

Converting Colors

HunterLab(12.9353, -8.3007,
1.7509)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(12.9353, -8.3007, 1.7509)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(12.9800, -8.4094,
1.9297)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	00291F
RGB	0, 41, 31
RGB Percent	0%, 16%, 12%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8392, 0.8784
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.24, 0.84
HSL	165°, 100%, 8%
HSV	165°, 100%, 16%
XYZ	1.0403, 1.6848, 1.5667
YIQ	27.6010, -21.2260, -11.8020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

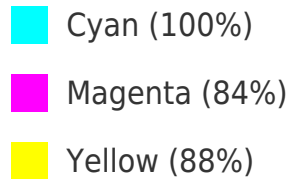
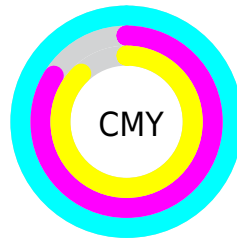
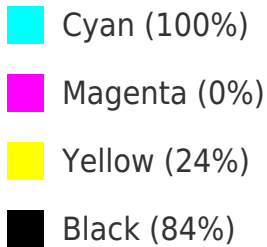
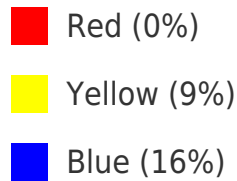
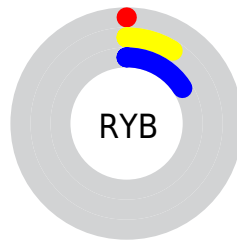
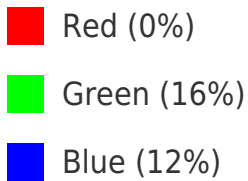
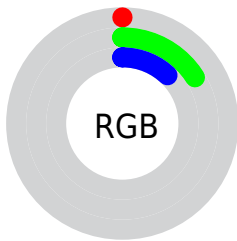
Format	Color
RYB	0, 23, 41
Decimal	10527
CIELab	13.74, -17.17, 2.63
CIELCh	14, 17.367, 171.299
Yxy	1.6849, 0.2424, 0.3926
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278200607 (0xFF00291F)
YUV	27.6010, 1.6757, -24.2061
Hunter-Lab	12.9800, -8.4094, 1.9297

Details

The HunterLab color **12.9800, -8.4094, 1.9297** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **7.0241, 12.3400, 2.1199**, and the grayscale version is **10.6533, -0.5684, 0.5788**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.1580, -12.1889, 3.1212**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.9802, -8.4097, 1.9299**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.1022, -7.8745, 1.7519**.


Distribution




Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 12.9800, -8.4094, 1.9297 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 12.9800, -8.4094, 1.9297 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 12.9800, -8.4094,
1.9297

 12.9800, -8.4094,
1.9297


 104.8725,
-22.7723, 8.2606

 6.4330, -11.2577,
2.0431


 28.0768, -12.0510,
3.1437

0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN

 36.9565, -13.6973,
3.7912

0.0000, NaN, NaN


 46.6142, -15.2806,
4.4672

0.0000, NaN, NaN

 56.9917, -16.8213,
5.1715

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


 68.0422, -18.3328,
5.9036


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 79.7269, -19.8243,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


6.6630

 92.0130, -21.3025,
7.4488


 12.9800, -8.4094,
1.9297


 12.9800, -8.4094,
1.9297


 12.9802, -8.4097,
1.9299

 13.1022, -7.8745,
1.7519

 13.2237, -7.3463,
1.5684

 13.3483, -6.8102,
1.3838

 13.4945, -6.1951,
1.2202

 13.6651, -5.4930,
1.0822

■ 13.8606, -4.7060,
0.9712

■ 14.0811, -3.8378,
0.8881

■ 14.3265, -2.8928,
0.8333

■ 14.5967, -1.8764,
0.8071

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.9803, -6.9665, 4.9898



12.9800, -8.4094, 1.9297



12.9803, -8.0248, -2.7826

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.9803, -8.4095, 1.9298



12.9803, 2.7208, -9.9942



12.9803, 5.3911, 5.8504

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.9800, -8.4094, 1.9297



7.0241, 12.3400, 2.1199

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.9803, 8.7438, 3.4346



12.9800, -8.4094, 1.9297



12.9803, 7.0572, -5.8248

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.9803, -8.4095, 1.9298



12.9803, -2.0199, -10.8435



12.9803, 9.3930, -0.6487



12.9803, 0.6888, 7.0044

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.9800, -8.4094, 1.9297



12.9803, -6.7569, -6.2634



12.9803, 9.3930, -0.6487



12.9803, 6.7394, 5.1825

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.9803, -8.4095, 1.9298



17.9614, -5.1306, 1.1539



12.8533, -9.6990, 7.7502



10.1674, -2.9253, 0.6552



57.4755, -3.0668, 3.1228



10.7914, -0.5758, 0.5863

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.9803, -8.4095, 1.9298



16.5927, -10.8601, 2.7044



10.6166, -3.7199, -5.2392



8.3474, -0.9458, 0.4586



25.9420, -17.2099, 4.7260



70.3215, -47.4113, 14.4517

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.0241, 12.3400, 2.1199



8.9504, 15.6542, 3.2530



8.3305, 7.4008, 5.2625



8.0241, 0.0885, 0.4406



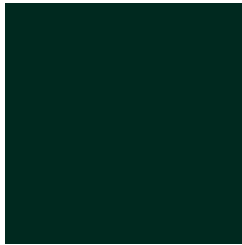
13.9433, 24.2541, 6.0967



37.6692, 65.1588, 19.3081

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.9800, -8.4094, 1.9297 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.9800, -8.4094, 1.9297 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

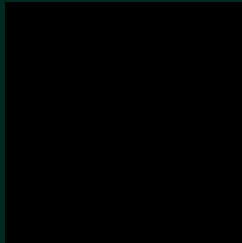
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 12.9800, -8.4094, 1.9297 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.9800, -8.4094, 1.9297.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.9800, -8.4094, 1.9297.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.9800, -8.4094, 1.9297

Protanopia

13.2577, -1.1228, 3.2366

Deuteranopia

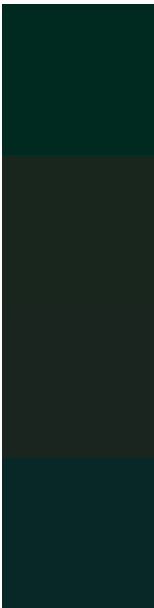
13.3333, 0.4456, 2.1472



Tritanopia

13.0806, -4.7752, -2.3828

Trichromacy



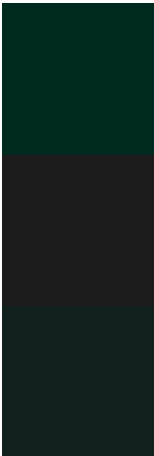
Original Color
12.9800, -8.4094, 1.9297

Protanomaly
12.9195, -4.7642, 2.5430

Deuteranomaly
12.8337, -3.7061, 1.5301

Tritanomaly
13.0984, -6.2266, -0.7262

Monochromacy



Original Color
12.9800, -8.4094, 1.9297

Achromatopsia
10.7760, -0.5750, 0.5855

Achromatomaly
11.4237, -4.1306, 0.9340

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 12.9800, -8.4094, 1.9297 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 41, 31)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 41, 31)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 41, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 41, 31) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 12.9800, -8.4094, 1.9297 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 41, 31) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 41, 31) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 41, 31)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 41, 31); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 41, 31); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 41, 31) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 12.9800, -8.4094, 1.9297 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 41, 31) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 41,  
31) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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