

Converting Colors

HunterLab(14.3401, -6.3054,
-1.4811)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(14.3401, -6.3054,
-1.4811) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(14.3596, -6.3297,
-1.5131)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0B2C2D
RGB	11, 44, 45
RGB Percent	4%, 17%, 18%
CMY	0.9569, 0.8274, 0.8235
CMYK	0.76, 0.02, 0.00, 0.82
HSL	182°, 61%, 11%
HSV	182°, 76%, 18%
XYZ	1.5124, 2.0620, 2.8009
YIQ	34.2470, -19.9890, -6.6850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

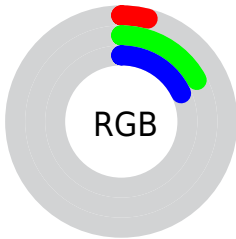
Format	Color
R_{YB}	11, 28, 45
Decimal	732205
CIE _{Lab}	15.81, -11.35, -4.20
CIE _{LCh}	16, 12.100, 200.290
Yxy	2.0621, 0.2372, 0.3234
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278922285 (0xFF0B2C2D)
YUV	34.2470, 5.3012, -20.3876
Hunter-Lab	14.3596, -6.3297, -1.5131

Details

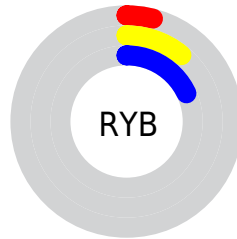
The HunterLab color **14.3596, -6.3297, -1.5131** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **9.1926, 8.6533, 3.7735**, and the grayscale version is **12.7144, -0.6784, 0.6908**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.9453, -8.9530, -1.3012**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.2233, -6.6828, -1.7017**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.5141, -5.9118, -1.3016**.

Distribution



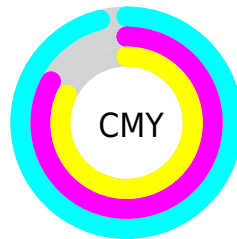
- Red (4%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (4%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (82%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 14.3596, -6.3297, -1.5131 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 14.3596, -6.3297, -1.5131 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 14.3596, -6.3297,
-1.5131

■ 14.3596, -6.3297,
-1.5131

■ 107.6057,
-17.3318, 1.6101

■ 8.0197, -6.5948,
-1.7343

■ 29.8489, -8.9293,
-1.2201

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 38.8953, -10.1563,
-0.9669

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.7065, -11.3619,
-0.6551

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.2270, -12.5564,
-0.2907

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.4118, -13.7466,
0.1215

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 82.2235, -14.9372,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.5776

■ 94.6306, -16.1315,
1.0746

■ 14.3596, -6.3297,
-1.5131

■ 14.3596, -6.3297,
-1.5131

■ 14.2233, -6.6828,
-1.7017

■ 14.5141, -5.9118,
-1.3016

■ 14.0860, -7.0413,
-1.8933

■ 14.6950, -5.3967,
-1.0563

■ 14.0246, -7.2032,
-1.9798

■ 14.9030, -4.7849,
-0.7775

■ 15.1387, -4.0786,
-0.4662

■ 15.4021, -3.2813,
-0.1237

■ 15.6930, -2.3976,
0.2482

■ 16.0111, -1.4328,
0.6475

■ 16.3559, -0.3928,
1.0719

■ 16.7266, 0.7161,
1.5193

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.3599, -6.5875, 1.7785



14.3596, -6.3297, -1.5131



14.3599, -4.6599, -4.7848

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.3599, -6.3298, -1.5129



14.3599, 4.5393, -3.7170



14.3599, 0.3372, 5.6096

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.3596, -6.3297, -1.5131



9.1926, 8.6533, 3.7735

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.3599, 3.5906, 4.7459



14.3596, -6.3297, -1.5131



14.3599, 6.1596, -0.2922

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.3599, -6.3298, -1.5129



14.3599, 1.5388, -6.2463



14.3599, 5.7973, 2.7506



14.3599, -2.9358, 5.4278

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.3596, -6.3297, -1.5131



14.3599, -2.8782, -6.2772



14.3599, 5.7973, 2.7506



14.3599, 1.4738, 5.4412

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.3599, -6.3298, -1.5129



19.8127, -4.0808, -0.1031



14.0480, -10.0963, 7.0693



11.0183, -2.3237, -0.0790



58.5142, -3.1222, 3.1792



11.5809, -0.6179, 0.6292

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.3599, -6.3298, -1.5129



18.1121, -8.8952, -2.3845



10.3178, -0.5194, -7.9177



9.0856, -0.9642, 0.3090



26.5469, -13.5761, -3.8745



70.6611, -36.0112, -10.5824

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.8951, 12.5660, -7.9610



11.5324, 19.7644, -12.5034



11.9990, 2.3793, 5.8706



8.7561, 0.3239, -0.0460



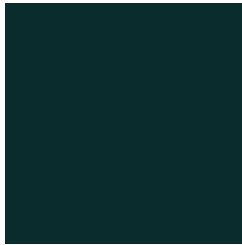
16.2920, 31.8439, -20.0406



43.4460, 84.8735, -53.0947

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 14.3596, -6.3297, -1.5131 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

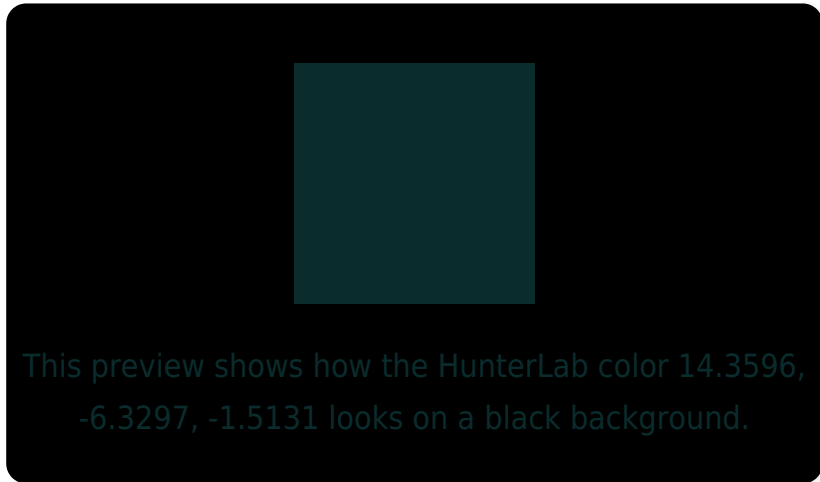
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

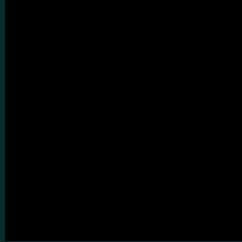
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

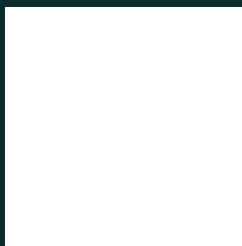
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 14.3596, -6.3297, -1.5131 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 14.3596, -6.3297, -1.5131.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 14.3596, -6.3297, -1.5131.

-1.5131.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.3596, -6.3297, -1.5131

Protanopia

14.3851, -0.1270, -0.1665

Deuteranopia

14.4893, 0.4372, -1.6409



Tritanopia

14.4643, -5.8173, -2.2127

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.3596, -6.3297, -1.5131

Protanomaly

14.2180, -3.0908, -0.8238

Deuteranomaly

14.2981, -2.6402, -1.9541

Tritanomaly

14.4110, -6.0770, -1.8606

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.3596, -6.3297, -1.5131

Achromatopsia

12.6476, -0.6748, 0.6872

Achromatomaly

13.2128, -3.2772, -0.1442

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 14.3596, -6.3297, -1.5131 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(11, 44, 45)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(11, 44, 45)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(11, 44, 45) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(11, 44, 45) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 14.3596, -6.3297, -1.5131 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(11, 44, 45) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(11, 44, 45) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(11, 44, 45)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(11, 44, 45); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(11, 44, 45);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(11, 44, 45)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 14.3596, -6.3297, -1.5131 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(11, 44, 45) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(11, 44,  
45) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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