.2850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

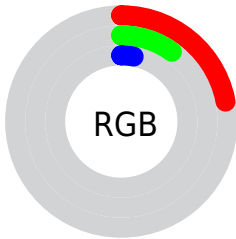
Format	Color
R_YB	56, 34, 8
Decimal	3676424
CIE _{Lab}	12.94, 13.79, 16.27
CIE _{LCh}	13, 21.326, 49.716
Yxy	1.5536, 0.5057, 0.3885
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281866504 (0xFF381908)
YUV	32.3310, -11.9952, 20.7577
Hunter-Lab	12.4641, 7.1500, 6.7127

Details

The HunterLab color **12.4641, 7.1500, 6.7127** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **13.3719, -2.8514, -8.3991**, and the grayscale version is **12.1535, -0.6485, 0.6603**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.5106, 8.2524, 10.0947**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.8178, 8.3088, 7.0817**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.1587, 5.9681, 6.4042**.

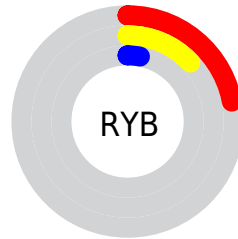
Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (10%)

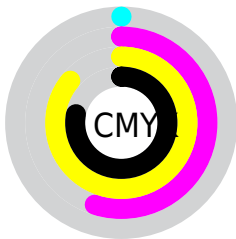
Blue (3%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (13%)

Blue (3%)

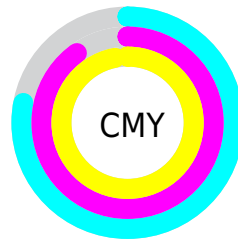


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (86%)

Black (78%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (90%)

Yellow (97%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 12.4641, 7.1500, 6.7127 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 12.4641, 7.1500, 6.7127 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

12.4641, 7.1500,
6.7127

12.4641, 7.1500,
6.7127

103.8322, 9.0532,
20.3719

5.7099, 10.2179,
3.9969

27.4079, 8.2625,
9.8788

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

36.2229, 8.6238,
11.4997

0.0000, NaN, NaN

45.8212, 8.8836,
13.0528

0.0000, NaN, NaN

56.1435, 9.0562,
14.5605

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

67.1421, 9.1521,
16.0375

0.0000, NaN, NaN

78.7777, 9.1794,

0.0000, NaN, NaN


17.4939


 91.0173, 9.1447,
18.9369


 12.4641, 7.1500,
6.7127


 12.4641, 7.1500,
6.7127


 11.8178, 8.3088,
7.0817


 13.1587, 5.9681,
6.4042

 11.5553, 8.7903,
7.2742

 13.9074, 4.8355,
5.9894

 14.7066, 3.7643,
5.4656

 15.5515, 2.7578,
4.8453

 16.4378, 1.8160,
4.1403

■ 17.3616, 0.9368,
3.3614

■ 18.3194, 0.1170,
2.5178

■ 19.3083, -0.6475,
1.6175

■ 20.3255, -1.3609,
0.6675

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.4644, 11.2731, 3.6809



12.4641, 7.1500, 6.7127



12.4644, 1.3299, 8.2808

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.4644, 7.1491, 6.7129



12.4644, -9.6416, 2.3832



12.4644, 3.2075, -13.4625

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.4641, 7.1500, 6.7127



13.3719, -2.8514, -8.3991

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.4644, -2.5432, -14.3369



12.4641, 7.1500, 6.7127



12.4644, -9.3195, -3.3273

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.4644, 7.1491, 6.7129



12.4644, -7.9062, 5.8883



12.4644, -6.9308, -10.0346



12.4644, 8.7320, -8.0039

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.4641, 7.1500, 6.7127



12.4644, -2.4435, 8.2930



12.4644, -6.9308, -10.0346



12.4644, 1.2176, -14.3728

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.4644, 7.1491, 6.7129



22.6313, 1.4133, 4.5918



10.7807, 15.6930, -3.7344



12.0499, 0.8196, 2.5169



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.4644, 7.1491, 6.7129



14.8366, 12.4618, 9.3604



17.4304, -2.1911, 9.9207



10.3355, -0.2453, 1.0087



18.2375, 16.2802, 11.5228



45.2875, 46.8950, 28.7269

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.3719, -2.8514, -8.3991



16.0866, -2.8371, -13.9824



8.2734, 6.8297, -21.5943



10.3939, -0.8373, 0.1053



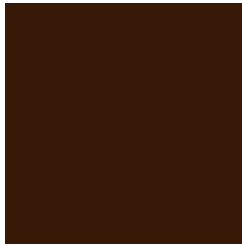
19.8153, -3.1331, -18.0039



49.3603, -5.2215, -50.4243

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.4641, 7.1500, 6.7127 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

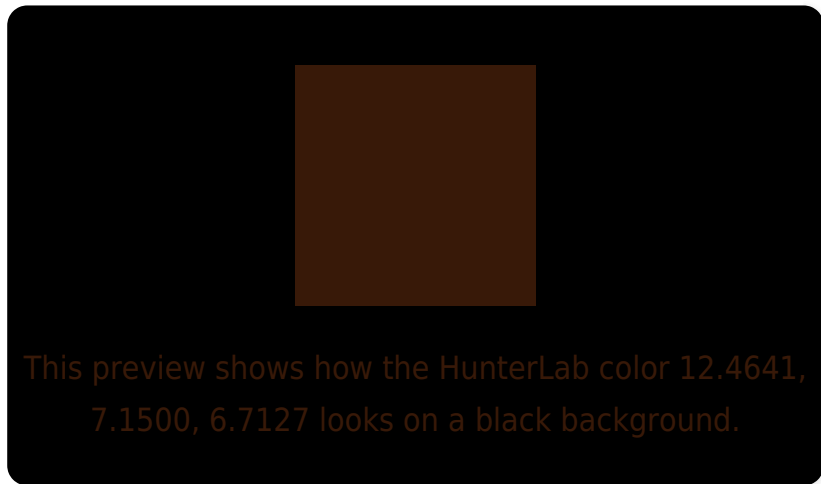
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

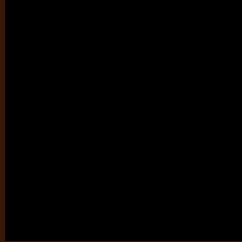
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 12.4641, 7.1500, 6.7127 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.4641, 7.1500, 6.7127.

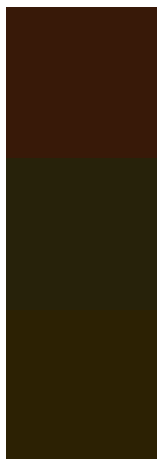


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.4641, 7.1500,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.4641, 7.1500, 6.7127

Protanopia

12.6385, -1.4472, 6.4153

Deuteranopia

12.7662, 0.0167, 7.4667



Tritanopia

12.4613, 9.2653, 3.4649

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.4641, 7.1500, 6.7127

Protanomaly

12.4803, 1.3507, 6.4862

Deuteranomaly

12.5215, 2.4726, 7.0791

Tritanomaly

12.5305, 8.4355, 4.9538

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.4641, 7.1500, 6.7127

Achromatopsia

12.0183, -0.6413, 0.6530

Achromatomaly

11.8828, 1.8649, 3.3102

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 12.4641, 7.1500, 6.7127 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(56, 25, 8)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(56, 25, 8)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 25, 8) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(56, 25, 8) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 12.4641, 7.1500, 6.7127 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(56, 25, 8) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(56, 25, 8) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(56, 25, 8)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(56, 25, 8); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 25, 8); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 25, 8) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 12.4641, 7.1500, 6.7127 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(56, 25, 8) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(56, 25,  
8) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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