

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(12.5278, 22.3769,  
0.9429)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(12.5278, 22.3769,  
0.9429) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(12.5353, 22.3884,  
0.9581)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4A0022
RGB	74, 0, 34
RGB Percent	29%, 0%, 13%
CMY	0.7098, 1.0000, 0.8667
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.54, 0.71
HSL	332°, 100%, 15%
HSV	332°, 100%, 29%
XYZ	3.1128, 1.5713, 1.6526
YIQ	26.0020, 33.1900, 26.2620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

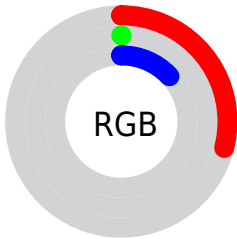
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	74, 0, 34
Decimal	4849698
CIE Lab	13.06, 34.73, 0.58
CIE LCh	13, 34.738, 0.951
Yxy	1.5714, 0.4912, 0.2480
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283039778 (0xFF4A0022)
YUV	26.0020, 3.9430, 42.0942
Hunter-Lab	12.5353, 22.3884, 0.9581

# Details

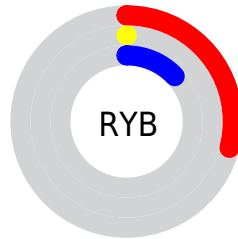
The HunterLab color **12.5353, 22.3884, 0.9581** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **22.4740, -16.8370, 8.2566**, and the grayscale version is **10.1461, -0.5414, 0.5513**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.5831, 25.5071, 1.9501**, and **2.7958, 4.7878, 1.8066** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.5352, 22.3882, 0.9588**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.2534, 20.6357, 0.3245**.

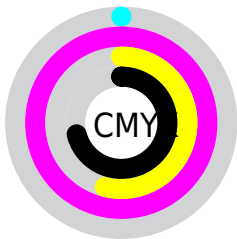
# Distribution



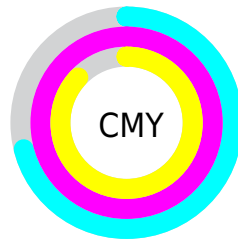
- Red (29%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Black (71%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (87%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 12.5353, 22.3884, 0.9581 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 12.5353, 22.3884, 0.9581 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



12.5353, 22.3884,  
0.9581

12.5353, 22.3884,  
0.9581

103.9765, 32.7452,  
6.2236

5.8157, 27.0743,  
0.7274

27.5005, 25.5075,  
1.8574

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

36.3245, 26.8863,  
2.3732

0.0000, NaN, NaN

45.9311, 28.1339,  
2.9287

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

56.2611, 29.2598,  
3.5213

0.0000, NaN, NaN


67.2669, 30.2745,  
4.1487


0.0000, NaN, NaN


78.9094, 31.1880,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


4.8093


 91.1554, 32.0090,  
5.5013


 12.5353, 22.3884,  
0.9581


 12.5353, 22.3884,  
0.9581


 12.5352, 22.3882,  
0.9588

 13.2534, 20.6357,  
0.3245

 13.9970, 18.9925,  
-0.3216

 14.9491, 16.9205,  
-0.7440

 16.1083, 14.5185,  
-0.9273

 17.4517, 11.9234,  
-0.8951

■ 18.9552, 9.2387,  
-0.6797

■ 20.5966, 6.5329,  
-0.3139

■ 22.3566, 3.8464,  
0.1735

■ 24.2188, 1.2000,  
0.7585

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.5357, 18.8566, -10.5537



12.5353, 22.3884, 0.9581



12.5357, 18.4050, 7.2397

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.5357, 22.3870, 0.9585



12.5357, -8.5348, 8.7750



12.5357, -8.1575, -24.7599

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.5353, 22.3884, 0.9581



22.4740, -16.8370, 8.2566

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.5357, -12.7327, -11.4311



12.5353, 22.3884, 0.9581



12.5357, -12.9330, 6.9096

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.5357, 22.3870, 0.9585



12.5357, -0.9618, 8.7750



12.5357, -14.4504, 0.3998



12.5357, -0.3745, -30.5192



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.5353, 22.3884, 0.9581



12.5357, 12.5416, 8.7750



12.5357, -14.4504, 0.3998



12.5357, -9.9841, -20.6970

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.5357, 22.3870, 0.9585



26.9193, 9.0430, -0.4803



9.6698, 21.6700, -33.3851



13.2906, 4.9056, -0.2956



65.8695, -3.5146, 3.5788



17.3419, -0.9253, 0.9422



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.5357, 22.3870, 0.9585



16.4975, 29.3785, 1.9313



12.2861, 19.9184, 7.9187



13.0913, 0.4613, 0.4495



17.4037, 30.9773, 2.1543



42.1537, 74.6305, 8.3170



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.5357, 22.3870, 0.9585



16.4975, 29.3785, 1.9313



22.5146, -11.4663, -3.3880



13.0913, 0.4613, 0.4495



17.4037, 30.9773, 2.1543

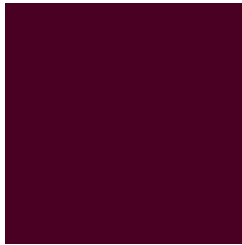


42.1537, 74.6305, 8.3170



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.5353, 22.3884, 0.9581 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

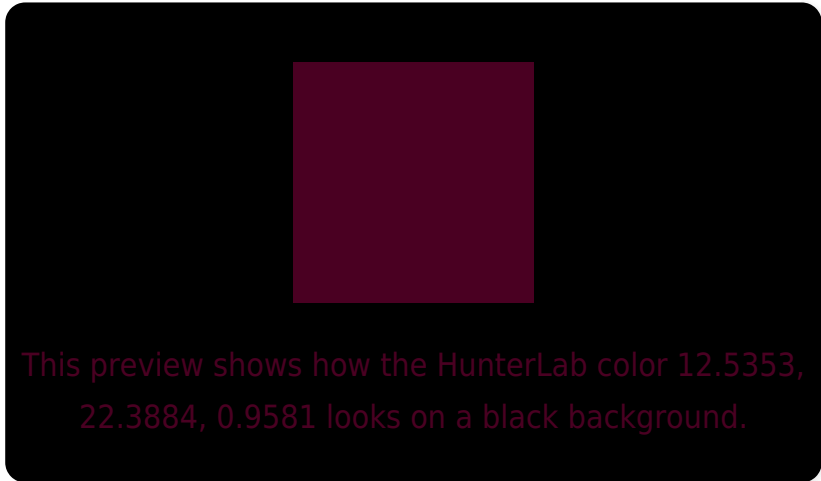
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

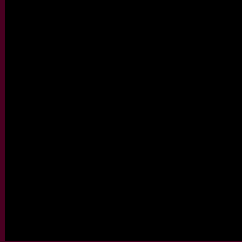
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 12.5353, 22.3884, 0.9581 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.5353, 22.3884, 0.9581.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.5353, 22.3884,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

12.5353, 22.3884, 0.9581

### Protanopia

14.0189, 0.1765, -3.6477

### Deuteranopia

14.0711, 0.6336, 3.2194



## Tritanopia

13.2650, 16.8507, 6.7669

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

12.5353, 22.3884, 0.9581

## Protanomaly

12.1987, 8.6183, -3.9139

## Deuteranomaly

12.6424, 9.1953, 1.5426

## Tritanomaly

12.9073, 18.6334, 5.0207

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

12.5353, 22.3884, 0.9581

## Achromatopsia

10.1636, -0.5423, 0.5522

## Achromatomaly

10.0160, 7.7515, -0.5734

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 12.5353, 22.3884, 0.9581 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(74, 0, 34)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(74, 0, 34)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(74, 0, 34) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(74, 0, 34) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 12.5353, 22.3884, 0.9581 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(74, 0, 34) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(74, 0, 34) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(74, 0, 34) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(74, 0, 34); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 0, 34); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 0, 34) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 12.5353, 22.3884, 0.9581 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(74, 0, 34) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(74, 0,  
34) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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