

Converting Colors

HunterLab(13.7008, 23.8515,
-50.0005)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(13.7008, 23.8515,
-50.0005) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(13.6466, 24.0164,
-50.4129)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	28106A
RGB	40, 16, 106
RGB Percent	16%, 6%, 42%
CMY	0.8431, 0.9373, 0.5843
CMYK	0.62, 0.85, 0.00, 0.58
HSL	256°, 74%, 24%
HSV	256°, 85%, 42%
XYZ	3.6619, 1.8623, 13.8021
YIQ	33.4360, -14.5860, 33.0780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

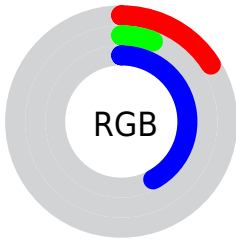
Format	Color
R_{YB}	40, 16, 106
Decimal	2625642
CIE _{Lab}	14.75, 36.34, -47.45
CIE _{LCh}	15, 59.772, 307.446
Yxy	1.8623, 0.1895, 0.0964
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280815722 (0xFF28106A)
YUV	33.4360, 35.7741, 5.7566
Hunter-Lab	13.6466, 24.0164, -50.4129

Details

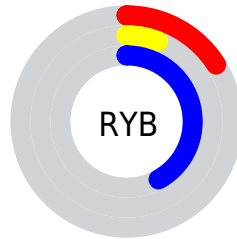
The HunterLab color **13.6466, 24.0164, -50.4129** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330066**. A complement of this color would be **34.8412, -16.2625, 20.3502**, and the grayscale version is **12.3638, -0.6597, 0.6718**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.8908, 27.3729, -48.1029**, and **5.4351, 14.7428, -38.6190** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.1185, 26.8546, -58.7752**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.5857, 20.7432, -41.9048**.

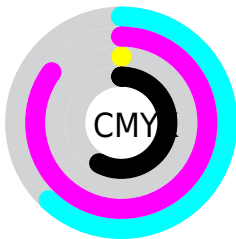
Distribution



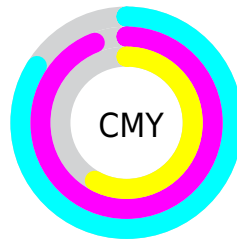
- Red (16%)
- Green (6%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (94%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 13.6466, 24.0164, -50.4129 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 13.6466, 24.0164, -50.4129 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 13.6466, 24.0164,
-50.4129

■ 13.6466, 24.0164,
-50.4129

■ 106.2015, 34.7679,
-52.6014

■ 7.2497, 24.5594,
-59.0918

■ 28.9358, 27.2136,
-48.2838

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 37.8971, 28.6345,
-48.5335

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 47.6300, 29.9266,
-49.0662

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 58.0774, 31.0981,
-49.7313

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 69.1935, 32.1590,
-50.4514

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.9403, 33.1188,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-51.1842

93.2855, 33.9860,
-51.9056

13.6466, 24.0164,
-50.4129

13.6466, 24.0164,
-50.4129

12.1185, 26.8546,
-58.7752

15.5857, 20.7432,
-41.9048

11.3637, 28.6177,
-63.6408

17.8996, 17.2914,
-33.8340

20.5072, 13.9073,
-26.5432

23.3458, 10.6802,
-20.0573

26.3691, 7.6226,
-14.2775

■ 29.5437, 4.7170,
-9.0776

■ 32.8452, 1.9374,
-4.3412

■ 36.2555, -0.7413,
0.0285

■ 39.7606, -3.3411,
4.1086

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.6467, 3.5723, -74.1494



13.6466, 24.0164, -50.4129



13.6467, 41.9228, -16.3423

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.6467, 24.0173, -50.4124



13.6467, 13.4846, 9.5527



13.6467, -22.5089, -3.7104

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.6466, 24.0164, -50.4129



34.8412, -16.2625, 20.3502

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.6467, -21.2101, 8.7931



13.6466, 24.0164, -50.4129



13.6467, -4.5556, 9.5527

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.6467, 24.0173, -50.4124



13.6467, 34.1093, 9.5527



13.6467, -15.1885, 9.5527



13.6467, -18.7369, -32.6338

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.6466, 24.0164, -50.4129



13.6467, 46.7826, -0.6531



13.6467, -15.1885, 9.5527



13.6467, -22.6509, 2.0053

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.6467, 24.0173, -50.4124



38.8025, 6.5443, -12.5419



26.8054, -8.0705, -13.7843



18.2587, 3.6320, -6.8889



74.4461, -3.9723, 4.0448



24.3420, -1.2988, 1.3225

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.6467, 24.0173, -50.4124



14.8815, 37.7569, -85.5140



18.2823, 31.7919, -32.3988



17.4946, 0.1692, -0.8579



12.5984, 31.8255, -71.3188



27.7744, 71.2560, -165.7052

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.1093, 32.7311, -10.5689



25.1332, 46.7776, -12.7221



32.7701, -24.6084, 18.8751



17.7505, 0.9632, 0.0549



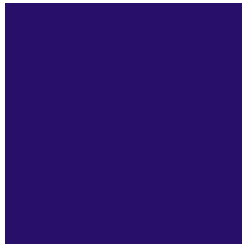
21.1538, 39.4037, -10.9599



47.5939, 88.3875, -22.5902

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 13.6466, 24.0164, -50.4129 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 13.6466, 24.0164, -50.4129 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

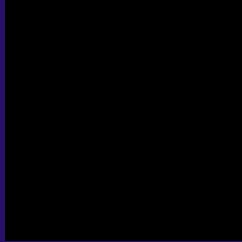
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 13.6466, 24.0164, -50.4129 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 13.6466, 24.0164, -50.4129.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 13.6466, 24.0164,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.6466, 24.0164, -50.4129

Protanopia

13.7392, 2.8870, -23.4050

Deuteranopia

13.8666, -1.4574, -14.1859



Tritanopia

13.8745, -6.8218, -2.6156

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.6466, 24.0164, -50.4129

Protanomaly

13.0444, 10.5551, -34.7354

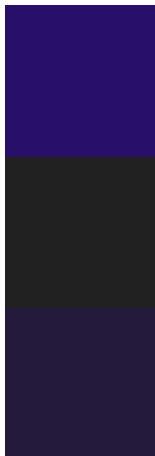
Deuteranomaly

12.9445, 7.3007, -27.5516

Tritanomaly

12.6753, 2.9450, -17.7191

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.6466, 24.0164, -50.4129

Achromatopsia

12.3323, -0.6580, 0.6700

Achromatomaly

12.1868, 7.0165, -13.1659

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 13.6466, 24.0164, -50.4129 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(40, 16, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(40, 16, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(40, 16, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(40, 16, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 13.6466, 24.0164, -50.4129 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(40, 16, 106) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(40, 16, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(40, 16, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(40, 16, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 16, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 16,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 13.6466, 24.0164, -50.4129 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(40, 16, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(40, 16,  
106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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