

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(13.2805, 18.8728,  
-0.8602)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(13.2805, 18.8728,  
-0.8602) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(13.2764, 18.8521,  
-0.8576)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	470C29
RGB	71, 12, 41
RGB Percent	28%, 5%, 16%
CMY	0.7216, 0.9529, 0.8392
CMYK	0.00, 0.83, 0.42, 0.72
HSL	331°, 71%, 16%
HSV	331°, 83%, 28%
XYZ	3.1302, 1.7626, 2.2731
YIQ	32.9470, 25.8550, 21.5270

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

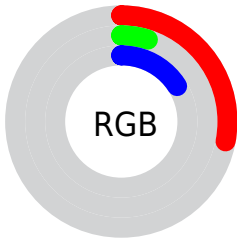
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	71, 12, 41
Decimal	4656169
CIELab	14.19, 30.14, -3.02
CIElCh	14, 30.295, 354.280
Yxy	1.7627, 0.4368, 0.2460
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282846249 (0xFF470C29)
YUV	32.9470, 3.9701, 33.3725
Hunter-Lab	13.2764, 18.8521, -0.8576

# Details

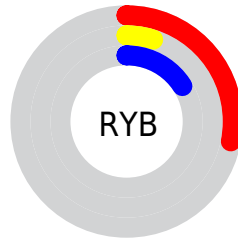
The HunterLab color **13.2764, 18.8521, -0.8576** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **21.7988, -15.0324, 7.2103**, and the grayscale version is **12.2984, -0.6562, 0.6682**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.3570, 21.6420, -0.5557**, and **2.9252, 5.0094, 1.8902** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.5781, 20.4467, -0.2939**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.1256, 16.9728, -1.2549**.

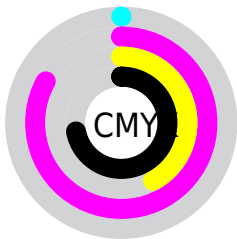
# Distribution



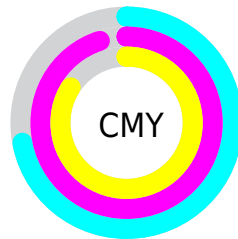
- Red (28%)
- Green (5%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (28%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Black (72%)



- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (95%)
- Yellow (84%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 13.2764, 18.8521, -0.8576 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 13.2764, 18.8521, -0.8576 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



13.2764, 18.8521,  
-0.8576

13.2764, 18.8521,  
-0.8576

105.4658, 27.4537,  
2.7209

6.8101, 20.1391,  
-1.4672

28.4596, 21.6067,  
-0.4421

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

37.3759, 22.7745,  
-0.1337

0.0000, NaN, NaN

47.0673, 23.8121,  
0.2303

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

57.4761, 24.7323,  
0.6440

0.0000, NaN, NaN

68.5560, 25.5472,  
1.1030

0.0000, NaN, NaN

80.2685, 26.2668,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

1.6040

■ 92.5810, 26.8999,  
2.1441

■ 13.2764, 18.8521,  
-0.8576

■ 13.2764, 18.8521,  
-0.8576

■ 12.5781, 20.4467,  
-0.2939

■ 14.1256, 16.9728,  
-1.2549

■ 12.0844, 21.6939,  
0.0641

■ 15.1746, 14.7393,  
-1.4108

■ 16.4032, 12.2857,  
-1.3484

■ 17.7894, 9.7195,  
-1.1004

■ 19.3118, 7.1149,  
-0.7006

■ 20.9514, 4.5175,  
-0.1791

■ 22.6920, 1.9524,  
0.4394

■ 24.5203, -0.5690,  
1.1353

■ 26.4251, -3.0434,  
1.8936

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.2768, 14.6298, -11.3200



13.2764, 18.8521, -0.8576



13.2768, 16.8902, 5.5449

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.2768, 18.8510, -0.8572



13.2768, -6.5786, 9.2937



13.2768, -8.7022, -18.0732

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.2764, 18.8521, -0.8576



21.7988, -15.0324, 7.2103

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.2768, -12.2245, -7.0212



13.2764, 18.8521, -0.8576



13.2768, -11.2197, 7.1778

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.2768, 18.8510, -0.8572



13.2768, 0.8956, 9.2937



13.2768, -13.0544, 2.1295



13.2768, -2.2411, -24.4570



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.2764, 18.8521, -0.8576



13.2768, 12.5359, 8.2591



13.2768, -13.0544, 2.1295



13.2768, -10.1994, -14.5465

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.2768, 18.8510, -0.8572



26.6157, 6.8428, -0.4423



10.9534, 16.7396, -25.2252



13.2830, 3.7221, -0.2781



64.8100, -3.4581, 3.5212



16.4960, -0.8802, 0.8963



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.2768, 18.8510, -0.8572



15.6697, 28.0498, 0.7075



12.7639, 16.7704, 6.5424



12.3473, 0.4272, 0.3907



17.0259, 30.4537, 0.9521



41.8121, 74.3781, 5.5174



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.2768, 18.8510, -0.8572



15.6697, 28.0498, 0.7075



22.4490, -11.1203, -2.1058



12.3473, 0.4272, 0.3907



17.0259, 30.4537, 0.9521

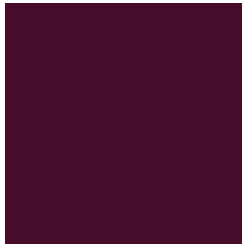


41.8121, 74.3781, 5.5174



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 13.2764, 18.8521, -0.8576 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

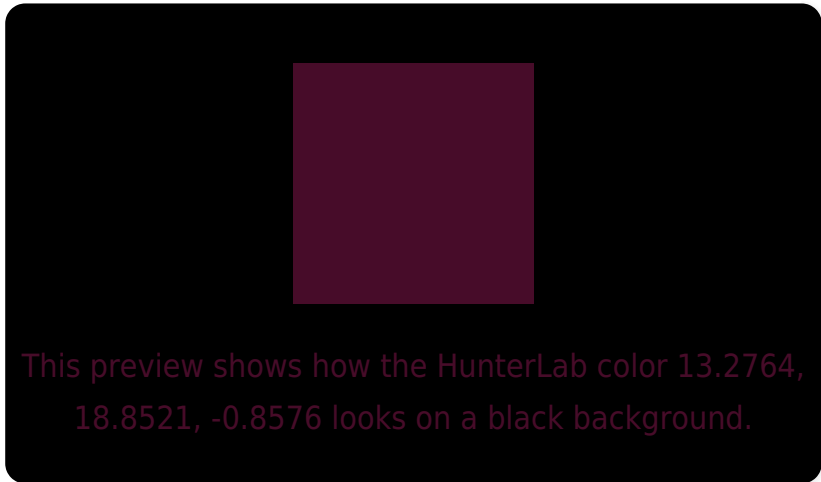
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

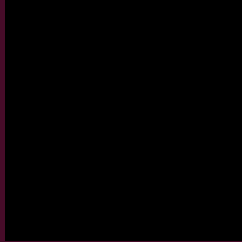
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 13.2764, 18.8521, -0.8576 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 13.2764, 18.8521, -0.8576.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 13.2764, 18.8521, -0.8576.

-0.8576.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

13.2764, 18.8521, -0.8576

### Protanopia

14.1022, 0.9820, -7.5676

### Deuteranopia

13.9833, 0.6292, 0.8523



## Tritanopia

13.4846, 14.5907, 5.6546

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

13.2764, 18.8521, -0.8576

## Protanomaly

13.0330, 6.8252, -6.0977

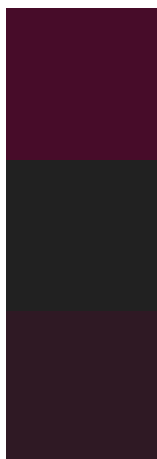
## Deuteranomaly

13.1677, 7.4528, -0.3984

## Tritanomaly

13.2534, 16.1432, 3.5346

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

13.2764, 18.8521, -0.8576

## Achromatopsia

12.3323, -0.6580, 0.6700

## Achromatomaly

11.9456, 6.5653, -0.8084

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 13.2764, 18.8521, -0.8576 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 12, 41)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 12, 41)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 12, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 12, 41) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 13.2764, 18.8521, -0.8576 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 12, 41) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 12, 41) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 12, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(71, 12, 41); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 12, 41);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 12, 41)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 13.2764, 18.8521, -0.8576 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 12, 41) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 12,  
41) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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