

Converting Colors

HunterLab(14.0630, -3.5749,
0.2751)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(14.0630, -3.5749, 0.2751)
contains.

HunterLab(14.1432, -3.5141, 0.2378)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(14.1432, -3.5141,
0.2378)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1D2928
RGB	29, 41, 40
RGB Percent	11%, 16%, 16%
CMY	0.8863, 0.8392, 0.8431
CMYK	0.29, 0.00, 0.02, 0.84
HSL	175°, 17%, 14%
HSV	175°, 29%, 16%
XYZ	1.6826, 2.0003, 2.3049
YIQ	37.2980, -6.8310, -2.8550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

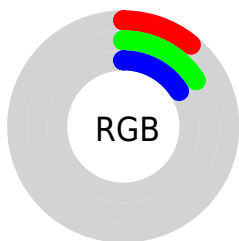
Format	Color
RYB	29, 35, 41
Decimal	1911080
CIELab	15.49, -5.41, -1.03
CIELCh	15, 5.513, 190.814
Yxy	2.0004, 0.2810, 0.3341
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280101160 (0xFF1D2928)
YUV	37.2980, 1.3321, -7.2773
Hunter-Lab	14.1432, -3.5141, 0.2378

Details

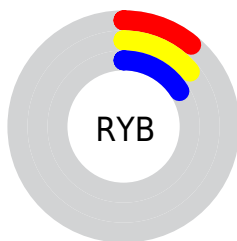
The HunterLab color **14.1432, -3.5141, 0.2378** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **12.0164, 2.5640, 1.3884**, and the grayscale version is **13.6947, -0.7307, 0.7441**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.5431, -5.0853, 0.8673**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.9365, -4.2974, 0.1009**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.3753, -2.6537, 0.4053**.

Distribution



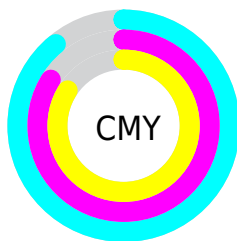
- Red (11%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (84%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 14.1432, -3.5141, 0.2378 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 14.1432, -3.5141, 0.2378 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 14.1432, -3.5141,
0.2378

■ 14.1432, -3.5141,
0.2378

107.1815,
-11.3076, 4.8041

■ 7.7955, -3.4432,
-0.1257

■ 29.5725, -5.1631,
0.9346

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 38.5933, -5.9931,
1.3644

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.3809, -6.8358,
1.8406

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 58.8794, -7.6940,
2.3593

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.0435, -8.5695,
2.9173

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 81.8358, -9.4633,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

3.5121

■ 94.2242, -10.3759,
4.1416

■ 14.1432, -3.5141,
0.2378

■ 14.1432, -3.5141,
0.2378

■ 13.9365, -4.2974,
0.1009

■ 14.3753, -2.6537,
0.4053

■ 13.7543, -4.9991,
-0.0054

■ 14.6318, -1.7203,
0.6019

■ 13.5967, -5.6168,
-0.0806

■ 14.9126, -0.7192,
0.8264

■ 13.4632, -6.1487,
-0.1249

■ 15.2173, 0.3441,
1.0774

■ 13.3515, -6.6009,
-0.1411

■ 15.5453, 1.4638,
1.3534

■ 13.2437, -7.0421,
-0.1526

■ 15.8959, 2.6344,
1.6526

■ 13.1351, -7.4906,
-0.1653

■ 16.2683, 3.8503,
1.9733

■ 13.1271, -7.5237,
-0.1663

■ 16.6618, 5.1062,
2.3137

■ 17.0757, 6.3974,
2.6723

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.1435, -3.4123, 1.6538



14.1432, -3.5141, 0.2378



14.1435, -2.9010, -1.1714

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.1435, -3.5143, 0.2380



14.1435, 1.2068, -1.5011



14.1435, 0.2183, 3.1529

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.1432, -3.5141, 0.2378



12.0164, 2.5640, 1.3884

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.1435, 1.5262, 2.4698



14.1432, -3.5141, 0.2378



14.1435, 2.1133, -0.1750

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.1435, -3.5143, 0.2380



14.1435, -0.2026, -2.2437



14.1435, 2.2326, 1.2818



14.1435, -1.2998, 3.2384

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.1432, -3.5141, 0.2378



14.1435, -2.1532, -1.8800



14.1435, 2.2326, 1.2818



14.1435, 0.6988, 2.9892

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.1435, -3.5143, 0.2380



18.7118, -2.2387, 0.7620



13.9775, -4.5892, 3.6017



10.5922, -1.2868, 0.4275



57.4755, -3.0668, 3.1228



10.7914, -0.5758, 0.5863

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.1435, -3.5143, 0.2380



17.8841, -5.3021, 0.1618



13.0203, -1.6189, -1.5586



8.3545, -0.9070, 0.3588



26.2710, -15.2205, 0.0202



71.2792, -41.6135, 0.7388

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.0164, 2.5640, 1.3884



14.4648, 4.5107, 2.0285



13.0110, 0.5895, 2.7305



8.0172, 0.0512, 0.5389



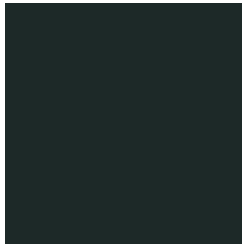
13.8099, 23.7612, 8.0604



37.4000, 64.1624, 23.2855

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 14.1432, -3.5141, 0.2378 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

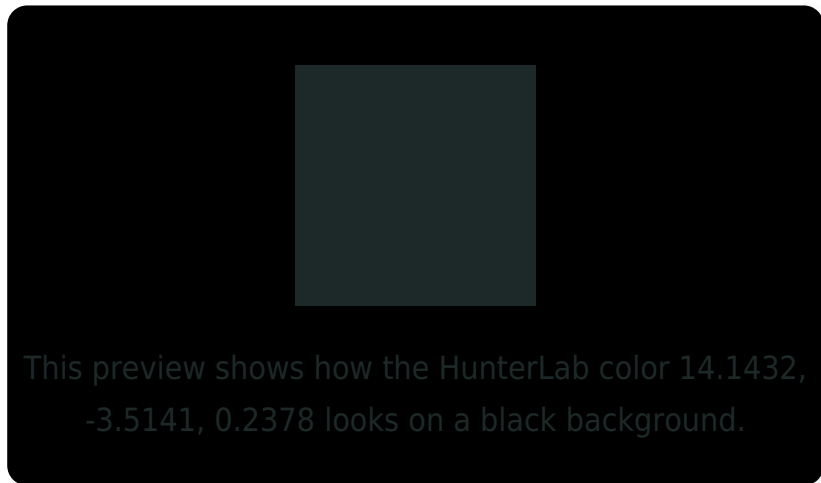
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

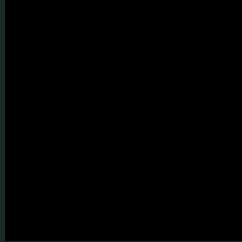
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

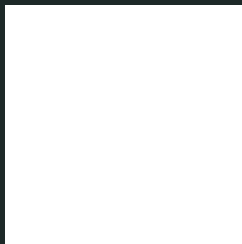
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 14.1432, -3.5141, 0.2378 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 14.1432, -3.5141, 0.2378.



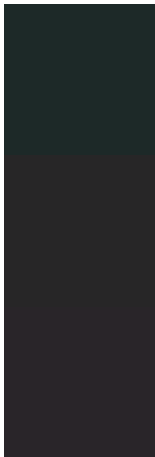
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 14.1432, -3.5141,

0.2378.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.1432, -3.5141, 0.2378

Protanopia

14.0144, -0.3759, 0.5085

Deuteranopia

13.9809, 0.7652, -0.2681



Tritanopia

14.0551, -2.3861, -1.4330

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.1432, -3.5141, 0.2378

Protanomaly

13.9816, -1.6808, 0.4464

Deuteranomaly

13.9271, -0.5806, -0.3591

Tritanomaly

14.0286, -2.5343, -1.0593

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.1432, -3.5141, 0.2378

Achromatopsia

13.6016, -0.7257, 0.7390

Achromatomaly

13.6611, -1.6595, 0.4304

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 14.1432, -3.5141, 0.2378 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(29, 41, 40)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(29, 41, 40)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(29, 41, 40) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(29, 41, 40) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 14.1432, -3.5141, 0.2378 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(29, 41, 40) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(29, 41, 40) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(29, 41, 40)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(29, 41, 40); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 41, 40);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 41, 40)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 14.1432, -3.5141, 0.2378 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(29, 41, 40) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(29, 41,  
40) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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