

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(13.9437, 25.0862,  
-0.3472)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(13.9437, 25.0862,  
-0.3472) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(14.0036, 25.1753,  
-0.2047)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	52002A
RGB	82, 0, 42
RGB Percent	32%, 0%, 16%
CMY	0.6784, 1.0000, 0.8353
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.49, 0.68
HSL	329°, 100%, 16%
HSV	329°, 100%, 32%
XYZ	3.8976, 1.9610, 2.3636
YIQ	29.3060, 35.3900, 30.4460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

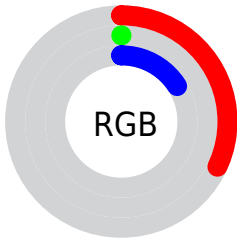
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	82, 0, 42
Decimal	5373994
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	15.28, 37.59, -1.86
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	15, 37.632, 357.171
Yxy	1.9611, 0.4740, 0.2385
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283564074 (0xFF52002A)
YUV	29.3060, 6.2581, 46.2126
Hunter-Lab	14.0036, 25.1753, -0.2047

# Details

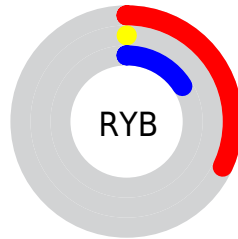
The HunterLab color **14.0036, 25.1753, -0.2047** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **24.8754, -19.1311, 10.2073**, and the grayscale version is **11.1535, -0.5951, 0.6060**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.2769, 28.5022, 0.2789**, and **5.4175, 9.3182, 3.1871** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.0035, 25.1751, -0.2038**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.7283, 23.4537, -0.9193**.

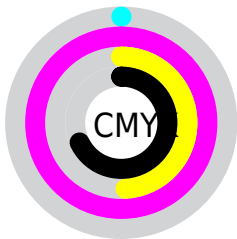
# Distribution



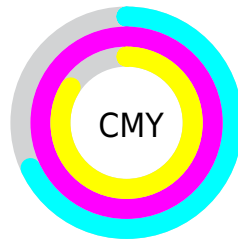
- Red (32%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Black (68%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (84%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 14.0036, 25.1753, -0.2047 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 14.0036, 25.1753, -0.2047 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 14.0036, 25.1753,  
-0.2047

■ 14.0036, 25.1753,  
-0.2047

■ 106.9072, 36.2922,  
3.9638

■ 7.6468, 25.0033,  
-0.5906

■ 29.3940, 28.4402,  
0.3788

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 38.3982, 29.9031,  
0.7597

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.1706, 31.2383,  
1.1907

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 58.6548, 32.4532,  
1.6672

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 69.8055, 33.5574,  
2.1853


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 81.5851, 34.5599,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


2.7424


 93.9615, 35.4690,  
3.3359


 14.0036, 25.1753,  
-0.2047


 14.0036, 25.1753,  
-0.2047


 14.0035, 25.1751,  
-0.2038

 14.7283, 23.4537,  
-0.9193

 15.5140, 21.7127,  
-1.5930

 16.5490, 19.4130,  
-1.9668

 17.8221, 16.7050,  
-2.0432

 19.3078, 13.7522,  
-1.8574

■ 20.9787, 10.6805,  
-1.4538

■ 22.8091, 7.5748,  
-0.8752

■ 24.7765, 4.4856,  
-0.1584

■ 26.8618, 1.4397,  
0.6672

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.0040, 20.1946, -13.8668



14.0036, 25.1753, -0.2047



14.0040, 21.7077, 7.0904

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.0040, 25.1738, -0.2042



14.0040, -8.7235, 9.8028



14.0040, -9.9831, -26.2841

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.0036, 25.1753, -0.2047



24.8754, -19.1311, 10.2073

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.0040, -14.4282, -10.9249



14.0036, 25.1753, -0.2047



14.0040, -13.8502, 8.0426

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.0040, 25.1738, -0.2042



14.0040, 0.2474, 9.8028



14.0040, -15.7061, 1.6645



14.0040, -1.7163, -34.3694



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.0036, 25.1753, -0.2047



14.0040, 15.5036, 9.8028



14.0040, -15.7061, 1.6645



14.0040, -11.8679, -21.4290

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.0040, 25.1738, -0.2042



29.8710, 10.4479, -1.2477



10.2624, 23.5077, -39.3836



14.5413, 5.6645, -0.7150



67.9972, -3.6282, 3.6944



19.0543, -1.0167, 1.0353



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.0040, 25.1738, -0.2042



18.4565, 33.0942, 0.4004



13.4051, 22.9768, 8.4881



13.8503, 0.5380, 0.3978



17.9950, 32.2734, 0.3374



43.0028, 76.7324, 3.8444



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.0040, 25.1738, -0.2042



18.4565, 33.0942, 0.4004



25.7356, -13.9030, -2.1538



13.8503, 0.5380, 0.3978



17.9950, 32.2734, 0.3374

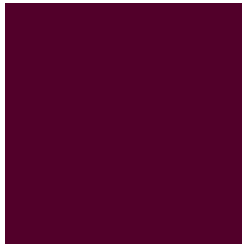


43.0028, 76.7324, 3.8444



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 14.0036, 25.1753, -0.2047 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

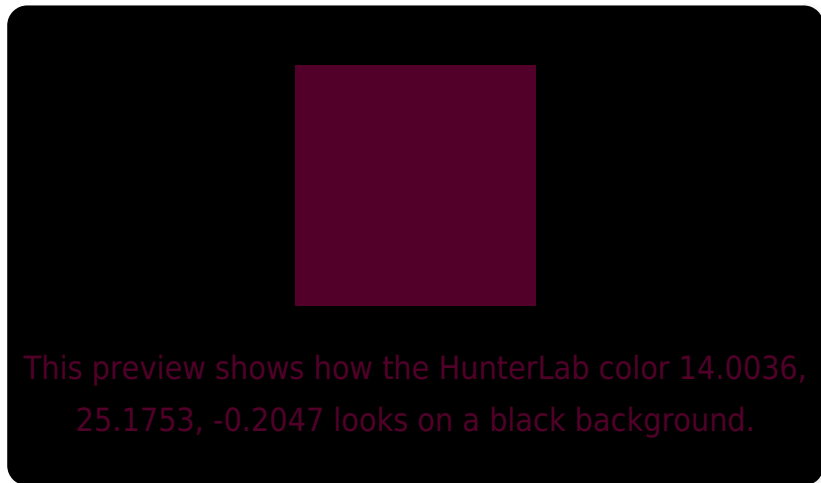
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 14.0036, 25.1753, -0.2047 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 14.0036, 25.1753, -0.2047.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 14.0036, 25.1753, -0.2047.

-0.2047.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

14.0036, 25.1753, -0.2047

### Protanopia

15.4472, 1.0844, -7.4078

### Deuteranopia

15.3647, 0.7391, 2.0737



## Tritanopia

14.8010, 18.6595, 7.3226

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

14.0036, 25.1753, -0.2047

## Protanomaly

13.4428, 10.0163, -6.9341

## Deuteranomaly

13.6112, 10.4855, -0.1738

## Tritanomaly

14.3640, 20.8357, 5.1819

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

14.0036, 25.1753, -0.2047

## Achromatopsia

11.0844, -0.5914, 0.6022

## Achromatomaly

10.8466, 9.3894, -1.4245

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 14.0036, 25.1753, -0.2047 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 0, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 0, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 0, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 0, 42) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 14.0036, 25.1753, -0.2047 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 0, 42) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 0, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 0, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 0, 42); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 0, 42); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 0, 42) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 14.0036, 25.1753, -0.2047 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 0, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 0,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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