

Converting Colors

HunterLab(12.7733, -3.4489,
2.0348)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(12.7733, -3.4489, 2.0348)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(12.8986, -3.5472,
2.2400)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1C251E
RGB	28, 37, 30
RGB Percent	11%, 15%, 12%
CMY	0.8902, 0.8549, 0.8824
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.19, 0.85
HSL	133°, 14%, 13%
HSV	133°, 24%, 15%
XYZ	1.3748, 1.6637, 1.4770
YIQ	33.5110, -3.1170, -4.0850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

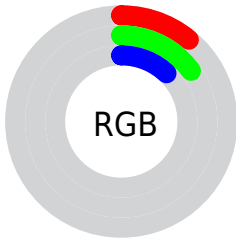
Format	Color
RYB	28, 35, 37
Decimal	1844510
CIELab	13.61, -5.82, 3.36
CIELCh	14, 6.719, 149.998
Yxy	1.6638, 0.3045, 0.3685
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280034590 (0xFF1C251E)
YUV	33.5110, -1.7309, -4.8331
Hunter-Lab	12.8986, -3.5472, 2.2400

Details

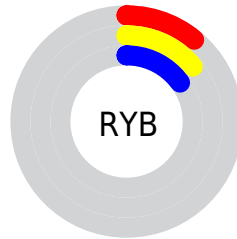
The HunterLab color **12.8986, -3.5472, 2.2400** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **11.5983, 2.5055, -0.9382**, and the grayscale version is **12.4995, -0.6669, 0.6791**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.1189, -5.2427, 3.5746**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.6522, -4.5807, 2.8221**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.1705, -2.4368, 1.6358**.

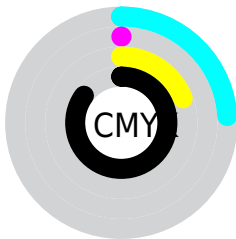
Distribution



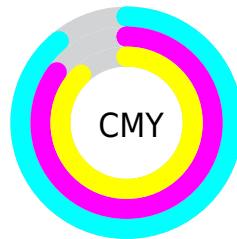
- Red (11%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Blue (15%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (85%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 12.8986, -3.5472, 2.2400 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 12.8986, -3.5472, 2.2400 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.8986, -3.5472,
2.2400

■ 12.8986, -3.5472,
2.2400

104.7091,
-11.5399, 8.9498

■ 6.3250, -4.3467,
2.5461

■ 27.9715, -5.2634,
3.5678

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 36.8410, -6.1186,
4.2623

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 46.4895, -6.9833,
4.9810

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.8584, -7.8613,
5.7248

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.9007, -8.7549,
6.4939

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 79.5777, -9.6654,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

7.2879

■ 91.8566, -10.5936,
8.1067

■ 12.8986, -3.5472,
2.2400

■ 12.8986, -3.5472,
2.2400

■ 12.6522, -4.5807,
2.8221

■ 13.1705, -2.4368,
1.6358

■ 12.4308, -5.5296,
3.3775

■ 13.4664, -1.2562,
1.0131

■ 12.2350, -6.3878,
3.9023

■ 13.7861, -0.0131,
0.3758

■ 12.0647, -7.1501,
4.3927

■ 14.1286, 1.2850,
-0.2728

■ 11.9195, -7.8133,
4.8448

■ 14.4932, 2.6313,
-0.9293

■ 11.7855, -8.4305,
5.2442

■ 14.8789, 4.0190,
-1.5910

■ 11.6548, -9.0337,
5.5838

■ 15.2849, 5.4422,
-2.2556

■ 11.5811, -9.3753,
5.7634

■ 15.7101, 6.8953,
-2.9210

■ 16.1537, 8.3736,
-3.5854

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.8989, -2.3717, 3.2371



12.8986, -3.5472, 2.2400



12.8989, -3.9661, 0.7022

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.8989, -3.5475, 2.2402



12.8989, -0.6890, -3.0370



12.8989, 2.4425, 2.2400

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.8986, -3.5472, 2.2400



11.5983, 2.5055, -0.9382

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.8989, 2.9521, 0.7020



12.8986, -3.5472, 2.2400



12.8989, 1.0848, -2.4818

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.8989, -3.5475, 2.2402



12.8989, -2.3719, -2.4817



12.8989, 2.4424, -1.0523



12.8989, 1.0850, 3.2370

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.8986, -3.5472, 2.2400



12.8989, -3.7785, -0.4736



12.8989, 2.4424, -1.0523



12.8989, 2.7219, 1.7766

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.8989, -3.5475, 2.2402



17.0467, -2.0865, 1.5449



13.2863, -2.2110, 3.2456



9.8491, -1.1721, 0.8749



56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665



10.0114, -0.5342, 0.5439

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.8989, -3.5475, 2.2402



16.2317, -5.4156, 3.3559



12.9930, -3.0129, 0.8911



7.5980, -0.9465, 0.6974



24.5327, -20.3950, 13.3632



67.7133, -57.0049, 38.4213

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.5983, 2.5055, -0.9382



14.1365, 4.3506, -1.7648



11.4910, 1.9440, 0.5852



7.3592, 0.1631, 0.1136



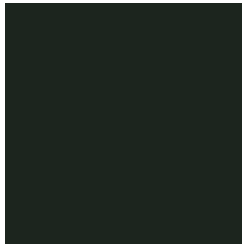
14.6291, 27.5418, -9.8419



40.2508, 75.4679, -24.6663

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.8986, -3.5472, 2.2400 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

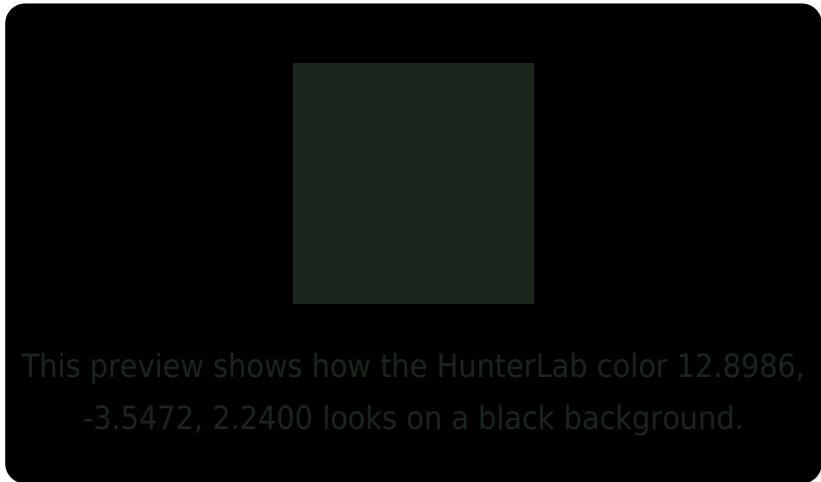
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

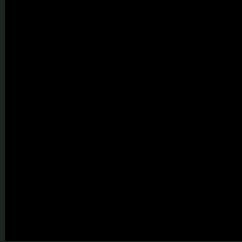
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 12.8986, -3.5472, 2.2400 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.8986, -3.5472, 2.2400.

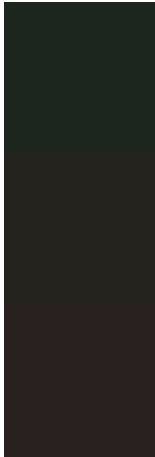


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.8986, -3.5472,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.8986, -3.5472, 2.2400

Protanopia

12.9772, -0.8984, 2.6701

Deuteranopia

12.7975, 0.8453, 1.8948



Tritanopia

12.9779, -1.6330, -0.8008

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.8986, -3.5472, 2.2400

Protanomaly

13.0021, -1.9915, 2.6764

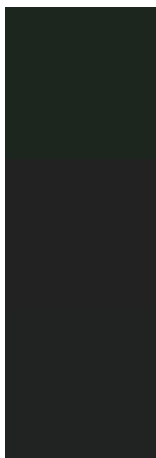
Deuteranomaly

12.7203, -0.5532, 1.7862

Tritanomaly

12.8465, -2.2505, 0.1734

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.8986, -3.5472, 2.2400

Achromatopsia

12.6476, -0.6748, 0.6872

Achromatomaly

12.7238, -1.6272, 1.1072

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 12.8986, -3.5472, 2.2400 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(28, 37, 30)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(28, 37, 30)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 37, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(28, 37, 30) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 12.8986, -3.5472, 2.2400 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(28, 37, 30) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(28, 37, 30) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 37, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(28, 37, 30); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 37, 30);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 37, 30)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 12.8986, -3.5472, 2.2400 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(28, 37, 30) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(28, 37,  
30) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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