

Converting Colors

HunterLab(12.6357, -6.2924,
5.5904)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(12.6357, -6.2924, 5.5904)
contains.

HunterLab(12.6146, -6.3658, 5.5375)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(12.6146, -6.3658,
5.5375)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	16260F
RGB	22, 38, 15
RGB Percent	9%, 15%, 6%
CMY	0.9137, 0.8510, 0.9412
CMYK	0.42, 0.00, 0.61, 0.85
HSL	102°, 43%, 10%
HSV	102°, 61%, 15%
XYZ	1.1102, 1.5913, 0.7006
YIQ	30.5940, -2.1530, -10.5450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

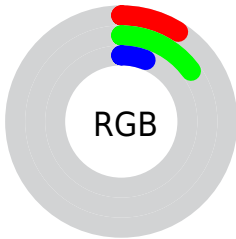
Format	Color
R_{YB}	15, 38, 31
Decimal	1451535
CIE _{Lab}	13.18, -12.32, 12.70
CIE _{LCh}	13, 17.691, 134.125
Yxy	1.5913, 0.3263, 0.4677
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279641615 (0xFF16260F)
YUV	30.5940, -7.6878, -7.5369
Hunter-Lab	12.6146, -6.3658, 5.5375

Details

The HunterLab color **12.6146, -6.3658, 5.5375** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **8.7917, 6.6601, -6.8330**, and the grayscale version is **11.6029, -0.6191, 0.6304**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.5968, -9.2465, 8.2430**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.4618, -7.0507, 6.0201**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.7859, -5.6063, 4.9648**.

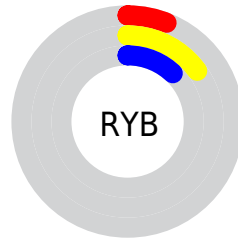
Distribution



Red (9%)

Green (15%)

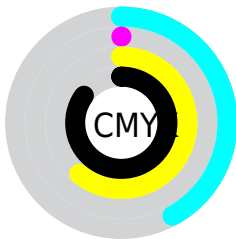
Blue (6%)



Red (6%)

Yellow (15%)

Blue (12%)

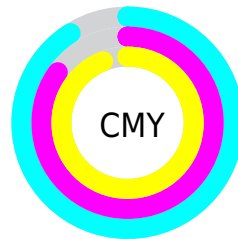


Cyan (42%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (61%)

Black (85%)



Cyan (91%)

Magenta (85%)

Yellow (94%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 12.6146, -6.3658, 5.5375 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 12.6146, -6.3658, 5.5375 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.6146, -6.3658,
5.5375

■ 12.6146, -6.3658,
5.5375

■ 104.1367,
-17.9680, 17.3781

■ 5.9309, -9.3659,
4.1516

■ 27.6033, -9.1726,
8.3698

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 36.4374, -10.4757,
9.7186

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 46.0531, -11.7474,
11.0277

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.3917, -13.0009,
12.3131

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.4055, -14.2447,
13.5849

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 79.0555, -15.4846,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

14.8500

■ 91.3087, -16.7247,
16.1132

■ 12.6146, -6.3658,
5.5375

■ 12.6146, -6.3658,
5.5375

■ 12.4618, -7.0507,
6.0201

■ 12.7859, -5.6063,
4.9648

■ 12.3249, -7.6688,
6.4380

■ 12.9750, -4.7743,
4.3026

■ 12.1987, -8.2509,
6.8699

■ 13.1820, -3.8737,
3.5529

■ 12.0886, -8.7702,
7.2954

■ 13.4067, -2.9083,
2.7186

■ 13.6489, -1.8827,
1.8032

■ 13.9082, -0.8012,
0.8107

■ 14.1842, 0.3314,
-0.2545

■ 14.4764, 1.5105,
-1.3878

■ 14.7844, 2.7317,
-2.5845

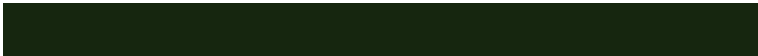
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.6149, -2.8030, 7.0021



12.6146, -6.3658, 5.5375



12.6149, -8.2385, 2.8180

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.6149, -6.3661, 5.5376



12.6149, -3.0505, -10.6875



12.6149, 9.3338, 2.6085

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.6146, -6.3658, 5.5375



8.7917, 6.6601, -6.8330

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.6149, 9.2417, -1.8968



12.6146, -6.3658, 5.5375



12.6149, 1.6068, -10.8094

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.6149, -6.3661, 5.5376



12.6149, -6.5243, -6.8789



12.6149, 6.2501, -7.1683



12.6149, 6.4860, 5.4120

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.6146, -6.3658, 5.5375



12.6149, -8.4772, 0.0529



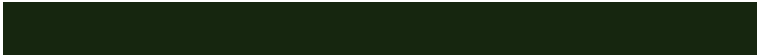
12.6149, 6.2501, -7.1683



12.6149, 9.6573, 1.2891

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.6149, -6.3661, 5.5376



16.7410, -3.4463, 3.2310



11.8821, -0.2395, 5.0624



9.6591, -2.0127, 1.8857



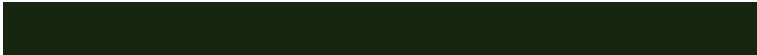
56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665



10.0114, -0.5342, 0.5439

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.6149, -6.3661, 5.5376



15.4028, -9.3210, 7.8516



12.3920, -7.1438, 4.5163



7.6221, -0.8771, 0.8483



24.8576, -19.2004, 14.9810



68.3577, -54.5646, 41.1665

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.7917, 6.6601, -6.8330



9.5562, 10.8399, -11.5747



9.3166, 7.7565, -3.6507



7.3329, 0.0909, -0.0551



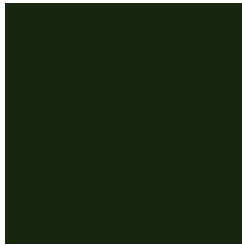
12.1085, 25.7170, -30.7866



32.6657, 70.0484, -88.2499

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.6146, -6.3658, 5.5375 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

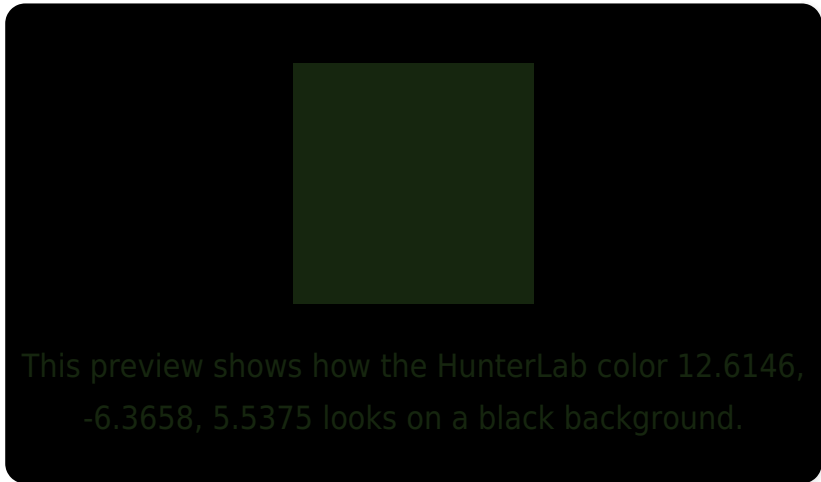
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

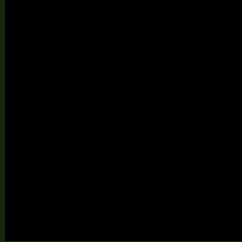
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 12.6146, -6.3658, 5.5375 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.6146, -6.3658, 5.5375.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.6146, -6.3658,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.6146, -6.3658, 5.5375

Protanopia

12.6009, -1.5026, 5.7835

Deuteranopia

12.5129, 0.5349, 5.2070



Tritanopia

12.7330, -2.5624, -0.7373

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.6146, -6.3658, 5.5375

Protanomaly

12.4131, -3.3746, 5.6054

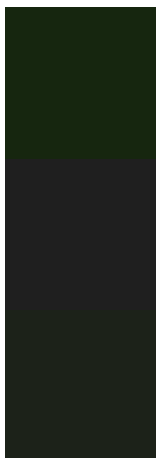
Deuteranomaly

12.4048, -2.1574, 5.2630

Tritanomaly

12.7418, -4.1312, 2.0637

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.6146, -6.3658, 5.5375

Achromatopsia

11.7056, -0.6246, 0.6360

Achromatomaly

12.0877, -3.0433, 2.8840

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 12.6146, -6.3658, 5.5375 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(22, 38, 15)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(22, 38, 15)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(22, 38, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(22, 38, 15) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 12.6146, -6.3658, 5.5375 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(22, 38, 15) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(22, 38, 15) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(22, 38, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(22, 38, 15); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(22, 38, 15);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(22, 38, 15)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 12.6146, -6.3658, 5.5375 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(22, 38, 15) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(22, 38,  
15) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor