

Converting Colors

HunterLab(12.9677, -2.0797,
6.0540)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(12.9677, -2.0797, 6.0540)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(13.0596, -2.2227,
6.1222)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	26240E
RGB	38, 36, 14
RGB Percent	15%, 14%, 5%
CMY	0.8510, 0.8588, 0.9451
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.63, 0.85
HSL	55°, 46%, 10%
HSV	55°, 63%, 15%
XYZ	1.5095, 1.7055, 0.6651
YIQ	34.0900, 8.2540, -6.4180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

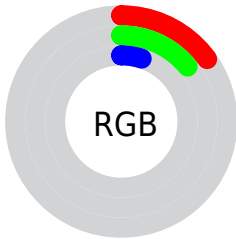
Format	Color
R_{YB}	16, 38, 14
Decimal	2499598
CIE Lab	13.86, -3.02, 14.38
CIE LCh	14, 14.697, 101.876
Yxy	1.7056, 0.3890, 0.4396
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280689678 (0xFF26240E)
YUV	34.0900, -9.9044, 3.4291
Hunter-Lab	13.0596, -2.2227, 6.1222

Details

The HunterLab color **13.0596, -2.2227, 6.1222** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **7.7708, 2.8534, -9.1526**, and the grayscale version is **12.7048, -0.6779, 0.6903**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.0566, -3.4541, 9.0478**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.9506, -2.3115, 6.5986**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.1764, -2.0958, 5.5458**.

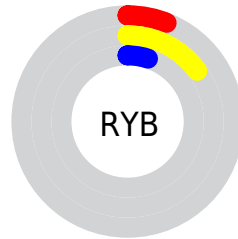
Distribution



Red (15%)

Green (14%)

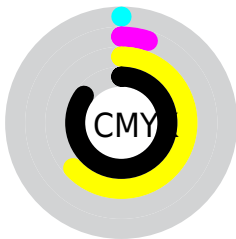
Blue (5%)



Red (6%)

Yellow (15%)

Blue (5%)

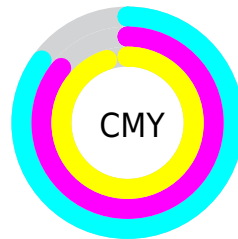


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (63%)

Black (85%)



Cyan (85%)

Magenta (86%)

Yellow (95%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 13.0596, -2.2227, 6.1222 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 13.0596, -2.2227, 6.1222 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 13.0596, -2.2227,
6.1222

■ 13.0596, -2.2227,
6.1222

■ 105.0322, -8.7211,
18.9116

■ 6.5367, -2.3653,
4.5757

■ 28.1797, -3.4953,
9.2222

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 37.0693, -4.1657,
10.6929

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 46.7361, -4.8615,
12.1128

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 57.1221, -5.5831,
13.4999

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 68.1805, -6.3302,
14.8664

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 79.8726, -7.1026,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

16.2202

■ 92.1659, -7.8997,
17.5672

■ 13.0596, -2.2227,
6.1222

■ 13.0596, -2.2227,
6.1222

■ 12.9506, -2.3115,
6.5986

■ 13.1764, -2.0958,
5.5458

■ 12.8451, -2.3802,
7.0250

■ 13.3002, -1.9286,
4.8674

■ 12.7393, -2.4512,
7.4594

■ 13.4315, -1.7212,
4.0859

■ 12.6668, -2.5011,
7.7614

■ 13.5705, -1.4730,
3.2008

■ 13.7172, -1.1843,
2.2125

■ 13.8717, -0.8551,
1.1218

■ 14.0339, -0.4859,
-0.0700

■ 14.2038, -0.0772,
-1.3611

■ 14.3815, 0.3701,
-2.7494

Harmonies

Analogous

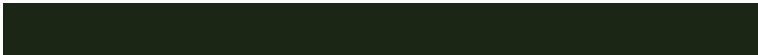
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.0599, 1.7485, 5.9907



13.0596, -2.2227, 6.1222



13.0599, -5.3879, 5.0308

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.0599, -2.2231, 6.1223



13.0599, -5.8824, -5.0857



13.0599, 7.3274, -1.7406

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.0596, -2.2227, 6.1222



7.7708, 2.8534, -9.1526

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.0599, 4.7652, -5.8893



13.0596, -2.2227, 6.1222



13.0599, -2.9759, -8.1816

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.0599, -2.2231, 6.1223



13.0599, -7.3264, -0.8640



13.0599, 0.9015, -8.5129



13.0599, 7.5913, 2.1112

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.0596, -2.2227, 6.1222



13.0599, -6.7402, 3.6771



13.0599, 0.9015, -8.5129



13.0599, 6.6934, -3.1713

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.0599, -2.2231, 6.1223



16.9576, -1.7329, 3.6332



8.7382, 6.1549, 2.1660



9.7880, -1.0032, 2.1073



56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665



10.0114, -0.5342, 0.5439

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.0599, -2.2231, 6.1223



16.0350, -2.9314, 8.5869



12.9027, -5.2694, 5.9492



7.6665, -0.5603, 0.9034



26.0417, -4.8039, 15.9626



71.5067, -12.5452, 43.8425

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.7708, 2.8534, -9.1526



7.9102, 5.4698, -16.3561



8.0512, 5.5000, -8.4463



7.2860, -0.2259, -0.1190



8.6639, 17.4226, -48.4396



22.4103, 54.1959, -145.0042

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 13.0596, -2.2227, 6.1222 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

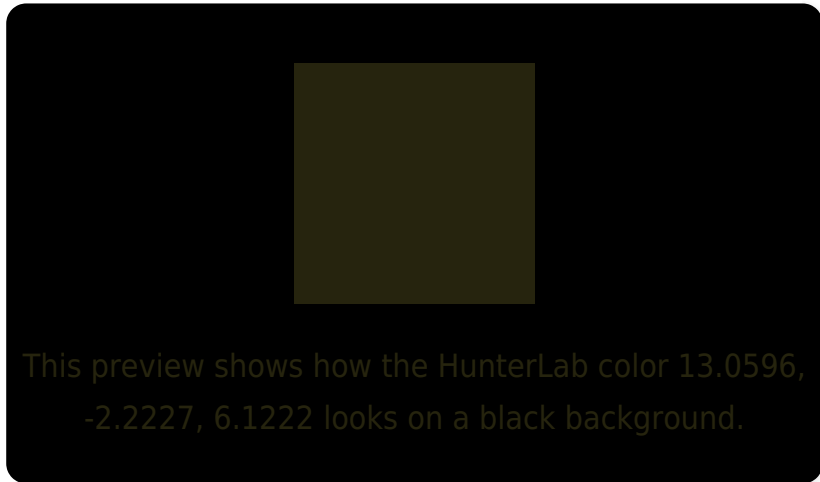
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

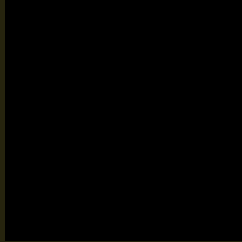
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 13.0596, -2.2227, 6.1222 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 13.0596, -2.2227, 6.1222.

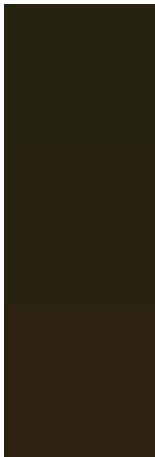


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 13.0596, -2.2227, 6.1222.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.0596, -2.2227, 6.1222

Protanopia

12.9803, -1.3267, 6.0775

Deuteranopia

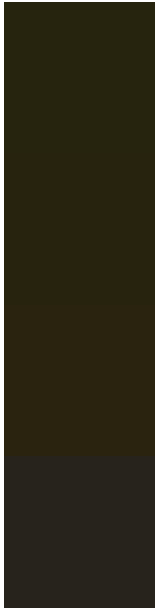
13.0920, 0.2256, 6.0245



Tritanopia

13.1246, 1.0441, 0.5656

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.0596, -2.2227, 6.1222

Protanomaly

12.9039, -1.5971, 6.0144

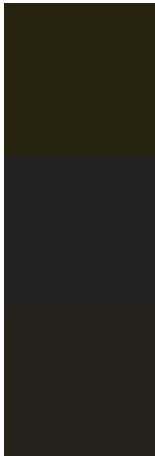
Deuteranomaly

13.1484, -0.7167, 6.0515

Tritanomaly

13.1043, -0.4936, 3.0956

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.0596, -2.2227, 6.1222

Achromatopsia

12.6476, -0.6748, 0.6872

Achromatomaly

12.8005, -1.5952, 3.0568

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 13.0596, -2.2227, 6.1222 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(38, 36, 14)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(38, 36, 14)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(38, 36, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(38, 36, 14) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 13.0596, -2.2227, 6.1222 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(38, 36, 14) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(38, 36, 14) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(38, 36, 14)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(38, 36, 14); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 36, 14);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 36, 14)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 13.0596, -2.2227, 6.1222 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(38, 36, 14) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(38, 36,  
14) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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