

Converting Colors

HunterLab(13.2676, -6.6838,
-2.1550)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(13.2676, -6.6838,
-2.1550) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(13.2676, -6.6838,
-2.1550)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00292B
RGB	0, 41, 43
RGB Percent	0%, 16%, 17%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8392, 0.8314
CMYK	1.00, 0.05, 0.00, 0.83
HSL	183°, 100%, 8%
HSV	183°, 100%, 17%
XYZ	1.2290, 1.7603, 2.5605
YIQ	28.9690, -25.0780, -8.0700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 21, 43
Decimal	10539
CIELab	14.18, -12.71, -5.27
CIELCh	14, 13.760, 202.531
Yxy	1.7604, 0.2215, 0.3172
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278200619 (0xFF00292B)
YUV	28.9690, 6.9173, -25.4058
Hunter-Lab	13.2676, -6.6838, -2.1550

Details

The HunterLab color **13.2676, -6.6838, -2.1550** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **7.4636, 11.2856, 4.7962**, and the grayscale version is **11.0600, -0.5901, 0.6009**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.3075, -9.4595, -2.0602**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.2678, -6.6839, -2.1549**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.4238, -6.3408, -1.9341**.

Distribution



- Red (0%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Blue (17%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (83%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 13.2676, -6.6838, -2.1550 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 13.2676, -6.6838, -2.1550 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 13.2676, -6.6838,
-2.1550

■ 13.2676, -6.6838,
-2.1550

■ 105.4480,
-18.4807, 0.4095

■ 6.7991, -8.5089,
-2.8445

■ 28.4481, -9.5385,
-2.0184

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 37.3633, -10.8652,
-1.8338

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 47.0537, -12.1596,
-1.5856

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 57.4616, -13.4348,
-1.2810

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 68.5406, -14.6994,
-0.9253

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.2522, -15.9594,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-0.5228

■ 92.5640, -17.2188,
-0.0769

■ 13.2676, -6.6838,
-2.1550

■ 13.2676, -6.6838,
-2.1550

■ 13.2678, -6.6839,
-2.1549

■ 13.4238, -6.3408,
-1.9341

■ 13.5781, -6.0067,
-1.7183

■ 13.7367, -5.6594,
-1.4993

■ 13.9186, -5.2265,
-1.2508

■ 14.1257, -4.7032,
-0.9712

■ 14.3584, -4.0912,
-0.6617

■ 14.6166, -3.3934,
-0.3236

■ 14.9004, -2.6139,
0.0415

■ 15.2094, -1.7573,
0.4315

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.2678, -7.0753, 1.5756



13.2676, -6.6838, -2.1550



13.2678, -4.7811, -5.8833

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.2678, -6.6838, -2.1548



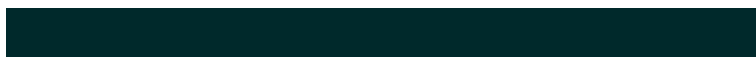
13.2678, 5.4511, -4.1130



13.2678, 0.2329, 5.9142

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.2676, -6.6838, -2.1550



7.4636, 11.2856, 4.7962

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.2678, 3.9232, 5.0637



13.2676, -6.6838, -2.1550



13.2678, 7.1441, -0.1920

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.2678, -6.6838, -2.1548



13.2678, 2.1414, -7.2137



13.2678, 6.5562, 3.0714



13.2678, -3.3367, 5.6225

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.2676, -6.6838, -2.1550



13.2678, -2.7859, -7.5336



13.2678, 6.5562, 3.0714



13.2678, 1.5048, 5.7524

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.2678, -6.6838, -2.1548



18.6702, -4.5210, -0.4968



13.1565, -11.1962, 7.7253



10.1142, -2.4491, -0.2691



57.4755, -3.0668, 3.1228



10.7914, -0.5758, 0.5863

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.2678, -6.6838, -2.1548



16.9638, -8.5171, -2.8174



8.2288, 0.5112, -11.3881



8.3378, -0.8539, 0.2827



25.3268, -12.6620, -4.3227



68.4736, -34.0251, -12.1357

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.2081, 16.0060, -9.8157



10.5130, 20.4919, -12.4944



10.6009, 3.3613, 6.5908



8.0556, 0.2588, -0.0082



15.7303, 30.6428, -18.5492



42.6617, 83.0333, -49.7484

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 13.2676, -6.6838, -2.1550 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

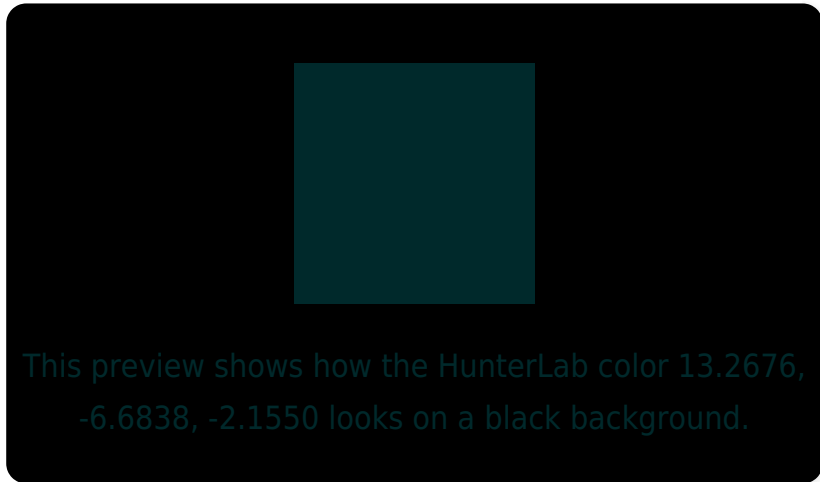
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

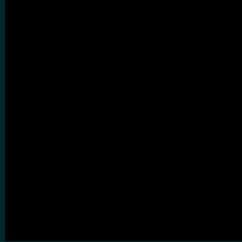
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

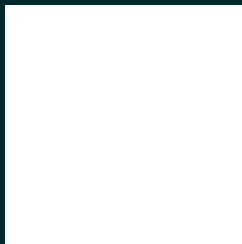
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 13.2676, -6.6838, -2.1550 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 13.2676, -6.6838, -2.1550.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 13.2676, -6.6838, -2.1550.

-2.1550.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.2676, -6.6838, -2.1550

Protanopia

13.3792, -0.1800, -0.6552

Deuteranopia

13.5533, 0.6262, -2.0616



Tritanopia

13.4164, -6.0476, -2.3692

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.2676, -6.6838, -2.1550

Protanomaly

13.1472, -3.3656, -1.4183

Deuteranomaly

13.2750, -2.7335, -2.5104

Tritanomaly

13.3682, -6.2347, -2.4401

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.2676, -6.6838, -2.1550

Achromatopsia

11.0844, -0.5914, 0.6022

Achromatomaly

11.5404, -3.4592, -0.7246

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 13.2676, -6.6838, -2.1550 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 41, 43)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 41, 43)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 41, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 41, 43) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 13.2676, -6.6838, -2.1550 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 41, 43) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 41, 43) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 41, 43)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 41, 43); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 41, 43); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 41, 43) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 13.2676, -6.6838, -2.1550 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 41, 43) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 41,  
43) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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