

Converting Colors

HunterLab(14.4431, 27.0108,
-8.6189)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(14.4431, 27.0108,
-8.6189) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(14.4439, 27.0681,
-8.7483)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	51003D
RGB	81, 0, 61
RGB Percent	32%, 0%, 24%
CMY	0.6824, 1.0000, 0.7608
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.25, 0.68
HSL	315°, 100%, 16%
HSV	315°, 100%, 32%
XYZ	4.2357, 2.0863, 4.5943
YIQ	31.1730, 28.6950, 36.1430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

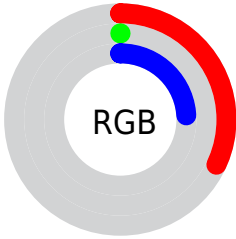
Format	Color
R_{YB}	81, 0, 61
Decimal	5308477
CIE _{Lab}	15.93, 39.62, -14.57
CIE _{LCh}	16, 42.216, 339.811
Yxy	2.0864, 0.3880, 0.1911
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283498557 (0xFF51003D)
YUV	31.1730, 14.7047, 43.6983
Hunter-Lab	14.4439, 27.0681, -8.7483

Details

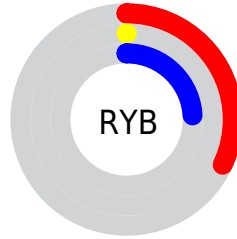
The HunterLab color **14.4439, 27.0681, -8.7483** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **24.3628, -20.1504, 13.0483**, and the grayscale version is **11.7096, -0.6248, 0.6362**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.8647, 30.5017, -9.7866**, and **6.0581, 11.0956, -1.6735** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.4439, 27.0681, -8.7477**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.1135, 25.2649, -8.6934**.

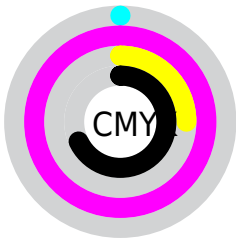
Distribution



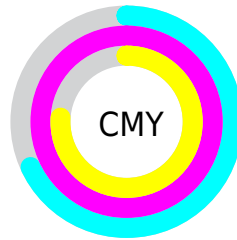
- Red (32%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (68%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 14.4439, 27.0681, -8.7483 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 14.4439, 27.0681, -8.7483 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 14.4439, 27.0681,
-8.7483

■ 14.4439, 27.0681,
-8.7483

■ 107.7708, 38.7917,
-9.6239

■ 8.1052, 26.2573,
-8.6401

■ 29.9566, 30.4460,
-9.4286

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 39.0129, 31.9782,
-9.6557

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.8333, 33.3850,
-9.8080

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.3623, 34.6721,
-9.8907

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.5551, 35.8480,
-9.9091

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 82.3745, 36.9213,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-9.8680

94.7888, 37.9002,
-9.7717

14.4439, 27.0681,
-8.7483

14.4439, 27.0681,
-8.7483

14.4439, 27.0681,
-8.7477

15.1135, 25.2649,
-8.6934

15.8357, 23.4158,
-8.5567

16.7944, 20.9834,
-8.0312

17.9833, 18.1094,
-7.1646

19.3808, 14.9588,
-6.0329

■ 20.9622, 11.6651,
-4.7080

■ 22.7036, 8.3223,
-3.2486

■ 24.5834, 4.9894,
-1.6986

■ 26.5829, 1.6993,
-0.0890

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.4443, 16.6851, -27.2992



14.4439, 27.0681, -8.7483



14.4443, 28.8372, 3.9844

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.4443, 27.0669, -8.7477



14.4443, -4.4163, 10.1110



14.4443, -14.3316, -20.7914

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.4439, 27.0681, -8.7483



24.3628, -20.1504, 13.0483

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.4443, -17.1071, -3.3670



14.4439, 27.0681, -8.7483



14.4443, -12.5586, 10.1110

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.4443, 27.0669, -8.7477



14.4443, 7.8628, 10.1110



14.4443, -16.5109, 6.4081



14.4443, -7.7585, -37.3069

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.4439, 27.0681, -8.7483



14.4443, 24.4603, 8.2498



14.4443, -16.5109, 6.4081



14.4443, -15.6081, -14.4579

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.4443, 27.0669, -8.7477



29.3683, 11.3078, -4.4410



8.5538, 21.5905, -48.3100



14.6681, 6.3004, -2.5028



67.9972, -3.6282, 3.6944



19.0543, -1.0167, 1.0353

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.4443, 27.0669, -8.7477



18.8062, 35.1872, -10.9566



13.4382, 23.4311, 5.4295



13.8740, 0.6655, 0.0607



44.9995, 83.9191, -24.0704

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.4443, 27.0669, -8.7477



18.8062, 35.1872, -10.9566



24.9096, -16.7742, 5.0765



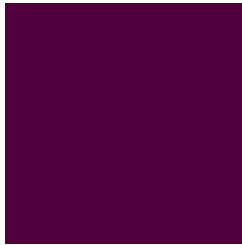
13.8740, 0.6655, 0.0607



44.9995, 83.9191, -24.0704

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 14.4439, 27.0681, -8.7483 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

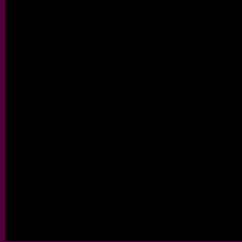
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 14.4439, 27.0681, -8.7483 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 14.4439, 27.0681, -8.7483.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 14.4439, 27.0681, -8.7483.

-8.7483.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.4439, 27.0681, -8.7483

Protanopia

15.8935, 3.6092, -23.7802

Deuteranopia

15.7942, 0.8045, -4.7845



Tritanopia

15.3074, 15.7048, 6.1450

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.4439, 27.0681, -8.7483

Protanomaly

13.3605, 11.9188, -23.5443

Deuteranomaly

13.8928, 11.4900, -8.3216

Tritanomaly

14.6419, 20.0336, 1.9476

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.4439, 27.0681, -8.7483

Achromatopsia

11.7056, -0.6246, 0.6360

Achromatomaly

11.4911, 9.9438, -4.0473

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 14.4439, 27.0681, -8.7483 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(81, 0, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(81, 0, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 0, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(81, 0, 61) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 14.4439, 27.0681, -8.7483 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(81, 0, 61) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(81, 0, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 0, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(81, 0, 61); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 0, 61); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 0, 61) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 14.4439, 27.0681, -8.7483 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(81, 0, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(81, 0,  
61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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