

Converting Colors

HunterLab(14.1854, 2.2156,
-21.9262)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(14.1854, 2.2156,
-21.9262) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(14.2424, 2.1701,
-21.9796)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	02274F
RGB	2, 39, 79
RGB Percent	1%, 15%, 31%
CMY	0.9921, 0.8471, 0.6902
CMYK	0.97, 0.51, 0.00, 0.69
HSL	211°, 95%, 16%
HSV	211°, 97%, 31%
XYZ	2.1618, 2.0285, 7.6747
YIQ	32.4970, -34.8920, 4.5960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

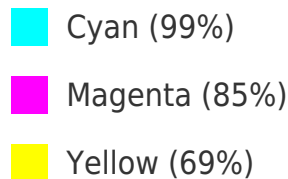
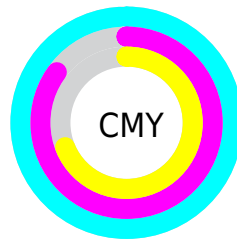
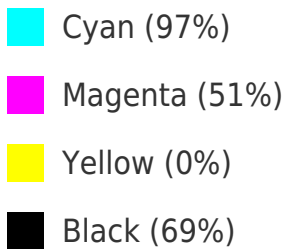
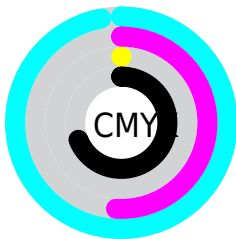
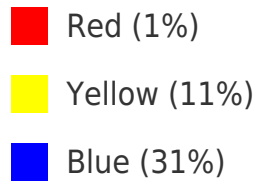
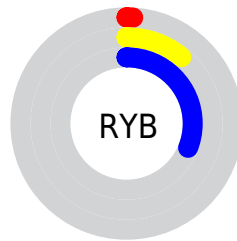
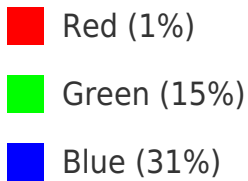
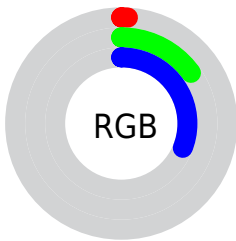
Format	Color
RYB	2, 27, 79
Decimal	141135
CIELab	15.64, 5.30, -28.07
CIELCh	16, 28.568, 280.702
Yxy	2.0285, 0.1822, 0.1710
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278331215 (0xFF02274F)
YUV	32.4970, 22.9260, -26.7459
Hunter-Lab	14.2424, 2.1701, -21.9796

Details

The HunterLab color **14.2424, 2.1701, -21.9796** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **18.2291, 7.8902, 11.1835**, and the grayscale version is **12.1129, -0.6463, 0.6581**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.6034, 2.3420, -23.3137**, and **3.9863, 6.9248, -19.9312** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.9573, 2.4708, -22.7791**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.3747, 0.9929, -19.0349**.

Distribution



Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 14.2424, 2.1701, -21.9796 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 14.2424, 2.1701, -21.9796 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

14.2424, 2.1701,
-21.9796

14.2424, 2.1701,
-21.9796

107.3760, -0.1492,
-25.8824

7.8991, 2.5045,
-23.0139

29.6992, 2.1032,
-22.8387

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

38.7317, 1.9467,
-23.4009

0.0000, NaN, NaN

48.5302, 1.7249,
-23.9425

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

59.0387, 1.4455,
-24.4402

0.0000, NaN, NaN


70.2124, 1.1142,
-24.8849

0.0000, NaN, NaN


82.0135, 0.7357,


0.0000, NaN, NaN

-25.2734


 94.4106, 0.3136,
-25.6056


 14.2424, 2.1701,
-21.9796


 14.2424, 2.1701,
-21.9796


 13.9573, 2.4708,
-22.7791

 15.3747, 0.9929,
-19.0349

 16.5560, -0.0566,
-16.2899

 17.8196, -0.8588,
-13.6469

 19.1575, -1.4349,
-11.1136

 20.5626, -1.8085,
-8.6901

■ 22.0280, -2.0035,
-6.3716

■ 23.5479, -2.0417,
-4.1507

■ 25.1170, -1.9429,
-2.0184

■ 26.7310, -1.7243,
0.0343

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.2426, -5.4403, -20.7105



14.2424, 2.1701, -21.9796



14.2426, 10.5576, -15.1016

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.2426, 2.1705, -21.9792



14.2426, 12.6782, 7.5457



14.2426, -12.4469, 4.7711

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.2424, 2.1701, -21.9796



18.2291, 7.8902, 11.1835

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.2426, -9.3730, 8.4270



14.2424, 2.1701, -21.9796



14.2426, 4.6139, 9.9698

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.2426, 2.1705, -21.9792



14.2426, 17.4448, 3.2055



14.2426, -3.4725, 9.9698



14.2426, -12.8223, -2.1768

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.2424, 2.1701, -21.9796



14.2426, 15.0506, -8.2612



14.2426, -3.4725, 9.9698



14.2426, -11.7326, 6.1924

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.2426, 2.1705, -21.9792



30.1832, -2.6668, -6.1403



24.0220, -17.9988, 9.1301



14.8372, -1.3283, -3.3961



66.9319, -3.5713, 3.6365



18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.2426, 2.1705, -21.9792



17.7671, 4.0404, -30.9294



7.9327, 19.2904, -50.0613



13.2915, -0.8789, -0.0997



41.1041, 14.1300, -81.8791

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.6099, 23.5615, 0.4369



17.4545, 31.1623, 1.4272



26.8406, -7.5626, 16.2794



13.0932, 0.4715, 0.4226



42.2754, 75.0748, 6.5666

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 14.2424, 2.1701, -21.9796 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 14.2424, 2.1701, -21.9796 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

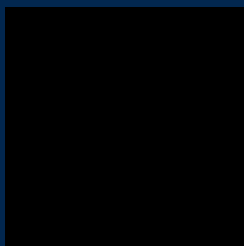
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 14.2424, 2.1701, -21.9796 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 14.2424, 2.1701, -21.9796.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 14.2424, 2.1701, -21.9796.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.2424, 2.1701, -21.9796

Protanopia

14.2753, 3.3433, -21.0811

Tritanopia

14.1655, -6.9745, -2.6497

Trichromacy



Original Color
14.2424, 2.1701, -21.9796

Protanomaly
14.1450, 2.9258, -21.4445

Tritanomaly
14.0647, -3.9275, -8.8446

Monochromacy



Original Color
14.2424, 2.1701, -21.9796

Achromatopsia
12.0183, -0.6413, 0.6530

Achromatomaly
12.5827, -1.2417, -5.9602

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 14.2424, 2.1701, -21.9796 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 39, 79)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 39, 79)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 39, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 39, 79) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 14.2424, 2.1701, -21.9796 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 39, 79) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 39, 79) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 39, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 39, 79); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 39, 79); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 39, 79) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 14.2424, 2.1701, -21.9796 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 39, 79) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 39,  
79) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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