

Converting Colors

HunterLab(12.8316, -16.7774,
4.3009)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(12.8316, -16.7774,
4.3009) contains.

HunterLab(14.1709, -10.7875, 5.5748)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(14.1709,
-10.7875, 5.5748)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	002E15
RGB	0, 46, 21
RGB Percent	0%, 18%, 8%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8196, 0.9176
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.54, 0.82
HSL	147°, 100%, 9%
HSV	147°, 100%, 18%
XYZ	1.1124, 2.0081, 1.0385
YIQ	29.3960, -19.3910, -17.5270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

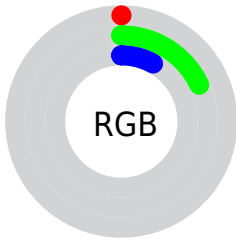
Format	Color
RYB	0, 32, 46
Decimal	11797
CIELab	15.53, -22.38, 11.95
CIELCh	16, 25.374, 151.908
Yxy	2.0082, 0.2675, 0.4828
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278201877 (0xFF002E15)
YUV	29.3960, -4.1392, -25.7803
Hunter-Lab	14.1709, -10.7875, 5.5748

Details

The HunterLab color **14.1709, -10.7875, 5.5748** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **8.0689, 14.6876, -1.5292**, and the grayscale version is **11.2240, -0.5989, 0.6098**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.7520, -15.4302, 8.3969**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.1712, -10.7878, 5.5750**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.3096, -10.1433, 5.1712**.

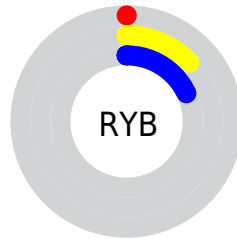
Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (18%)

Blue (8%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (13%)

Blue (18%)

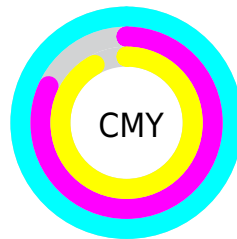


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (54%)

Black (82%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (82%)

Yellow (92%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 14.1709, -10.7875, 5.5748 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 14.1709, -10.7875, 5.5748 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 14.1709, -10.7875,
5.5748

■ 14.1709, -10.7875,
5.5748

■ 107.2359,
-28.0687, 17.0174

■ 7.8246, -12.8840,
5.4772

■ 29.6079, -15.2897,
8.3326

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 38.6320, -17.2979,
9.6161

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.4226, -19.2123,
10.8696

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 58.9240, -21.0597,
12.1062

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 70.0907, -22.8581,
13.3344


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 81.8855, -24.6200,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


14.5597


 94.2763, -26.3546,
15.7865


 14.1709, -10.7875,
5.5748


 14.1709, -10.7875,
5.5748


 14.1712, -10.7878,
5.5750

 14.3096, -10.1433,
5.1712

 14.4500, -9.4922,
4.7277

 14.6018, -8.7966,
4.2540

 14.7835, -7.9842,
3.7704

 14.9963, -7.0558,
3.2818

■ 15.2406, -6.0160,
2.7923

■ 15.5164, -4.8708,
2.3059

■ 15.8235, -3.6277,
1.8259

■ 16.1614, -2.2951,
1.3558

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.1712, -7.1954, 8.3881



14.1709, -10.7875, 5.5748



14.1712, -11.8607, 0.3382

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.1712, -10.7876, 5.5749



14.1712, -0.3057, -18.9332



14.1712, 12.5823, 6.0106

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.1709, -10.7875, 5.5748



8.0689, 14.6876, -1.5292

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.1712, 15.3698, 1.1913



14.1709, -10.7875, 5.5748



14.1712, 7.0864, -14.9812

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.1712, -10.7876, 5.5749



14.1712, -6.5569, -15.8220



14.1712, 13.1873, -6.6838



14.1712, 6.1581, 8.6353

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.1709, -10.7875, 5.5748



14.1712, -11.2116, -4.8891



14.1712, 13.1873, -6.6838



14.1712, 14.0262, 4.7670

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.1712, -10.7876, 5.5749



19.4605, -6.3652, 2.9977



14.7126, -8.9386, 8.9092



10.8265, -3.5963, 1.6907



58.5142, -3.1222, 3.1792



11.5809, -0.6179, 0.6292

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.1712, -10.7876, 5.5749



17.8050, -13.7019, 7.3239



14.6071, -8.1359, -0.6944



9.0735, -1.1365, 0.7088



26.3026, -20.5137, 11.4072



70.0516, -55.5957, 32.4567

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.0689, 14.6876, -1.5292



10.1131, 18.3435, -1.4065



7.6546, 13.1740, 4.4356



8.7342, 0.2054, 0.2664



14.8931, 26.8893, -1.1091



39.4929, 70.8499, 0.5802

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 14.1709, -10.7875, 5.5748 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

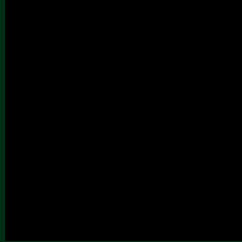
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 14.1709, -10.7875, 5.5748 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 14.1709, -10.7875, 5.5748.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 14.1709,

-10.7875, 5.5748.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.1709, -10.7875, 5.5748

Protanopia

14.4916, -1.7719, 6.3780

Deuteranopia

14.4100, 0.3833, 5.5508



Tritanopia

14.3582, -4.9074, -2.3436

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.1709, -10.7875, 5.5748

Protanomaly

13.9761, -6.1546, 5.6967

Deuteranomaly

13.9108, -5.0600, 5.2480

Tritanomaly

14.1861, -7.3540, 0.9487

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.1709, -10.7875, 5.5748

Achromatopsia

11.0844, -0.5914, 0.6022

Achromatomaly

11.8543, -5.1310, 2.3268

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 14.1709, -10.7875, 5.5748 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 46, 21)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 46, 21)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 46, 21) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 46, 21) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 14.1709, -10.7875, 5.5748 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 46, 21) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 46, 21) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 46, 21) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 46, 21); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 46, 21); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 46, 21) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 14.1709, -10.7875, 5.5748 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 46, 21) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 46,  
21) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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