

Converting Colors

HunterLab(12.9513, 0.5397,
5.1543)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(12.9513, 0.5397, 5.1543)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(12.8387, 0.5792,
5.0761)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2B2113
RGB	43, 33, 19
RGB Percent	17%, 13%, 7%
CMY	0.8314, 0.8706, 0.9255
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.56, 0.83
HSL	35°, 39%, 12%
HSV	35°, 56%, 17%
XYZ	1.6577, 1.6483, 0.8469
YIQ	34.3940, 10.4540, -2.2340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

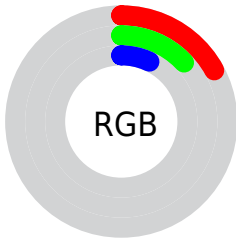
Format	Color
R_YB	36, 43, 19
Decimal	2826515
CIE Lab	13.52, 2.42, 11.20
CIE LCh	14, 11.458, 77.827
Yxy	1.6484, 0.3992, 0.3969
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281016595 (0xFF2B2113)
YUV	34.3940, -7.5892, 7.5475
Hunter-Lab	12.8387, 0.5792, 5.0761

Details

The HunterLab color **12.8387, 0.5792, 5.0761** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **10.9158, -0.3963, -5.6944**, and the grayscale version is **12.7934, -0.6826, 0.6951**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.8721, -0.0012, 7.7832**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.4025, 0.9759, 5.5520**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.2913, 0.2278, 4.5072**.

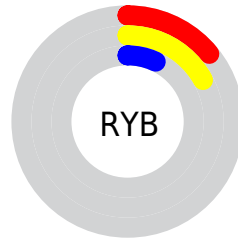
Distribution



Red (17%)

Green (13%)

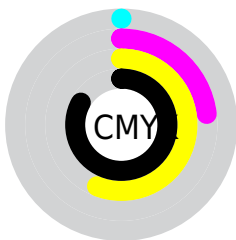
Blue (7%)



Red (14%)

Yellow (17%)

Blue (7%)

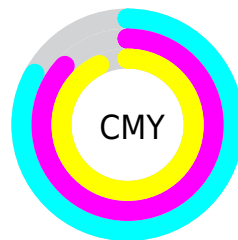


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (56%)

Black (83%)



Cyan (83%)

Magenta (87%)

Yellow (93%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 12.8387, 0.5792, 5.0761 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 12.8387, 0.5792, 5.0761 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.8387, 0.5792,
5.0761

■ 12.8387, 0.5792,
5.0761

■ 104.5887, -3.0780,
16.1144

■ 6.2442, 1.3525,
4.3710

■ 27.8940, 0.1354,
7.7157

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 36.7561, -0.1848,
8.9526

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 46.3977, -0.5588,
10.1616

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.7602, -0.9809,
11.3557

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.7965, -1.4470,
12.5433

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 79.4679, -1.9536,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

13.7298

■ 91.7413, -2.4980,
14.9193

■ 12.8387, 0.5792,
5.0761

■ 12.8387, 0.5792,
5.0761

■ 12.4025, 0.9759,
5.5520

■ 13.2913, 0.2278,
4.5072

■ 11.9824, 1.4200,
5.9303

■ 13.7584, -0.0780,
3.8495

■ 11.5754, 1.8895,
6.2685

■ 14.2398, -0.3403,
3.1083

■ 11.1762, 2.3528,
6.6536

■ 14.7346, -0.5608,
2.2887

■ 11.0114, 2.5448,
6.8297

■ 15.2421, -0.7417,
1.3955

■ 15.7617, -0.8848,
0.4336

■ 16.2928, -0.9922,
-0.5924

■ 16.8348, -1.0659,
-1.6783

■ 17.3870, -1.1078,
-2.8200

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.8390, 3.5081, 4.1935



12.8387, 0.5792, 5.0761



12.8390, -2.4378, 4.9818

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.8390, 0.5787, 5.0763



12.8390, -5.8207, -1.1354



12.8390, 3.9723, -3.6554

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.8387, 0.5792, 5.0761



10.9158, -0.3963, -5.6944

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.8390, 1.1656, -5.8529



12.8387, 0.5792, 5.0761



12.8390, -4.4020, -4.1798

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.8390, 0.5787, 5.0763



12.8390, -5.9459, 1.8240



12.8390, -1.9031, -6.0646



12.8390, 5.5869, -0.5383

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.8387, 0.5792, 5.0761



12.8390, -4.0986, 4.3804



12.8390, -1.9031, -6.0646



12.8390, 3.1256, -4.5548

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.8390, 0.5787, 5.0763



18.7421, -0.6604, 3.1752



10.3347, 6.9743, -0.1785



10.1654, -0.3629, 1.6994



57.4755, -3.0668, 3.1228



10.7914, -0.5758, 0.5863

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.8390, 0.5787, 5.0763



15.6092, 1.5432, 7.3871



14.9873, -3.6477, 6.7339



8.2607, -0.3863, 0.8644



20.2387, 6.6678, 12.5877



53.1307, 21.8955, 33.1222

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.9158, -0.3963, -5.6944



12.5461, 0.1310, -10.0085



8.9421, 3.8777, -9.5758



8.1051, -0.4735, 0.0069



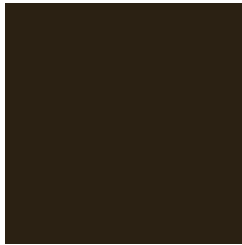
13.5939, 5.2150, -28.2489



34.2700, 19.9478, -85.8960

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.8387, 0.5792, 5.0761 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

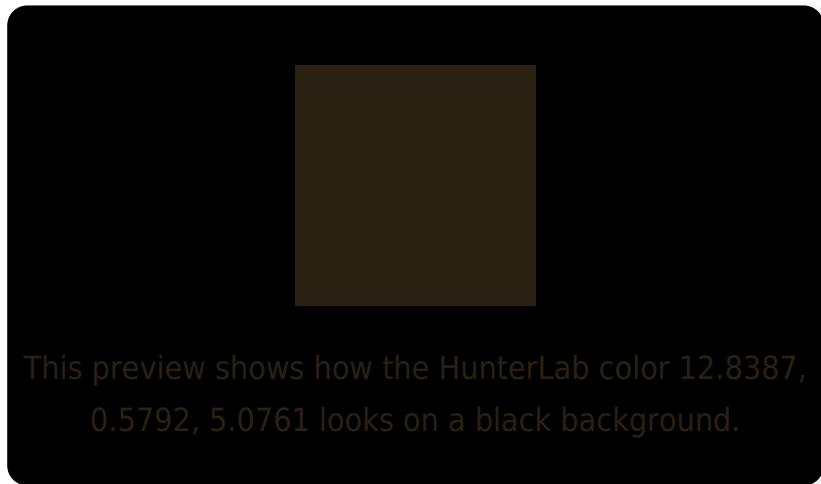
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

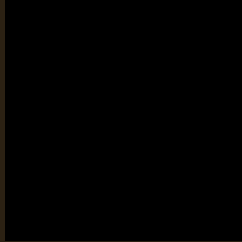
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 12.8387, 0.5792, 5.0761 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.8387, 0.5792, 5.0761.

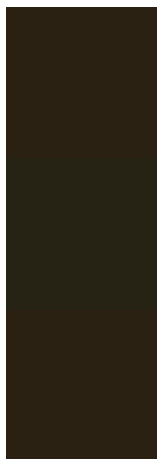


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.8387, 0.5792,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.8387, 0.5792, 5.0761

Protanopia

12.9021, -1.4578, 4.8834

Deuteranopia

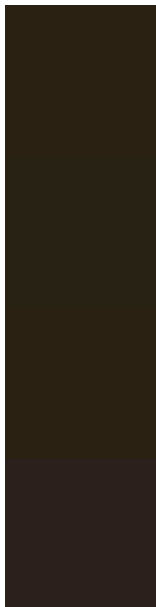
12.8387, 0.5792, 5.0761



Tritanopia

12.7708, 3.0535, 0.8968

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.8387, 0.5792, 5.0761

Protanomaly

12.8284, -0.5572, 4.8363

Deuteranomaly

12.8387, 0.5792, 5.0761

Tritanomaly

12.8732, 2.1115, 2.6158

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.8387, 0.5792, 5.0761

Achromatopsia

12.6476, -0.6748, 0.6872

Achromatomaly

12.7518, -0.5242, 2.4438

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 12.8387, 0.5792, 5.0761 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 33, 19)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(43, 33, 19)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 33, 19) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 33, 19) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 12.8387, 0.5792, 5.0761 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 33, 19) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 33, 19) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 33, 19) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 33, 19); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 33, 19);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 33, 19)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 12.8387, 0.5792, 5.0761 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 33, 19) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 33,  
19) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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