

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(13.9289, 27.3448,  
-18.0620)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(13.9289, 27.3448,  
-18.0620) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(13.9172, 27.2900,  
-17.7999)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	4A0049
RGB	74, 0, 73
RGB Percent	29%, 0%, 29%
CMY	0.7098, 1.0000, 0.7137
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.01, 0.71
HSL	301°, 100%, 15%
HSV	301°, 100%, 29%
XYZ	4.0266, 1.9369, 6.4649
YIQ	30.4480, 20.6710, 38.3910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

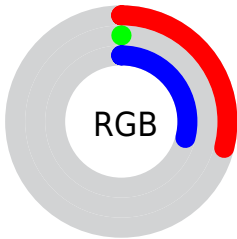
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	74, 0, 73
Decimal	4849737
CIE Lab	15.15, 40.02, -24.31
CIE LCh	15, 46.830, 328.723
Yxy	1.9370, 0.3240, 0.1558
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283039817 (0xFF4A0049)
YUV	30.4480, 20.9781, 38.1951
Hunter-Lab	13.9172, 27.2900, -17.7999

# Details

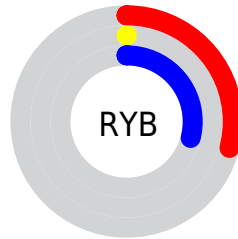
The HunterLab color **13.9172, 27.2900, -17.7999** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **22.1356, -18.9456, 13.2310**, and the grayscale version is **11.4664, -0.6118, 0.6230**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.2799, 30.9583, -18.6997**, and **5.4349, 10.9396, -9.1403** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.9173, 27.2901, -17.7997**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.4877, 25.2892, -16.4972**.

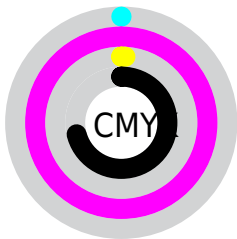
# Distribution



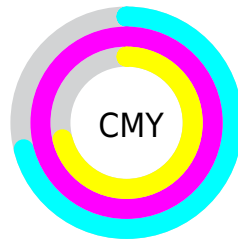
- Red (29%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (29%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (29%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (71%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (71%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 13.9172, 27.2900, -17.7999 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 13.9172, 27.2900, -17.7999 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



13.9172, 27.2900,  
-17.7999

13.9172, 27.2900,  
-17.7999

106.7368, 39.2096,  
-21.1597

7.5529, 27.3669,  
-18.7064

29.2832, 30.6999,  
-18.7461

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

38.2771, 32.2568,  
-19.2553

0.0000, NaN, NaN

48.0399, 33.6888,  
-19.7196

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

58.5153, 35.0005,  
-20.1268

0.0000, NaN, NaN

69.6577, 36.2001,  
-20.4735

0.0000, NaN, NaN

81.4293, 37.2962,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-20.7599

93.7982, 38.2970,  
-20.9879

13.9172, 27.2900,  
-17.7999

13.9172, 27.2900,  
-17.7999

13.9173, 27.2901,  
-17.7997

14.4877, 25.2892,  
-16.4972

15.0854, 23.3142,  
-15.2073

15.8824, 20.8415,  
-13.5744

16.8844, 17.9656,  
-11.6609

18.0746, 14.8349,  
-9.5660

■ 19.4332, 11.5739,  
-7.3740

■ 20.9397, 8.2733,  
-5.1465

■ 22.5754, 4.9915,  
-2.9241

■ 24.3234, 1.7625,  
-0.7304

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.9175, 13.2300, -39.6243



13.9172, 27.2900, -17.7999



13.9175, 33.5669, 0.2237

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.9175, 27.2892, -17.7992



13.9175, -0.1886, 9.7423



13.9175, -16.7641, -15.9294

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.9172, 27.2900, -17.7999



22.1356, -18.9456, 13.2310

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.9175, -18.5646, 1.2711



13.9172, 27.2900, -17.7999



13.9175, -10.7371, 9.7423

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.9175, 27.2892, -17.7992



13.9175, 14.5448, 9.7423



13.9175, -16.4374, 9.2023



13.9175, -11.3870, -38.0118



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.9172, 27.2900, -17.7999



13.9175, 31.2322, 6.4382



13.9175, -16.4374, 9.2023



13.9175, -17.7923, -9.0942

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.9175, 27.2892, -17.7992



27.3925, 11.4319, -7.1391



7.0321, 19.0710, -49.9567



13.5460, 6.1858, -3.8857



65.8695, -3.5146, 3.5788



17.3419, -0.9253, 0.9422



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.9175, 27.2892, -17.7992



18.3654, 36.0086, -23.4601



12.6076, 22.6491, -0.0664



13.1399, 0.7224, -0.2407



19.3829, 38.0028, -24.7546



47.1733, 92.4716, -60.1052



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.9175, 27.2892, -17.7992



18.3654, 36.0086, -23.4601



22.4304, -17.1078, 8.8952



13.1399, 0.7224, -0.2407



19.3829, 38.0028, -24.7546

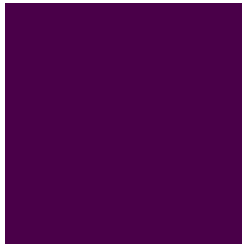


47.1733, 92.4716, -60.1052



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 13.9172, 27.2900, -17.7999 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

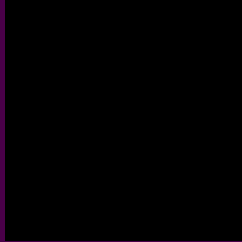
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 13.9172, 27.2900, -17.7999 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 13.9172, 27.2900, -17.7999.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 13.9172, 27.2900, -17.7999.

-17.7999.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

13.9172, 27.2900, -17.7999

### Protanopia

15.0259, 3.0787, -25.4270

### Deuteranopia

15.1829, 0.8010, -12.6166



## Tritanopia

14.9762, 11.2281, 4.2928

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

13.9172, 27.2900, -17.7999

## Protanomaly

12.5135, 11.0039, -28.9805

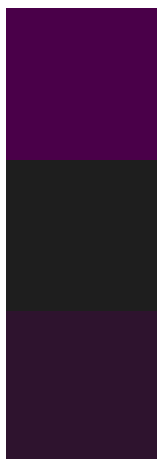
## Deuteranomaly

13.1896, 10.6662, -17.7327

## Tritanomaly

14.0338, 17.5163, -1.9660

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

13.9172, 27.2900, -17.7999

## Achromatopsia

11.3943, -0.6080, 0.6191

## Achromatomaly

11.1528, 10.1355, -6.6913

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 13.9172, 27.2900, -17.7999 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(74, 0, 73)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(74, 0, 73)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(74, 0, 73) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(74, 0, 73) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 13.9172, 27.2900, -17.7999 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(74, 0, 73) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(74, 0, 73) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(74, 0, 73)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(74, 0, 73); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 0, 73); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 0, 73) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 13.9172, 27.2900, -17.7999 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(74, 0, 73) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(74, 0,  
73) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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