

Converting Colors

HunterLab(12.8729, -2.8958,
2.5062)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(12.8729, -2.8958, 2.5062)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(12.8131, -2.6727,
2.4699)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1F241D
RGB	31, 36, 29
RGB Percent	12%, 14%, 11%
CMY	0.8784, 0.8588, 0.8863
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.19, 0.86
HSL	103°, 11%, 13%
HSV	103°, 19%, 14%
XYZ	1.4177, 1.6418, 1.4046
YIQ	33.7070, -0.7330, -3.2370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

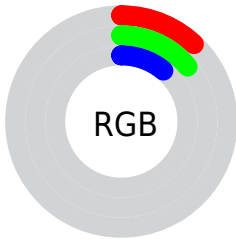
Format	Color
RYB	29, 36, 34
Decimal	2040861
CIELab	13.48, -4.00, 3.93
CIElCh	13, 5.605, 135.528
Yxy	1.6418, 0.3176, 0.3678
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280230941 (0xFF1F241D)
YUV	33.7070, -2.3206, -2.3740
Hunter-Lab	12.8131, -2.6727, 2.4699

Details

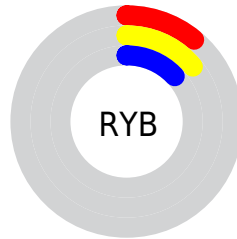
The HunterLab color **12.8131, -2.6727, 2.4699** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **11.6026, 1.5033, -1.3536**, and the grayscale version is **12.5626, -0.6703, 0.6825**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.7508, -3.9240, 3.9325**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.5964, -3.6018, 3.2626**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.0470, -1.6876, 1.6039**.

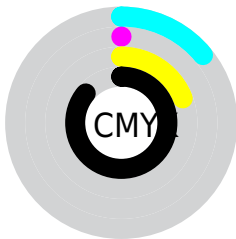
Distribution



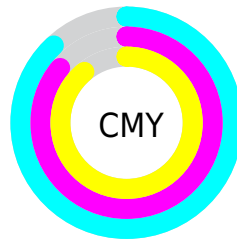
- Red (12%)
- Green (14%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (86%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (86%)
- Yellow (89%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 12.8131, -2.6727, 2.4699 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 12.8131, -2.6727, 2.4699 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.8131, -2.6727,
2.4699

■ 12.8131, -2.6727,
2.4699

104.5371, -9.6834,
9.4760

■ 6.2093, -3.1384,
2.9592

■ 27.8608, -4.0976,
3.8873

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 36.7197, -4.8314,
4.6185

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 46.3583, -5.5851,
5.3707

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.7181, -6.3603,
6.1453

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.7519, -7.1576,
6.9431

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 79.4208, -7.9772,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

7.7642

■ 91.6919, -8.8192,
8.6086

■ 12.8131, -2.6727,
2.4699

■ 12.8131, -2.6727,
2.4699

■ 12.5964, -3.6018,
3.2626

■ 13.0470, -1.6876,
1.6039

■ 12.3964, -4.4697,
3.9781

■ 13.2969, -0.6500,
0.6681

■ 12.2135, -5.2729,
4.6137

■ 13.5626, 0.4355,
-0.3334

■ 12.0478, -6.0078,
5.1674

■ 13.8438, 1.5643,
-1.3962

■ 11.8993, -6.6716,
5.6380

■ 14.1400, 2.7324,
-2.5160

■ 11.7662, -7.2731,
6.0522

■ 14.4506, 3.9355,
-3.6885

■ 11.6434, -7.8404,
6.4818

■ 14.7751, 5.1699,
-4.9094

■ 11.5306, -8.3738,
6.9291

■ 15.1131, 6.4320,
-6.1749

■ 11.5247, -8.4023,
6.9543

■ 15.4640, 7.7186,
-7.4810

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.8134, -1.4453, 3.0636



12.8131, -2.6727, 2.4699



12.8134, -3.3522, 1.3626

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.8134, -2.6730, 2.4701



12.8134, -1.3953, -2.2448



12.8134, 2.2064, 1.4086

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.8131, -2.6727, 2.4699



11.6026, 1.5033, -1.3536

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.8134, 2.2213, -0.0053



12.8131, -2.6727, 2.4699



12.8134, 0.0948, -2.2288

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.8134, -2.6730, 2.4701



12.8134, -2.6378, -1.4127



12.8134, 1.4334, -1.3713



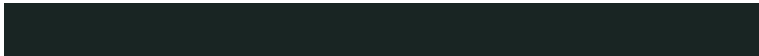
12.8134, 1.3936, 2.5004

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.8131, -2.6727, 2.4699



12.8134, -3.4235, 0.4311



12.8134, 1.4334, -1.3713



12.8134, 2.3061, 0.9583

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.8134, -2.6730, 2.4701



16.2962, -1.7082, 1.6453



12.6577, -0.7363, 2.3419



9.1355, -0.9320, 0.8993



55.4075, -2.9564, 3.0104



9.2414, -0.4931, 0.5021

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.8134, -2.6730, 2.4701



15.7750, -3.9094, 3.5748



12.7233, -2.9459, 1.9389



7.6201, -0.8841, 0.8459



24.8200, -19.3585, 14.9550



68.2660, -54.9522, 41.1032

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.6026, 1.5033, -1.3536



13.8921, 2.5915, -2.3819



11.7167, 1.8059, -0.6387



7.3350, 0.0982, -0.0524



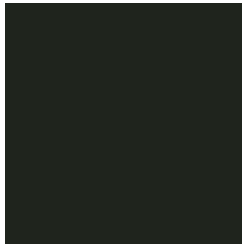
12.2935, 25.9589, -30.0857



33.2146, 70.7552, -86.0883

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.8131, -2.6727, 2.4699 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

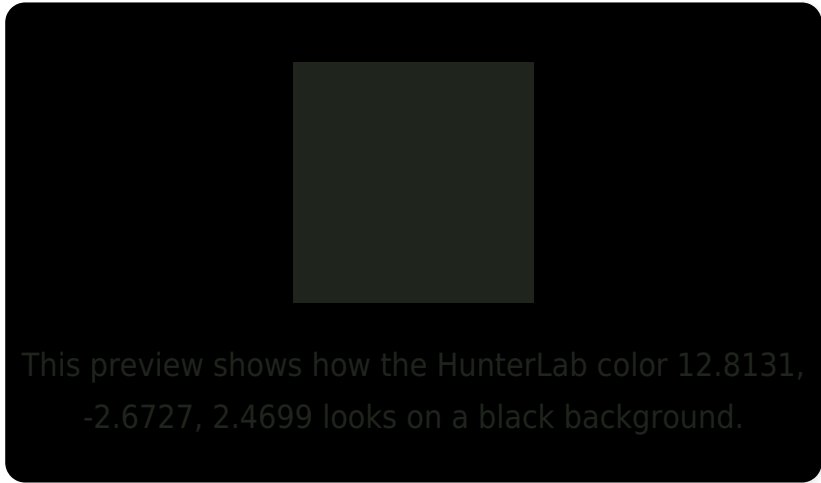
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

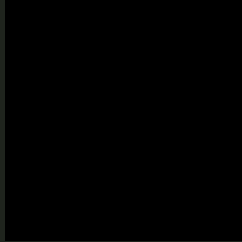
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 12.8131, -2.6727, 2.4699 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.8131, -2.6727, 2.4699.

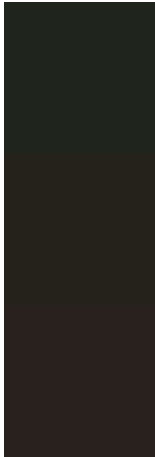


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.8131, -2.6727,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.8131, -2.6727, 2.4699

Protanopia

12.7327, -0.6287, 2.7191

Deuteranopia

12.7772, 0.7365, 2.1865



Tritanopia

12.8417, -0.9758, -0.5704

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.8131, -2.6727, 2.4699

Protanomaly

12.8188, -1.4933, 2.7915

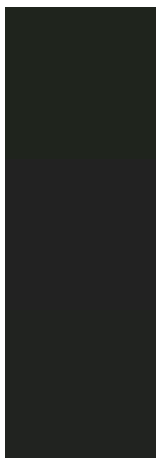
Deuteranomaly

12.7715, -0.4166, 2.1602

Tritanomaly

12.7691, -1.3762, 0.4609

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.8131, -2.6727, 2.4699

Achromatopsia

12.6476, -0.6748, 0.6872

Achromatomaly

12.7659, -1.5211, 1.4931

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 12.8131, -2.6727, 2.4699 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(31, 36, 29)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(31, 36, 29)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 36, 29) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(31, 36, 29) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 12.8131, -2.6727, 2.4699 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(31, 36, 29) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(31, 36, 29) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(31, 36, 29)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(31, 36, 29); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 36, 29);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 36, 29)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 12.8131, -2.6727, 2.4699 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(31, 36, 29) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(31, 36,  
29) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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