

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(13.4098, 31.6883,  
-58.9587)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(13.4098, 31.6883,  
-58.9587) contains.

<b>HunterLab(13.4098, 31.6883, -58.9587)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	30

# Color

**HunterLab(13.4098, 31.6883,  
-58.9587)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	300070
RGB	48, 0, 112
RGB Percent	19%, 0%, 44%
CMY	0.8118, 1.0000, 0.5608
CMYK	0.57, 1.00, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	266°, 100%, 22%
HSV	266°, 100%, 44%
XYZ	4.1435, 1.7982, 15.4579
YIQ	27.1200, -7.3440, 45.0080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

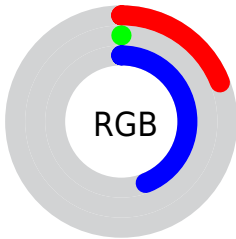
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	48, 0, 112
Decimal	3145840
CIELab	14.39, 44.98, -51.94
CIElCh	14, 68.706, 310.895
Yxy	1.7983, 0.1936, 0.0840
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281335920 (0xFF300070)
YUV	27.1200, 41.8458, 18.3118
Hunter-Lab	13.4098, 31.6883, -58.9587

# Details

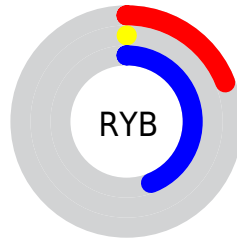
The HunterLab color **13.4098, 31.6883, -58.9587** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330066**. A complement of this color would be **35.6066, -22.6659, 21.5438**, and the grayscale version is **10.3836, -0.5540, 0.5642**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.5419, 35.4694, -55.7379**, and **5.9907, 16.2497, -42.5662** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.4101, 31.6886, -58.9572**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.8636, 29.1065, -51.4790**.

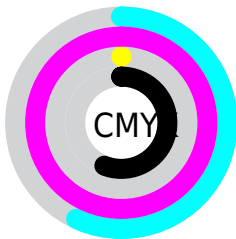
# Distribution



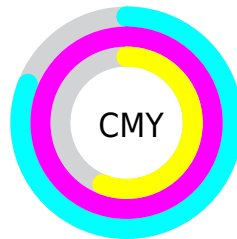
- Red (19%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 13.4098, 31.6883, -58.9587 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 13.4098, 31.6883, -58.9587 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 13.4098, 31.6883,  
-58.9587

■ 13.4098, 31.6883,  
-58.9587

■ 105.7315, 45.1590,  
-59.3688

■ 6.9722, 33.4655,  
-71.5789

■ 28.6315, 35.3301,  
-55.3522

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 37.5640, 37.0686,  
-55.3526

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 47.2704, 38.6921,  
-55.7607

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 57.6932, 40.1979,  
-56.3744

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 68.7862, 41.5904,  
-57.0891


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 80.5111, 42.8767,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


-57.8467

 92.8355, 44.0639,  
-58.6134


 13.4098, 31.6883,  
-58.9587


 13.4098, 31.6883,  
-58.9587


 13.4101, 31.6886,  
-58.9572

 14.8636, 29.1065,  
-51.4790

 16.5678, 26.2935,  
-44.1884

 18.6859, 22.8381,  
-36.7255

 21.1459, 19.1203,  
-29.6163

 23.8825, 15.3615,  
-23.0707

■ 26.8431, 11.6654,  
-17.1138

■ 29.9874, 8.0686,  
-11.6891

■ 33.2849, 4.5748,  
-6.7157

■ 36.7127, 1.1742,  
-2.1137

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.4101, 6.7428, -94.2491



13.4098, 31.6883, -58.9587



13.4101, 52.6449, -15.8842

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.4101, 31.6886, -58.9572



13.4101, 13.1274, 9.3871



13.4101, -23.4677, -7.4334

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.4098, 31.6883, -58.9587



35.6066, -22.6659, 21.5438

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.4101, -23.4677, 8.6686



13.4098, 31.6883, -58.9587



13.4101, -6.8338, 9.3871

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.4101, 31.6886, -58.9572



13.4101, 38.4912, 9.3871



13.4101, -17.9273, 9.3871



13.4101, -20.1876, -46.1788



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.4098, 31.6883, -58.9587



13.4101, 57.1312, 1.2509



13.4101, -17.9273, 9.3871



13.4101, -23.4677, 0.1872

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.4101, 31.6886, -58.9572



39.4107, 11.0641, -16.0352



22.3357, -0.4547, -26.9362



18.6411, 6.1800, -8.9829



76.6170, -4.0881, 4.1627



26.1505, -1.3953, 1.4208



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.4101, 31.6886, -58.9572



17.5753, 41.7912, -79.2859



20.0842, 40.2194, -32.1732



18.3408, 0.4153, -0.8274



14.3730, 34.0234, -63.6514



31.3082, 75.1340, -146.5715



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.5317, 35.3437, -2.0686



25.8398, 46.6715, -2.0628



34.1300, -28.8130, 20.5264



18.5215, 0.9028, 0.3762



20.9896, 37.9618, -2.0688

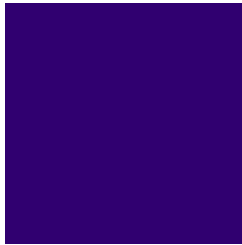


46.6594, 84.0485, -1.9650



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 13.4098, 31.6883, -58.9587 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

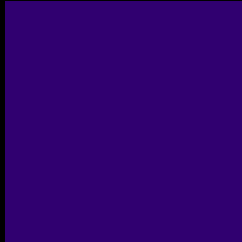
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 13.4098, 31.6883, -58.9587 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

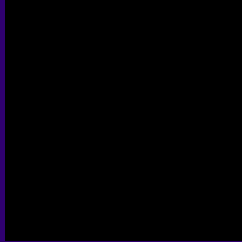
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 13.4098, 31.6883, -58.9587 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 13.4098, 31.6883, -58.9587.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 13.4098, 31.6883, -58.9587.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

13.4098, 31.6883, -58.9587

### Deuteranopia

14.4849, -1.5223, -14.8187

### Tritanopia

14.7945, -4.5694, -1.7414

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

13.4098, 31.6883, -58.9587

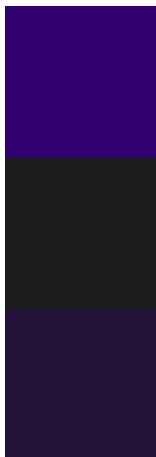
## Deuteranomaly

12.4856, 10.4999, -32.9341

## Tritanomaly

12.6195, 8.3024, -20.0862

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

13.4098, 31.6883, -58.9587

## Achromatopsia

10.4690, -0.5586, 0.5688

## Achromatomaly

10.3136, 10.6344, -16.4706

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 13.4098, 31.6883, -58.9587 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(48, 0, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(48, 0, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(48, 0, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(48, 0, 112) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 13.4098, 31.6883, -58.9587 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(48, 0, 112) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(48, 0, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(48, 0, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(48, 0, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 0, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 0, 112)  
}
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 13.4098, 31.6883, -58.9587 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(48, 0, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(48, 0,  
112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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