

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(12.5728, 7.1637,  
-7.6482)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(12.5728, 7.1637, -7.6482)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(12.5191, 7.3278,  
-7.5438)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2C1B34
RGB	44, 27, 52
RGB Percent	17%, 11%, 20%
CMY	0.8274, 0.8941, 0.7961
CMYK	0.15, 0.48, 0.00, 0.80
HSL	281°, 32%, 15%
HSV	281°, 48%, 20%
XYZ	2.0505, 1.5673, 3.4433
YIQ	34.9330, 2.1070, 11.3790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

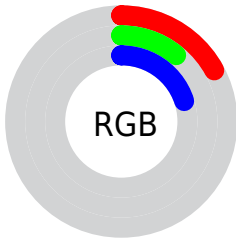
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	44, 27, 52
Decimal	2890548
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	13.03, 14.06, -13.19
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	13, 19.284, 316.824
Yxy	1.5673, 0.2904, 0.2220
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281080628 (0xFF2C1B34)
YUV	34.9330, 8.4140, 7.9518
Hunter-Lab	12.5191, 7.3278, -7.5438

# Details

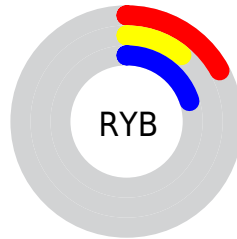
The HunterLab color **12.5191, 7.3278, -7.5438** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **17.0073, -7.5228, 6.7331**, and the grayscale version is **12.9170, -0.6892, 0.7018**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.5336, 8.3597, -8.3068**, and **0.8108, 2.1994, -5.7613** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.4610, 9.0931, -9.5854**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.6562, 5.5566, -5.5931**.

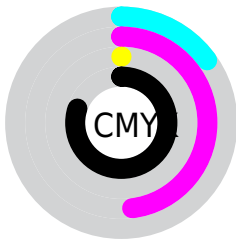
# Distribution



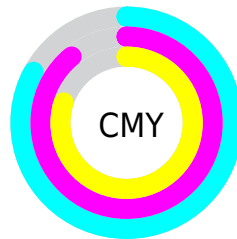
- Red (17%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (80%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (80%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 12.5191, 7.3278, -7.5438 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 12.5191, 7.3278, -7.5438 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 12.5191, 7.3278,  
-7.5438

■ 12.5191, 7.3278,  
-7.5438

■ 103.9435, 9.3502,  
-8.1349

■ 5.7917, 10.2710,  
-9.5121

■ 27.4793, 8.4720,  
-8.1750

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 36.3012, 8.8477,  
-8.3713

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 45.9060, 9.1211,  
-8.4908

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.2342, 9.3067,  
-8.5395

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.2384, 9.4149,  
-8.5234

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 78.8793, 9.4541,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-8.4477

91.1238, 9.4307,  
-8.3169

12.5191, 7.3278,  
-7.5438

12.5191, 7.3278,  
-7.5438

11.4610, 9.0931,  
-9.5854

13.6562, 5.5566,  
-5.5931

10.4942, 10.8165,  
-11.6994

14.8605, 3.8006,  
-3.7386

9.6338, 12.4383,  
-13.8406

16.1233, 2.0693,  
-1.9756

8.8446, 14.0383,  
-16.0829

17.4372, 0.3661,  
-0.2957

7.9939, 16.0926,  
-18.8890

18.7959, -1.3092,  
1.3108

■ 7.8205, 16.5631,  
-19.5218

■ 20.1946, -2.9585,  
2.8537

■ 21.6292, -4.5847,  
4.3418

■ 23.0963, -6.1908,  
5.7834

■ 24.5929, -7.7800,  
7.1853

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.5194, 2.3022, -11.9630



12.5191, 7.3278, -7.5438



12.5194, 10.3992, -1.6404

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.5194, 7.3275, -7.5434



12.5194, 1.6493, 7.5419



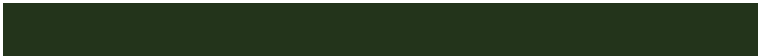
12.5194, -8.7499, -2.3349

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.5191, 7.3278, -7.5438



17.0073, -7.5228, 6.7331

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.5194, -8.8671, 2.6293



12.5191, 7.3278, -7.5438



12.5194, -3.3860, 7.4368

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.5194, 7.3275, -7.5434



12.5194, 6.7840, 5.9814



12.5194, -7.0552, 5.6940



12.5194, -6.7043, -8.2240



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.5191, 7.3278, -7.5438



12.5194, 10.6498, 1.7413



12.5194, -7.0552, 5.6940



12.5194, -9.0032, -0.4800

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.5194, 7.3275, -7.5434



21.7430, 1.9741, -1.8538



13.0491, 0.1830, -6.7175



11.7111, 1.1581, -1.0922



60.6009, -3.2335, 3.2926



13.1868, -0.7036, 0.7165



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.5194, 7.3275, -7.5434



14.6468, 12.6564, -13.4454



13.1378, 8.7777, -4.2894



9.4120, 0.2084, -0.1701



13.0682, 27.9310, -34.5882



33.5202, 72.3106, -93.8906



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.7881, 7.0944, 0.6316



15.1637, 12.2321, 1.1046



16.6999, -8.6001, 5.4962



9.4280, 0.1846, 0.4582



14.9090, 26.1126, 5.1342

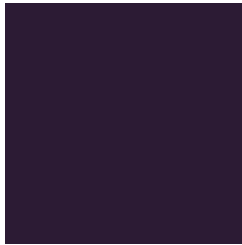


38.9199, 67.7669, 16.5025



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.5191, 7.3278, -7.5438 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

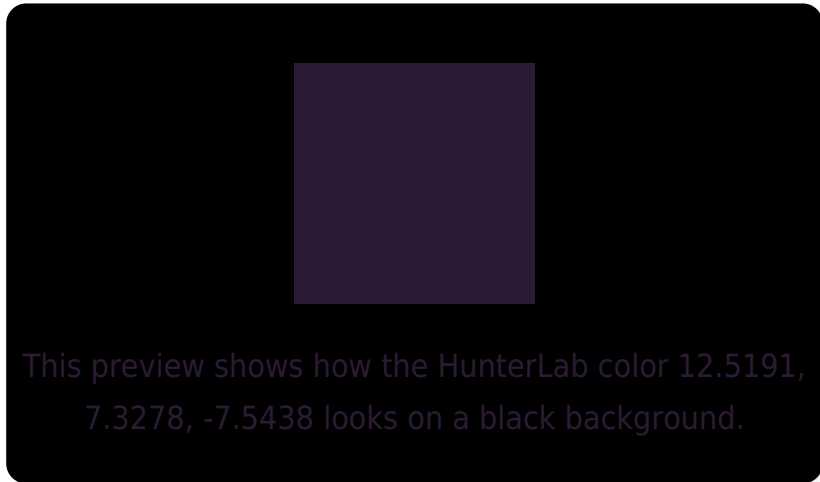
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

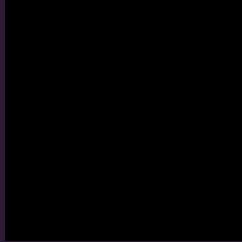
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 12.5191, 7.3278, -7.5438 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.5191, 7.3278, -7.5438.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.5191, 7.3278, -7.5438.

-7.5438.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

12.5191, 7.3278, -7.5438

### Protanopia

12.5992, 1.8135, -11.0422

### Deuteranopia

12.7125, 0.5219, -6.7647



## Tritanopia

12.5175, 2.2390, 0.5842

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

12.5191, 7.3278, -7.5438

## Protanomaly

12.4772, 3.4706, -10.0294

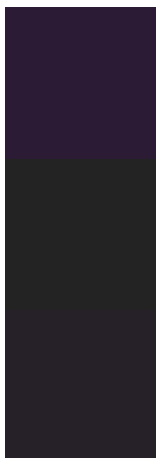
## Deuteranomaly

12.4190, 2.9127, -7.2489

## Tritanomaly

12.5733, 3.8256, -2.0778

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

12.5191, 7.3278, -7.5438

## Achromatopsia

12.9643, -0.6917, 0.7044

## Achromatomaly

12.6696, 2.0058, -1.9751

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 12.5191, 7.3278, -7.5438 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(44, 27, 52)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(44, 27, 52)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(44, 27, 52) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(44, 27, 52) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 12.5191, 7.3278, -7.5438 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

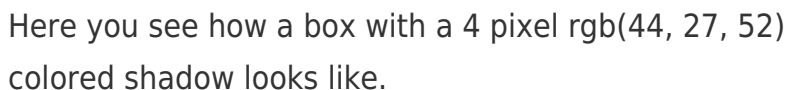
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(44, 27, 52) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(44, 27, 52) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(44, 27, 52)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(44, 27, 52); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 27, 52);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 27, 52)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 12.5191, 7.3278, -7.5438 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(44, 27, 52) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(44, 27,  
52) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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