

Converting Colors

HunterLab(12.7229, -5.4634,
-32.5329)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(12.7229, -5.4634,
-32.5329) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(14.9725, 2.7997,
-24.7580)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	002955
RGB	0, 41, 85
RGB Percent	0%, 16%, 33%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8392, 0.6667
CMYK	1.00, 0.52, 0.00, 0.67
HSL	211°, 100%, 17%
HSV	211°, 100%, 33%
XYZ	2.4326, 2.2418, 8.8988
YIQ	33.7570, -38.5600, 4.9920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

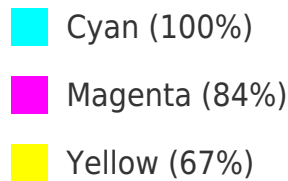
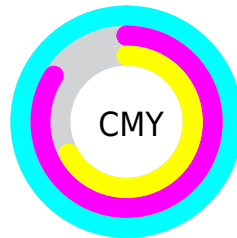
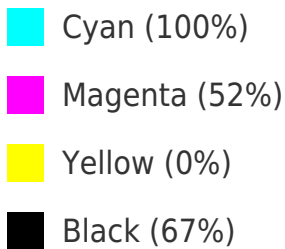
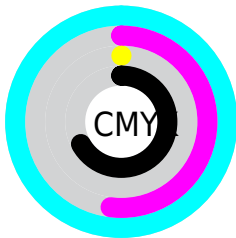
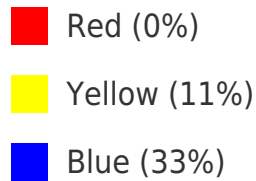
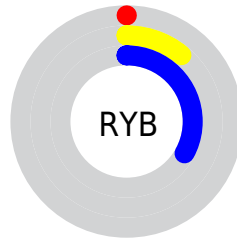
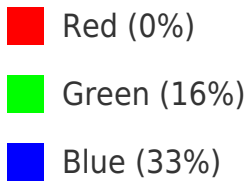
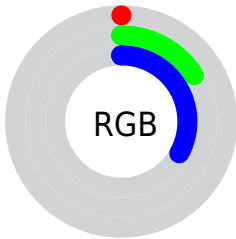
Format	Color
RYB	0, 28, 85
Decimal	10581
CIELab	16.71, 6.37, -30.40
CIELCh	17, 31.060, 281.831
Yxy	2.2418, 0.1792, 0.1652
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278200661 (0xFF002955)
YUV	33.7570, 25.2628, -29.6049
Hunter-Lab	14.9725, 2.7997, -24.7580

Details

The HunterLab color **14.9725, 2.7997, -24.7580** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **19.3216, 9.1210, 12.0649**, and the grayscale version is **12.5031, -0.6671, 0.6793**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.7066, 2.5779, -25.2919**, and **4.6001, 7.4236, -21.7751** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.9717, 2.8013, -24.7605**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.1811, 1.4673, -21.4949**.

Distribution



Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 14.9725, 2.7997, -24.7580 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 14.9725, 2.7997, -24.7580 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

14.9725, 2.7997,
-24.7580

14.9725, 2.7997,
-24.7580

108.7988, 0.9365,
-28.9140

8.6177, 2.7626,
-25.4738

30.6289, 2.8572,
-25.5546

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

39.7467, 2.7563,
-26.1370

0.0000, NaN, NaN

49.6237, 2.5865,
-26.7138

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

60.2056, 2.3562,
-27.2559

0.0000, NaN, NaN

71.4482, 2.0717,
-27.7506

0.0000, NaN, NaN

83.3147, 1.7377,

0.0000, NaN, NaN


-28.1926

 95.7739, 1.3583,
-28.5803


 14.9725, 2.7997,
-24.7580


 14.9725, 2.7997,
-24.7580


 14.9717, 2.8013,
-24.7605

 16.1811, 1.4673,
-21.4949

 17.4337, 0.2393,
-18.4818

 18.7781, -0.7153,
-15.5775

 20.2070, -1.4130,
-12.7904

 21.7121, -1.8797,
-10.1231

■ 23.2857, -2.1419,
-7.5721

■ 24.9210, -2.2245,
-5.1298

■ 26.6121, -2.1503,
-2.7872

■ 28.3538, -1.9390,
-0.5340

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.9727, -5.6836, -23.6860



14.9725, 2.7997, -24.7580



14.9727, 12.1233, -16.6372

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.9727, 2.8002, -24.7576



14.9727, 13.8762, 8.2405



14.9727, -13.6456, 4.9889

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.9725, 2.7997, -24.7580



19.3216, 9.1210, 12.0649

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.9727, -10.4323, 8.9128



14.9725, 2.7997, -24.7580



14.9727, 4.8035, 10.4809

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.9727, 2.8002, -24.7576



14.9727, 19.4308, 3.7335



14.9727, -4.0887, 10.4809



14.9727, -13.9436, -2.8430

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.9725, 2.7997, -24.7580



14.9727, 17.0614, -8.8549



14.9727, -4.0887, 10.4809



14.9727, -12.9119, 6.5642

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.9727, 2.8002, -24.7576



32.3234, -2.9035, -7.0093



25.8425, -19.6556, 10.1309



16.0816, -1.4634, -3.9573



69.0652, -3.6851, 3.7524



19.9203, -1.0629, 1.0823

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.9727, 2.8002, -24.7576



19.1153, 4.4920, -33.5893



8.1561, 22.0040, -57.0649



14.8386, -0.9899, -0.1411



18.6788, 4.3119, -32.6551



42.2123, 14.3356, -83.7082

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.4622, 25.8712, 0.7641



18.8377, 33.6189, 1.6388



28.9184, -8.2168, 17.6751



14.6084, 0.5730, 0.4580



18.3762, 32.8021, 1.5463



43.3472, 76.9916, 6.6290

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 14.9725, 2.7997, -24.7580 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 14.9725, 2.7997, -24.7580 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 14.9725, 2.7997, -24.7580 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 14.9725, 2.7997, -24.7580.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 14.9725, 2.7997, -24.7580.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.9725, 2.7997, -24.7580

Protanopia

15.2313, 3.6309, -24.0057

Deuteranopia

14.9524, -0.6929, -17.1936



Tritanopia

15.0443, -7.4358, -2.7524

Trichromacy



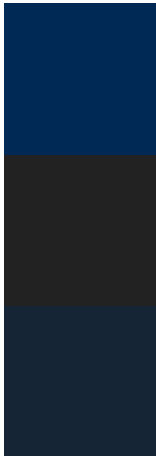
Original Color
14.9725, 2.7997, -24.7580

Protanomaly
15.1439, 3.3517, -24.2574

Deuteranomaly
14.9011, 0.7468, -20.2373

Tritanomaly
14.9521, -4.2527, -9.5085

Monochromacy



Original Color
14.9725, 2.7997, -24.7580

Achromatopsia
12.6476, -0.6748, 0.6872

Achromatomaly
13.2316, -1.0978, -6.9585

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 14.9725, 2.7997, -24.7580 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 41, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 41, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 41, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 41, 85) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 14.9725, 2.7997, -24.7580 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 41, 85) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 41, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 41, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 41, 85); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 41, 85); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 41, 85) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 14.9725, 2.7997, -24.7580 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 41, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 41,  
85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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