

Converting Colors

HunterLab(12.8569, 33.5706,
-88.5392)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(12.8569, 33.5706,
-88.5392) contains.

HunterLab(12.8652, 33.6920, -88.8116)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(12.8652, 33.6920,
-88.8116)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	000282
RGB	0, 2, 130
RGB Percent	0%, 1%, 51%
CMY	0.9999, 0.9922, 0.4902
CMYK	1.00, 0.98, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	239°, 100%, 25%
HSV	239°, 100%, 51%
XYZ	4.0510, 1.6551, 21.2251
YIQ	15.9940, -42.2800, 39.3840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

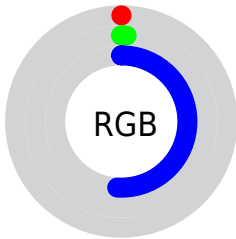
Format	Color
RYB	0, 2, 130
Decimal	642
CIELab	13.56, 47.23, -65.00
CIElCh	14, 80.346, 306.006
Yxy	1.6551, 0.1504, 0.0615
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278190722 (0xFF000282)
YUV	15.9940, 56.2050, -14.0267
Hunter-Lab	12.8652, 33.6920, -88.8116

Details

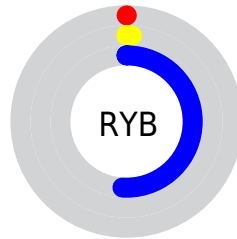
The HunterLab color **12.8652, 33.6920, -88.8116** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330099**. A complement of this color would be **44.9337, -11.3859, 27.4880**, and the grayscale version is **7.0495, -0.3761, 0.3830**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.8490, 37.4536, -78.7276**, and **7.5134, 20.3801, -53.3859** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.8633, 33.7005, -88.8276**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.2596, 29.6677, -78.5060**.

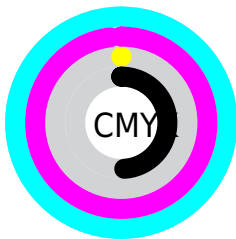
Distribution



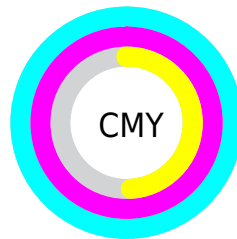
- Red (0%)
- Green (1%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 12.8652, 33.6920, -88.8116 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 12.8652, 33.6920, -88.8116 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.8652, 33.6920,
-88.8116

■ 12.8652, 33.6920,
-88.8116

■ 104.6413, 47.8356,
-80.4664

■ 6.2797, 38.2177,
-119.2498

■ 27.9278, 37.3977,
-78.8453

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 36.7932, 39.2157,
-77.6635

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 46.4378, 40.9266,
-77.3957

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 56.8031, 42.5223,
-77.6308

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 67.8421, 44.0048,
-78.1545


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 79.5159, 45.3801,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


-78.8454


 91.7917, 46.6548,
-79.6311


 12.8652, 33.6920,
-88.8116


 12.8652, 33.6920,
-88.8116


 12.8633, 33.7005,
-88.8276

 14.2596, 29.6677,
-78.5060

 16.2579, 24.9253,
-66.5644

 18.9425, 19.9889,
-54.0811

 22.1519, 15.4547,
-42.6056

 25.7551, 11.4758,
-32.5468

■ 29.6589, 8.0091,
-23.8027

■ 33.7991, 4.9599,
-16.1335

■ 38.1311, 2.2355,
-9.3029

■ 42.6236, -0.2397,
-3.1169

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.8652, 3.9246, -131.5978



12.8652, 33.6920, -88.8116



12.8652, 62.9358, -27.6962

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.8652, 33.6945, -88.8122



12.8652, 20.7750, 9.0056



12.8652, -22.5140, -4.1248

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.8652, 33.6920, -88.8116



44.9337, -11.3859, 27.4880

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.8652, -22.5140, 9.0056



12.8652, 33.6920, -88.8116



12.8652, -4.7287, 9.0056

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.8652, 33.6945, -88.8122



12.8652, 52.6471, 9.0056



12.8652, -18.7125, 9.0056



12.8652, -22.5140, -50.3967

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.8652, 33.6920, -88.8116



12.8652, 71.8415, -2.3465



12.8652, -18.7125, 9.0056



12.8652, -22.5140, 3.1464

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.8652, 33.6945, -88.8122



44.4635, 6.8474, -22.0764



41.8565, -22.6357, -3.4515



20.2254, 3.9118, -12.1469



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.8652, 33.6945, -88.8122



17.0115, 44.9777, -118.3568



16.3208, 37.8188, -66.0029



20.5460, -0.2166, -1.2332



12.5995, 32.9834, -86.9500

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.7959, 37.3417, 13.9285



28.9196, 49.5450, 18.5368



41.4306, -28.0856, 25.0369



20.8452, 0.6010, 1.6689

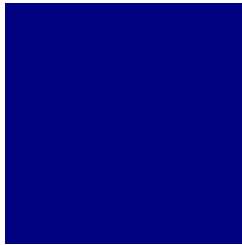


21.3419, 36.5686, 13.6363

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.8652, 33.6920, -88.8116 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

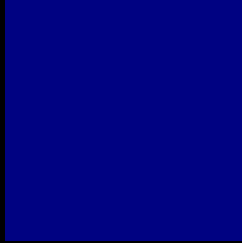
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.8652, 33.6920, -88.8116 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

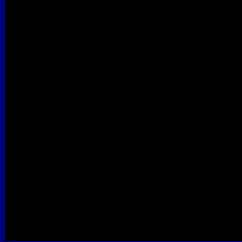
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 12.8652, 33.6920, -88.8116 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.8652, 33.6920, -88.8116.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.8652, 33.6920, -88.8116.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.8652, 33.6920, -88.8116

Protanopia

14.0193, 2.7273, -23.4105

Deuteranopia

14.1107, -1.8472, -13.6496



Tritanopia

14.1373, -7.1415, -2.2539

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.8652, 33.6920, -88.8116

Protanomaly

12.5583, 14.2998, -46.5659

Deuteranomaly

12.3371, 10.7818, -38.6951

Tritanomaly

11.8935, 5.8848, -27.5694

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.8652, 33.6920, -88.8116

Achromatopsia

7.1983, -0.3841, 0.3911

Achromatomaly

7.7413, 9.1272, -24.7168

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 12.8652, 33.6920, -88.8116 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 2, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 2, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 2, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 2, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 12.8652, 33.6920, -88.8116 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 2, 130) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 2, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 2, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 2, 130); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 2, 130); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 2, 130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 12.8652, 33.6920, -88.8116 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 2, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 2,  
130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor