

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(13.4771, 8.3336,  
-9.5438)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(13.4771, 8.3336, -9.5438)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(13.4121, 8.4846,  
-9.8782)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2F1D3B
RGB	47, 29, 59
RGB Percent	18%, 11%, 23%
CMY	0.8157, 0.8863, 0.7686
CMYK	0.20, 0.51, 0.00, 0.77
HSL	276°, 34%, 17%
HSV	276°, 51%, 23%
XYZ	2.4011, 1.7988, 4.3583
YIQ	37.8020, 1.0980, 13.1460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

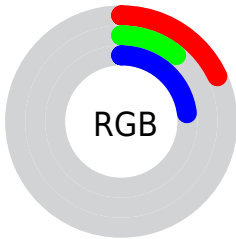
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	47, 29, 59
Decimal	3087675
CIE Lab	14.39, 15.70, -16.01
CIE LCh	14, 22.424, 314.440
Yxy	1.7989, 0.2806, 0.2102
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281277755 (0xFF2F1D3B)
YUV	37.8020, 10.4506, 8.0666
Hunter-Lab	13.4121, 8.4846, -9.8782

# Details

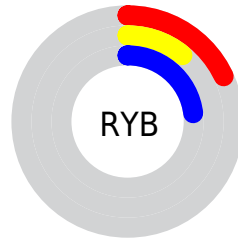
The HunterLab color **13.4121, 8.4846, -9.8782** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333366**. A complement of this color would be **19.2044, -8.5098, 8.0958**, and the grayscale version is **13.8261, -0.7377, 0.7512**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.6101, 9.8282, -10.4563**, and **2.3706, 3.1611, -9.7870** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.1752, 10.4238, -12.4647**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.7445, 6.5407, -7.4384**.

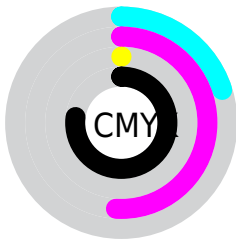
# Distribution



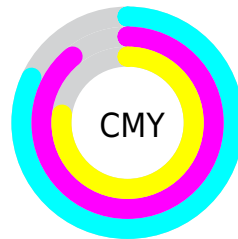
- Red (18%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (23%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (77%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (77%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 13.4121, 8.4846, -9.8782 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 13.4121, 8.4846, -9.8782 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 13.4121, 8.4846,  
-9.8782

■ 13.4121, 8.4846,  
-9.8782

■ 105.7360, 11.1325,  
-11.2891

■ 6.9749, 9.4362,  
-10.6218

■ 28.6344, 9.7847,  
-10.6591

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 37.5672, 10.2352,  
-10.9504

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 47.2739, 10.5808,  
-11.1678

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 57.6969, 10.8357,  
-11.3148

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 68.7901, 11.0106,  
-11.3961

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.5152, 11.1142,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-11.4161

92.8398, 11.1529,  
-11.3792

13.4121, 8.4846,  
-9.8782

13.4121, 8.4846,  
-9.8782

12.1752, 10.4238,  
-12.4647

14.7445, 6.5407,  
-7.4384

11.0504, 12.3121,  
-15.1758

16.1574, 4.6171,  
-5.1465

10.0579, 14.0701,  
-17.9473

17.6395, 2.7242,  
-2.9907

9.1476, 15.8234,  
-20.9047

19.1815, 0.8647,  
-0.9550

8.2471, 17.9521,  
-24.3508

20.7760, -0.9627,  
0.9771

■ 22.4170, -2.7611,  
2.8212

■ 24.0995, -4.5344,  
4.5910

■ 25.8197, -6.2866,  
6.2984

■ 27.5741, -8.0214,  
7.9536

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.4124, 2.3234, -15.1109



13.4121, 8.4846, -9.8782



13.4124, 12.4981, -2.6070

# Triad

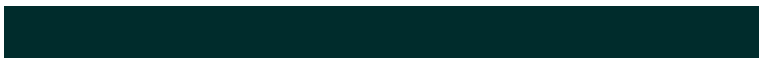
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.4124, 8.4843, -9.8778



13.4124, 2.5642, 8.3949



13.4124, -10.2599, -2.3479

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.4121, 8.4846, -9.8782



19.2044, -8.5098, 8.0958

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.4124, -10.2187, 3.3826



13.4121, 8.4846, -9.8782



13.4124, -3.5074, 8.4299

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.4124, 8.4843, -9.8778



13.4124, 8.6875, 6.5708



13.4124, -7.9562, 6.6667



13.4124, -8.0811, -9.6169



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.4121, 8.4846, -9.8782



13.4124, 13.0344, 1.5623



13.4124, -7.9562, 6.6667



13.4124, -10.4911, -0.1591

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.4124, 8.4843, -9.8778



23.8464, 2.2791, -2.4937



14.7069, -0.3811, -7.6253



12.2751, 1.2555, -1.3738



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.4124, 8.4843, -9.8778



15.3088, 14.2222, -17.1533



14.4711, 11.1482, -6.2169



10.8278, 0.2386, -0.2717



12.9341, 28.4468, -40.4535



32.0336, 71.2967, -106.7262



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.0311, 9.0731, -0.0601



16.4159, 15.0314, 0.0823



18.6909, -10.4435, 6.9994



10.8698, 0.2960, 0.4459



15.9264, 28.1425, 3.5618

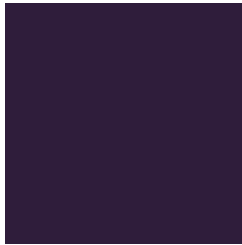


40.2775, 70.7563, 12.2297



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 13.4121, 8.4846, -9.8782 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

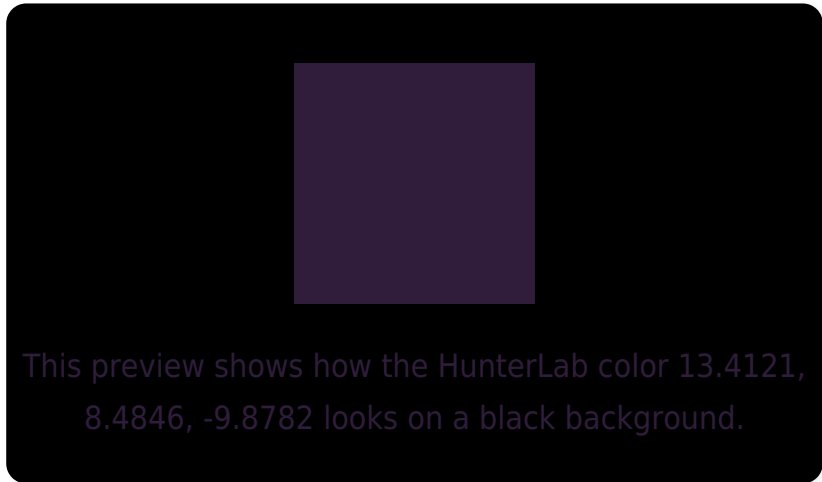
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

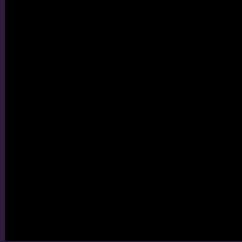
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 13.4121, 8.4846, -9.8782 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 13.4121, 8.4846, -9.8782.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 13.4121, 8.4846, -9.8782.

-9.8782.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

13.4121, 8.4846, -9.8782

### Protanopia

13.5113, 1.9631, -13.5853

### Deuteranopia

13.5579, 0.3157, -8.5680



**Tritanopia**

13.3836, 1.9488, 0.5273

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

13.4121, 8.4846, -9.8782

## Protanomaly

13.2426, 4.2788, -12.8197

## Deuteranomaly

13.3777, 3.2144, -9.4417

## Tritanomaly

13.2588, 4.1113, -2.8597

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

13.4121, 8.4846, -9.8782

## Achromatopsia

13.9221, -0.7428, 0.7564

## Achromatomaly

13.6775, 2.2782, -2.7367

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 13.4121, 8.4846, -9.8782 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(47, 29, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(47, 29, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(47, 29, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(47, 29, 59) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 13.4121, 8.4846, -9.8782 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(47, 29, 59) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(47, 29, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(47, 29, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(47, 29, 59); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 29, 59);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 29, 59)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 13.4121, 8.4846, -9.8782 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(47, 29, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(47, 29,  
59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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